COMPARE THEM

Take any paper in the city, printed at the same time and compare it with THE SUN and note the difference. In local and general news THE SUN is often 3 hours or a day ahead.

THE LOWELL SUN

20TH YEAR. LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY, JANUARY 26, 1897. ONE CENT.

WE PRINT NEWS.

Many items published in yesterday's SUN are being reprinted today by some of its rivals as fresh news. We don't steal news, we buy it and print it while it is news.

FIRST EDITION

For later telegraphic and local news see Second Edition.

A $3,000,000 FIRE

Raging in Philadelphia This Morning.

WANNAMAKER'S GREAT STORE IN FLAMES.

A Whole Block is Badly Damaged.

By Associated Press to the Sun.

Philadelphia, Pa., Jan 26.—A big fire is burning here this forenoon, and already the loss is estimated at $1,000,000.

The fire is not under control. An entire block between Market and Filbert streets, and 13th and Juniper streets is burned.

John Wanamaker's mammoth building is now in flames, and the firemen are fighting to save it.

Later Account.

At 10.30 o'clock the fire was under control.

The loss is now estimated at $3,000,000. From 15 to 20 buildings were gutted. Two firemen were injured by falling walls. Wanamaker's store was saved, though badly damaged.

THEATRICAL NEWS.

Savoy Theatre.

A large and fashionable audience saw the initial performance of Lord Lytton's great five act play "The Lady of Lyons," at the Savoy theatre last evening. The production was characteristic of the previous efforts of Mr. Weston's company of talented players, for it showed careful study, clever delineation and beautiful staging. The costumes were most elaborate but that is not all. Miss Rose Stahl who holds a warm place in the hearts of Lowell's "playgoers" was greeted with prolonged applause which must have been very gratifying to that accomplished actress. Her presence was charming, her acting superb and her conception of the role of Pauline was perfect. Mr. Kendal Weston as Claude Melnotte, simply repeated or rather added another to his long list of brilliant successes. In both the frivolous scenes and the emotional parts he was equally effective. Mr. Stephen Wright as the designing, rejected lover, was especially good and deserves great credit for his work. Mr. William Burress, who by the way is one of the cleverest character impersonators, was most excellent as the father, especially in the last act. Mr. Alden and Mr. Fleming were seen to good advantage and Carl Scranton as the inn keeper was refreshing in his happy role. Miss Georgie Dickson and Miss Mary Annable as the elder ladies were good. In short the whole cast hardly admits of particularization. A large theatre party was present in full dress. The brilliant costumes of the ladies gave a charming effect to the gathering, and the derisive giggles of some of the scions of fashion was very annoying to that portion of the audience which could appreciate the pathetic parts of the play and the earnest work of Mr. Weston and his company. The ladies of the company were each presented with beautiful bouquets of narcissus and curtain calls were numerous and justified. We congratulate the management of the Savoy.

Last Day.

Saturday, Jan. 30, to get the large dollar bottle of Zyno for 25 cents. Zyno, the great Mexican Blood Tonic, is a guaranteed cure for all blood diseases, such as rheumatism, neuralgia, catarrh, malaria, dyspepsia and of liver and kidney complaints. If you are ailing you should give it a trial while the company is here advertising at 32 Central street.

J. F. O'DONNELL
UNDERTAKER,
Market, Corner Worthen Street.
Telephone.

PATTEN & CO.
LOWELL'S LARGEST LEADING FLORISTS AND DECORATORS
263 Central Street, Telephone.

The Consumers' Brewing Co.'s
EXPORT BEER
Bottled and Steamed at the Brewery.
An Excellent Tonic
For Sale by All Local Dealers.

MISS ROSE STAHL

The Talented and Versatile Actress Whose Return to the Savoy Theatre as Leading Lady is a Cause of Universal Pleasure.

JOHN BRUNETTE

Ex-Councilman Died Suddenly This Morning.

WAS IN GOOD HEALTH YESTERDAY AS USUAL.

His Death a Sad Shock to His Wife.

John Brunette, an ex-councilman of this city, died suddenly this morning at his home, 9 Ames street.

Though Mr. Brunette has been complaining of late of not enjoying good health, still he was able to be about and was with his friends yesterday afternoon and last night.

Early this morning he was seized with a bad spell and lingered only a short time. Mr. Brunette was a prominent French resident and a good straight democrat.

He served two years in the common council being elected from old Ward one and during his career he never once deviated from the straight path of democracy. He was a well known Forester being a charter member of Court Merrimack, F. of A., also a past chief ranger and deputy ranger. He was also connected with the insurance branch of the order.

The news of his death caused a shock among his friends who had seen him on the street and conversed with him yesterday. He leaves a wife to mourn his loss.

Yesterday Mr. Brunette called at the Sun office and was apparently in good health. Heart disease is supposed to be the cause of death. The funeral will take place from St. Peter's church at 9.30 tomorrow morning.

LOCAL NOTES.

John Lonergan, of the Eagle shoe store, is making poor people happy by giving them the best bargains in the city in boots and shoes. Read his ad. in this paper and see what he has to say about box calf.

Bartlett & Dow have sold thousands of pairs of skates this season, and have got thousands more left. They are extensive dealers and you can always get a bargain in skates at their store. Go and look their stock over when you want anything in their line.

Wamesit lodge, Knights of Pythias, installed its officers last night, the following officers from Middlesex lodge officiating: D. G. C. Frank C. Nichols, G. V. C. F. E. Johnson; G. P.; H. H. Pressey; G. P. R. and S., Herman Dane; G. M. at A. R., W. Byam. The first rank was worked on one candidate, after which a light supper was served. F. B. Wright, who was recently elected to the position of keeper of records and seals, has seen twenty-one years of continuous service in that office.

LONGER COURSE

For the Kindergarten Training School.

VOTED BY THE SCHOOL BOARD LAST NIGHT.

Supt. Whitcomb's Remarks to the Board.

It took the school committee about half an hour to transact the regular business last night.

There was nothing of any great importance done and but one committee report was received.

Every member was present.

The report of the secretary for the last meeting was read and accepted.

The committee on teachers reported in favor of extending the course for kindergarten pupil teachers to one and one half years, instead of one year as at present. This was done at the suggestion of Miss Anna Devereaux, supervisor of kindergarten schools. The report was accepted and adopted.

Mr. Stearns wanted to know if the committee considered making the course two years.

Chairman Swapp said it had, but he did not think such a jump should be taken, though he believes that eventually the course will be made two years.

Mr. Thompson presented a list of pupils of the High school who had failed to reach the standard of the school and therefore were placed on the probation list.

Supt. Whitcomb referred to the test of the eyesight of school children now being made. He said that Dr. Stephenson reported 47 per cent. of the children examined had some defect in vision. In one case a boy afflicted with long-sightedness was found wearing glasses for short-sightedness. Word was sent to his parents who took him to an oculist in Boston for treatment. The latter said that the boy's vision was being destroyed and it was fortunate the test was made.

Supt. Whitcomb also called the attention of the board to the ringing of the storm signal on stormy days. He wanted the board to discuss the matter informally and say whether he ordered the signal rung too frequently or not as often as it should be. He said he should have ordered it rung last Thursday but the storm deceived him.

Messrs. Everett and Swapp believed the superintendent used good judgment in the matter.

Mr. Thompson said there are two sides to the question. He never heard any criticism for not ringing the bell but he had heard complaint because it was rung. However he believed the superintendent exercised good judgment.

The resignation of Miss Katherine McOwen as a teacher in the Chapel street school was accepted, and the thanks of the board extended for efficient service.

Mr. Schoolcraft asked the privilege of omitting the recess at the Edson school on stormy days and dismissing the classes 15 minutes earlier.

Supt. Whitcomb suggested that it would be better for the committee if it so desires, to shorten the session in all the schools of the city on stormy days. He opposed omitting recess and shortening the session because it would be a bribe to teachers and pupils to omit the recess and shorten the session. No action was taken on Mr. Schoolcraft request and the board then adjourned.

BOWLING NEWS.

The Firemen lost yesterday afternoon to the Young Fellows defeating them 2483 to 2384.

In the Vesper club tournament, Team Two defeated Team Five, 2037 to 2032.

On the Olympic alleys, the B. B. C's. won from the O. S. C's. 2250 to 2194.

A NOBLE SOCIETY

St. Vincent De Paul of St. Patrick's.

HAS SPENT $21,000 IN HELPING THE POOR.

Treasurer Johnson Makes an Interesting Report.

The reporter of The Sun called upon Mr. Henry J. Johnson, treasurer of St. Vincent De Paul conference of St. Patrick's parish, to inquire into the workings of the conference. The reporter found in Mr. Johnson a young man of an unassuming nature, and while admitting that great good is being done by the conference, the treasurer evinced no desire to claim any credit for the good showing made, although

REV. MICHAEL O'BRIEN,

Spiritual Director.

he is looked upon by the members of the conference as being of invaluable assistance, owing to the interest he takes in the works of charity.

He stated that "the St. Vincent De Paul conference does its work among the poor as quietly as possible, making but little show, being satisfied with the thought that good was being accomplished."

"But," added Mr. Johnson, "I see no reason why I could not give you an idea of the work we do, and a report of what has been accomplished by the conference."

While our conference has been in existence but a few years," said Mr. Johnson, "yet we have accomplished great good. We organized the conference at the request of the pastor of our church, who is also spiritual director of the conference, the Rev. Michael O'Brien, who stated that there was great suffering among the poor, and while he and other priests of his parish were doing everything possible under the circumstances to assist the worthy poor, yet he felt that with a St.

REV. RICHARD S. BURKE,

President.

Vincent De Paul conference the wants of all the worthy poor could be attended to, as it was his greatest desire to help the suffering at all times. Last year," said Mr. Johnson, "the conference and the Ladies' Sewing Circle distributed among the poor of our parish in clothing, food, fuel and caring for orphans $2074.85. The number of families assisted was 330. The

HENRY J. JOHNSON,

Treasurer.

number of persons was 1360, and during the existence of the St. Vincent De Paul conference and the Ladies' Sewing Circle, they have given out over $21,000 worth among the poor of the parish, and they have looked after and found homes for 128 children."

The reporter inquired of Mr. Johnson, what method the conference had for giving aid to the poor. He said, "The class of poor with which we deal are those who appeal to the priests of our parish for aid, and they while on their daily visits among the poor, have an opportunity of investigating the different cases and when we receive an order to assist a family we know that the case is a worthy one. The great work of the conference, such as visiting the poor, etc., is done by our priests, and while in the past we were somewhat embarassed by having a layman as president we did very well considering that a great part of our work is, attending to the spiritual wants of the poor, but we expect to be able to do much better work for the future, as Rev. Richard S. Burke has been appointed president of our conference. Being always among the poor he will aid the conference very well in supplying the needs of distressed families.

The success of our conference is due mainly to Rev. Michael O'Brien, our spiritual director, and too much credit cannot be given him for the interest he takes in the wellfare of the poor of his parish and the success of our conference. You see we get our funds through entertainments, donations of money, etc., from people thoughout the city who take an interest in assisting the works of charity. At times our funds ran rather low, but that fact did not deter us from our work as I have often heard our spiritual director, Rev. Michael O'Brien say, assist every good, deserving case, which is reported to you by the priests of the parish, as it is my desire to have the worthy people of my parish looked after, in order that they will not suffer for the want of food or clothing; and he would add, when your funds are running short come to me and I will find a way out of the difficulty."

"Surely," said Mr. Johnson, "that was great encouragement to the members of the conference and with such advice and assistance, we could not do otherwise than accomplish great good among the poor. The Ladies' Sewing circle, which is composed of young ladies of our parish, does a great amount of good work in the way of sewing and distributing clothing and shoes among the poor children of our parish. I wish you would say, said Mr. Johnson that in behalf of the members of our conference and the worthy poor of our parish I thank all who have in any way assisted us in our works of charity."

CHESS AND CHECKERS

A Tournament to be Played Tonight in Barriste hall

The first tournament of the Lowell Checker and Chess club will open tonight in Barriste hall and will continue on Tuesday and Thursday nights until completed. Each player will play four games with every other player. This evening's games will be as follows: Jacob Saunders and T. Delaney Jr.; George W. Dearborn and Alfred Davis; John Suyers and Chas. Delaney; T. J. Reynolds and Walter Allen; John Joy and Neil McKillon; Alex. Munson and A. J. Richardson; M. J. Dowd and J Saunders; W. P. Foye and J. Callaghan; Martin Farrell and John Cawley; James Sullivan, M. D. and Daniel McKinnon.

DEATHS.

MERRILL—Mary J. Merrill, widow of the late Francis Merrill, died at her late home, 414 School street yesterday, aged 80 years.

A Recount.

The recount of the votes cast in the recent democratic city committee caucus in Ward six was held last evening and showed no change from the original count. James Minahan who asked for the recount fell six votes behind Mr. Donahue.

Lester's Academy of Dancing.

Reduction in prices. All class lessons 25 cents. Private 50 cents. No tickets sold. Lessons paid for as taken. This rate is for the rest of season only. For particulars call at Swan building, 26 Central street.

Ivory In Ireland.

London, Jan. 26.—Edward J. Ivory of New York, recently acquitted at the central criminal court of the charge of conspiring to cause a dynamite explosion, has not yet sailed for New York. He went to Dublin on Saturday, and will sail from Queenstown on Thursday next, with Mr. McIntyre of New York.

Maine Legislature.

Augusta, Me., Jan. 26.—There was a short session of the state legislature yesterday afternoon. No business of great importance was introduced. Mr. Briggs of Auburn introduced three bills in the interests of pure seeds and concentrated feed for cattle.

O'SULLIVAN BROS.'
Opportunity Sale
MEANS
HIGH GRADE FOOTWEAR
At Half Price or Less.
NOT cheap trash that is not worth the trouble of carrying.
We Mention Particularly

LADIES'

$3 Tan Ooze Oxfords Red Goat Oxfords and Tan Russia Strap Slippers at $1.
$6 Patent Vamp Dress Button Boots (Hurd's), also plain toe kid, button dress Boots, $3.
$5 Burt Kid Button patent tips, new stylish toe, $3.
$3 Box Calf lace and Button Boots, double sole, new coin cap toe, $2.
$2 Misses' Dongola Boot, button and lace, wide toe, $1.

MEN'S

$4 Calf Congress Graham or wide cap toe, $2.
$5 Grain Waukenphast congress, calf lined, also Calf Waukenphast Hathaway, Sonie, and Harrington's make, $3.
$3 Dongola Congress $1.50.
$5 Patent Dress Congress, $3.
$10 Herth's French Congress, cork sole, sizes 8 and 9, width 4 and 5, $6.
Men's and Boys' Button Boots at half price.

O'SULLIVAN BROS.
Opposite City Hall.

SUFFERING FROM THE COLD

The Lowest Temperature for Years in the United States.

Appeal for Relief in Chicago—Zero Weather in New England and Texas—Destitution in New York—Trains Blocked.

Chicago, Jan. 26.—Mayor Swift has issued an appeal for aid, for the poor who are suffering from the cold, calling upon the big packers, coal dealers and merchants for contributions and supplies to relieve the suffering. In many instances the proclamation was forestalled, and heavy contributions are coming in constantly. On the floor of the board of trade a subscription paper was started, and several thousand dollars subscribed in a few minutes. The big department stores and dry goods merchants sent in checks for $500 and $1000.

The police department has been turned into a vast relief corps. Chief of Police Badenoch has issued orders to every officer in the city to make a personal investigation of all cases of destitution on his beat and report the same at once. Help is sent immediately, and every patrol wagon and inspector's carriage is being used for the purpose. One pitiful case of suffering was reported to the Hyde Park station. At the home of Edwin Martin was a child that had died Saturday from starvation and lay unburied in the house. The family was without food, fuel or money, and had been for several days.

Another death was that of Fred A. Busch, 5 years old, who succumbed as the result of exposure. George Grant was found in a freight car near North street, almost dead, and with his feet badly frozen, so that they will have to be amputated.

The work of clearing the down town streets of snow was abandoned on account of the intensity of the cold.

Many of the men had no gloves or overcoats, and nearly 400 of them were more or less severely frostbitten.

Joseph Fey, a driver on a snow plow of the street cleaning department, had his body and limbs so badly frozen that he will probably die.

On some lines passengers on the street cars suffered badly. Miss Emma Smith, while riding from Thirty-fifth street to Madison on a Clark street car, became unconscious, and was only resuscitated after nearly an hour's hard work by physicians. The various police stations were crowded to their utmost capacity. The Harrison street station alone sheltered over 300 unfortunates. The Salvation Army barracks on West Madison street was kept open all night, and many were taken care of there.

Yesterday was the coldest day in the history of Chicago. The temperature averaged 20 degrees below zero all day.

Whistles of distress began to sound from the Sixty-eighth street crib yesterday afternoon, and a tug was sent out at once. The crib is about four miles out in the lake. The crib run out of coal. Six men were there at work and four of them were brought back to the city. They had a severe struggle to keep from freezing, but, by burning up everything that was not nailed down, they managed to get enough fire to generate the steam for the whistle. The weather is moderating very slowly.

In New York State.

New York, Jan. 26.—The threatening antics of the weather for some time past culminated yesterday in the most severe cold throughout the state of New York experienced this season. In New York city the mercury got down to the record point of the year, and in the upper part of the state it succeeded in disappearing almost entirely. Reports from Canada indicate an even more rigorous condition of affairs, but it was in the large cities of this state that the direful effects of the cold wave were the most painfully apparent. The poor of this city suffered terribly, for they had not alone to contend against the low temperature, but against a biting wind that opened up the crevices, and cut its way through the broken windows and under the doors. The weather forecaster here reported yesterday that the cold wave had spread over a great section of the country, and that not only in its extent, but in its severity as well, it was quite up to the record of previous years. Worse than this, he declares that for this section of the country, at least, there is no relief in sight. Fair weather is promised, and today, it is prophesied, will break another record.

In other parts of the state a terrific snow storm raged during the day. At Buffalo the wind blew at the rate of 44 miles an hour, bringing with it a drifting fall of snow. For the first time this winter Erie lake was frozen from shore to shore. Syracuse experienced the worst snow storm of the year.

Among those places which experienced the coldest weather of the day were: Montreal, 25 degrees below; Winnipeg, 23 below; Ottawa, 27 below; Malone, N. Y., 26 to 30 below; Saranac Lake, 32 below; Saratoga Springs, 10 below; Warrensburg, 20 below; North Creek, 23 below; Blue Mountain Lake, 30 below; Utica, 10 below; Middleton, 4 below.

The reports last night show that the storm is extending throughout the state, and that in some sections the thermometer is registering lower.

Throughout New England.

Boston, Jan. 26.—The stiff northwester which has been blowing over New England since Sunday, and which has dragged with it a moderate cold wave, continued unabated last night, but there was no further drop in the the temperature after noon. The thermometer registered 14 above zero at 9 p. m. in this city. The high wind, however, has made the cold more severe, especially in exposed places, and along the coast, and all incoming vessels are well iced up. Along Cape Cod, especially off Chatham, the coasters have had a hard time all day, and a large fleet sought shelter inside Chatham bar. Nantucket reported a gale all day, with a minimum temperature of 16 above zero at 8 o'clock last night, and the harbor is blocked with ice. In northern New England, however, the temperature has been very low, averaging zero or a few degrees below, and the mercury shows signs of a still further drop. Farther to the south the cold as yet has not been exceptionally severe, and extreme temperatures are not anticipated by the weather bureau before tomorrow. The following thermometer and wind gauge readings at 9 p. m. were reported:

Portland, Me.—Temperature 10 degrees above, wind 10 miles an hour.

St. John, N. B.—Temperature 12 below zero, as during the entire day; wind from from 12 to 15 miles, blowing from the west.

Augusta, Me.—Temperature 3 below, no wind.

Bangor—Temperature about zero, with downward tendency.

Manchester, N. H.—Temperature 2 degrees above zero, and rapidly falling.

Lawrence, Mass.—Temperature 9 above; high wind makes the cold more intense.

New Haven—Temperature 11 above.

Holyoke, Mass.—15 below zero; fierce wind all day.

Bridgeport, Conn.—Mercury 10 degrees above and falling.

Hartford—Temperature 5 above.

Worcester, Mass.—Thermometer 10 above; wind.

In the South and West.

Memphis, Jan. 26.—Reports from western Tennessee, northern Mississippi and Arkansas are to the effect that the coldest weather of the season is prevailing. There is no suffering reported, however, and the indications are that the temperature will rise considerably today. In Memphis and vicinity the thermometer registers 12 degrees above zero.

Bismarck, Jan. 26.—Sunday's storm was the most severe in recent years, the wind blowing 34 miles an hour, with the temperature at 30 below zero. It has abated somewhat, but the wind is still blowing 30 miles an hour, and the thermometer registers 22 below. Two inches of dry snow fell Saturday, and Sunday's wind piled this in great drifts, effectually blocking all trains. It will probably be three days before the Northern Pacific is again clear. Northern Pacific coast trains which left St. Paul Thursday and Friday last are in a snow drift at New Salem, 40 miles west of Mandan, and trains due at St. Paul Saturday night and Sunday night have been held at Jamestown, and the one due there last night is held at Dickinson. All westbound trains were held at Fargo. There is undoubtedly much suffering among farmers and others exposed to the storm's fury, and many have probably perished. The loss of cattle on the ranges will be frightfully large.

Austin, Jan. 26.—The cold wave that struck here has swept over the entire state. Reports from western ranges show that there is much suffering among cattle and sheep, with considerable loss of life. The blizzard following the heavy rain storm found the cattle wet, and they are freezing to death rapidly. Much suffering among the poor people is reported and the cold is increasing hourly.

Cleveland, Jan. 26.—The cold wave continues. At 7 o'clock last night the weather bureau thermometer registered 5 degrees below zero, which is 9 degrees lower than at the same hour Sunday night. The observer says the temperature will continue until morning, and he thinks it may go as low as it did Sunday night.

Washington, Jan. 26.—Reports from South Carolina and Georgia show that the cold wave had not reached either state at midnight yesterday. Truck farms will not be injured by a freeze, as the planting is only beginning.

Louisville, Jan. 26.—The coldest weather of the season prevails in this city. The maximum temperature yesterday was 11 degrees below zero. The indications are that the thermometer will fall lower than it did Sunday night, when it registered 3 below.

Toronto, Jan. 26.—The weather bureau reports the following low temperatures in Canada for the 24 hours ending 8 o'clock last night:

Calgary, N. W. T., 34 below zero; Quappelle, N. W. T., 24 below; Winnipeg, 28 below; Parry Sound, Ont., 22 below; Toronto, 7 below; Ottawa, 26 below; Montreal, 24 below, and Quebec, 24 below. The extreme cold in the northwestern territories is abating.

Winnipeg, Jan. 26.—The temperature went to the lowest point in this country recorded for years. Fifty below zero was generally reported from the Red river to Banff in the mountains. The weather is moderating.

Galvin Elected.

Boston, Jan. 26.—The board of aldermen, which is Republican, 7 to 5, after three weeks' hesitancy, yesterday concurred with the common council, which is strongly Democratic, in the election of J. W. Mitchell Galvin, a Democrat, as city clerk. The contest for this office has been a particularly bitter one, ever since the formation of the present board, and there was every appearance of a long deadlock between the two branches. Two Republicans joined the Democrats, and elected Galvin.

As to cold weather and warm clothes.

ALL WOOL FRIEZE ULSTERS for $6.00 ought to help out.

Our FRIEZE ULSTERS that were $15.00 are down to $10.00.

Our FRIEZE ULSTERS that were $20 00 are down to $15.00.

Our ROGERS, PEET ULSTERS that were $25.00 are down to $20.00.

BOYS' CAPE COATS $1.50.

CHILDREN'S BLUE CHINCHILLA Reefers were $2.00 down to $1.50.

PUTNAM & SON,
166 Central Street.

BIG FIRE AT CHELMSFORD

THE BARN OF MR. BARTLETT BURNED THIS MORNING.

Lowell Companies Started For The Fire, Were Ordered Back.

A barn belonging to Mr. Bartlett of the firm of Bartlett & Dow, and located in Chelmsford was completely destroyed by fire which started at 6.15 this morning. A man holding a lighted lantern was walking through the hay loft when the lantern exploded and set fire to the hay. The flames spread to the sides of the barn and soon the whole barn was enveloped in fire. Three horses that were in the barn were gotten out in safety but the building was a total loss.

Some one who saw the blaze pulled in an alarm from box 18 and the Lowell apparatus started out. When Chief Hosmer had covered the distance and saw the location of the fire, he ordered the companies back.

Iron Moulders.

The Iron and Brass Moulders union held an enjoyable smoke talk in Bay State hall last evening. During the business meeting two delegates to the regular monthly conference in Boston were chosen and eight suspended members reinstated.

Prof. Geo. Burton, teacher of geology in the Institute of Technology, lectured before the Middlesex Women's club yesterday afternoon on "A Summer in Greenland." The professor was a member of the Peary expedition, and gave a very interesting account of his northern trip.

Ringing

Noises in the ears, sometimes a roaring, buzzing sound, or snapping like the report of a pistol, are caused by catarrh, that exceedingly disagreeable and very common disease. Loss of smell or hearing also results from catarrh. Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier, is a successful remedy for this disease, which it cures by purifying the blood.

Suffered With Catarrh.

"For years I was a constant sufferer with catarrh and a dull headache. I had no strength or appetite. When I had taken a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla, I felt better and since taking six bottles, I am troubled very little with headache." MISS ELLA WEST, Watseka, Illinois.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner pills, cure headache. 25c.

MONEY
deposited in the savings department of the Traders National Bank before the close of business the third day of any month draws
INTEREST
at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum from the first day of the month in which the deposit is made. The interest on deposits made on or before Wednesday, February 3d, begins February 1st. Interest credited to the account or may be withdrawn on the first of July and January of each year.
Bank opened 8 a. m. to 4 p. m. Saturdays 8 a. m. to 1 p. m., 7 to 9 p. m. Corner of Middlesex street and Post Office avenue.

THE EAGLE SHOE STORE
Is offering some great plums this month. Read this and think it over. Gent's Box Calf Shoes, square toe, lace or congress, well worth $4.50, our special price, $3.45, also Gent's Box Calf wide Paris toe, lace or congress, regular price $4, our price $2.98, and on our special bargain counter ladies' boots well worth $2, our special price $1, also hundreds of other big bargains. Remember the place,
EAGLE SHOE STORE
215 DUTTON STREET.
J. J. LONERGAN, Prop.

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Publisher.

SUN BUILDING,

Merrimack Square, Lowell, Mass.

Per Year, $3.00. Per Month, 25c.

THE SUN IS

A Member of the Associated Press

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON.

Winter Arrangement, Oct. 4, 1896.

Southern Division.

To Boston. Lve.	To Boston. Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	From Boston. Arr.
6 45	6 50	6 00	§7 07
6 29	7 45	6 50	7 53
6 59	8 03	6 40	§7 36
§7 01	7 58	8 00	9 11
*§7 13	8 02	*8 00	§9 10
*§7 27	8 12	*9 00	§9 33
§7 33	8 50	9 15	§10 26
*7 45	8 35	10 00	11 15
*8 50	9 40	10 45	11 58
9 00	10 20	11 30	§12 07
9 49	10 40	12 00	§12 53
11 00	12 05	*1 00	§1 38
§11 42	12 25	2 00	3 01
§12 16	1 05	*3 00	§3 47
1 40	2 59	3 30	4 48
3 00	4 12	4 15	§5 32
*§3 35	4 35	*5 01	5 48
4 25	5 30	5 25	6 22
§5 22	6 15	5 50	7 05
5 35	6 50	6 15	7 37
*§6 21	7 00	*7 30	§8 10
*§7 51	8 20	*8 00	§8 39
		10 15	11 22
		‖11 20	12 23

Sunday Trains.

To Boston. Lve.	To Boston. Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	From Boston. Arr.
§7 18	8 02	2 15	§3 07
§7 27	8 12	9 00	§10 07
8 45	9 50	1 00	§1 57
§9 19	10 10	5 00	§5 56
§4 25	5 32	7 30	§8 10
§5 58	7 00	8 00	§8 38
		9 00	10 05

Western Division.

To Boston. Lve.	To Boston. Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	From Boston. Arr.
6 50	8 05	7 30	8 33
8 15	9 10	9 25	10 37
9 25	10 30	10 35	11 46
10 50	12 02	1 50	1 05
12 05	1 07	2 15	3 19
12 45	1 58	3 40	4 56
2 31	3 41	4 25	5 45
3 20	4 22	5 01	6 20
4 05	5 23	6 01	7 09
6 10	6 42	6 35	7 48
6 15	7 25	9 40	10 41
7 09	9 08	11 15 ‖	12 15
9 30	10 41		

Sunday Trains.

To Boston. Lve.	To Boston. Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	From Boston. Arr.
8 15	9 27	8 00	9 10
12 05	1 26	11 45	12 58
4 15	6 28	5 00	6 27
5 29	6 55	7 00	8 22
7 25	8 45		

Trains by this division leave Lowell from Middlesex street station.

Leave Boston from the new Union Station, Causeway street.

*Express.

§From Middlesex St. station only.

‖ Runs to Lowell Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

It seems that Lowell is not without her kleptomaniacs, as Judge Hadley can probably realize.

They do say that notwithstanding the intense cold last night the editor of the News was in a sweat all night long. The Sun has made it rather hot for 'im. Poor Dinny!

It is not to the credit of the fire department that while a building was burning down on Keene street the firemen were engaged digging up the street in search of a hydrant.

Lawrence is getting noted for its tragedies of late. It is really getting ahead of Lowell in some respects and closely copying after us in others—the municipal muddle for example.

The Lawrence Sun wisely says: A policeman has no right to kick a man, whether the latter is a prisoner or not. An officer guilty of such a piece of brutality should be proceeded against.

The operation by which Little Tommy Madden of New York was relieved of a campaign button which had lodged in his throat, is one of the triumphs of the X rays which showed its precise location.

The numerous fatalities from the deadly water gas in Boston will undoubtedly lead to greater precautions. It is claimed that air in the pipes has put out the gas in some places and that the return of the deadly fluid does the fatal work.

The News has now an opportunity to investigate the Sun's circulation if it is willing to allow a thorough investigation of its own. The News will realize in the end that a circulation challenge is no answer to a charge of calumniating the democratic party.

Truly, heartily and cheerfully can every lover of genius join with the lads and lassies of Bonny Scotland in honoring the memory of Bobby Burns, nature's own poet, the best lyric poet perhaps, the world has ever seen. Although a son of Scotland, Burns was a gift to the world, and his songs will live while the English language endures.

The Boston Herald speaks in high terms of praise of the textile school project and says that before this century closes there should be a dozen or more of them established in New England. Intending students who reside in Lowell should have a preference for we understand there will be many applicants from other places.

There would be at least one very important advantage of municipal ownership of a street lighting plant, namely, that the cost of manufacturing could be known and this knowledge could be utilized to prevent extortion. There would thus be a saving to the city and a restriction upon unscrupulous manufacturers. The agitation for municipal ownership is sweeping over the country with the wave of municipal reform.

Rev. Dr. Rainesford of New York has created a great furore in that city by denouncing the lavish expenditure connected with various social functions while thousands are starving or perishing of cold. It is generally supposed the allusion was to the Bradley-Martin bal masque to come off on February 10 which is to cost twice as much as a recent Vanderbilt ball that cost $250,000. As might be expected now that Dr. Rainesford has caused much comment a great many other ministers who like to be talked about have tackled the same topic. The bal masque is to be of a historic character, the costumes will be of the most costly kind and altogether the projectors claim it will put a lot of money in circulation that should percolate downward to the poor. But it will never reach the distressed.

Why Not?

If you are economizing why not look over your printing bills and see if you are not paying too much for printing? Call at this office and get prices on your work, and see if we cannot save money for you.

THE CHIEF DESIDERATUM

GROS PRESENTS MEASURES OF FUNDAMENTAL REFORM.

The Way to Evolve Social Righteousness Is to Abolish Systems Which Interfere With the Operation of Natural Laws. Prayers For the Ignorant.

[Special Correspondence.]

What is it that all real reformers want? The Frenchmen most picturesquely say, "Le nom ne fait rien a la chose," by which they mean names have nothing to do with objects. Over nine-tenths of the troubles of the world are at least partially due to the fact that men have generally quarreled about names as if they were part and parcel of facts when the latter exist independent of names. And the human mind is such a curious object that the same name often conveys different impressions to different minds. Why so? All because of an imperfect education through the whole march of historical development; all because we have never yet been taught how to go down into fundamentals along straight, direct lines of thought. The worship of names has been the object of education rather than the worship of solid truth. Owing to that, the quantity of real reformers is yet, no doubt, altogether insignificant to produce any common consensus among the rank and file of nations.

A real reformer! What can be the meaning of that? No real reform is possible but through the gradual suppression of the present industrial slavery, the ensemble of which presents greater abominations than the old servitude and chattel slavery. The two latter social forms, bad as they were, gave work and some bread to every willing worker. They did not evolute the tramp or city loafer in periods of peace, anyhow, and under good crops. The problem of the unemployed did not exist as a permanent fact. It was reserved to our so called grander and holier civilization to develop the loafer and the unemployed in large numbers in the bosom of peace and plenty, with all natural causes in favor of a healthy social expansion to produce the maximum comfort all around. That is just what makes our civilization far more sinful than any, because sin is nothing but a relation between men's potentialities for good and the degree to which they fail to realize them. There we have the truth forever ignored by our modern Pharisees, those who sing the glories of our industrial conditions.

Civilization must imply some intimate connections between man and society, which may be expressed approximately, as follows: Men in society have individual and social duties, and so individual and social rights; hence the need of government with two social or collective functions essentially basic—viz, first, government must collect for all public expenses the full annual land values evolved in any form, they being a collective creation; second; government must own and control for public good all the industrial activities which otherwise would have to rest on privileges to some, interfering with the equal rights of all. With those two governmental functions, we would protect the social rights of all without disturbing their individual rights. We would also see that the social duties of all be performed without interference with their individual duties. All equilibrium would then be preserved. Those two basic social functions would make all monopoly unprofitable. They would evolve social righteousness. Without them we can have nothing but governmental or organized social iniquity, by which we pitch the many into poverty and degradation that the few may pocket most of the wealth of nations, as is the case today more ever before.

What we may call the monopoly fund, apart from the labor fund, had never been quite as large as in our days under our popular republic. That monopoly fund is today not less than $8,000,000,000 per annum, against barely $6,000,000,000 retained by the real workers of the nation. Most of that monopoly fund is absorbed by 2 or 8 per cent of the population, and the balance by about 10 or 12 per cent, a combination of workers and monopolists, none of which earns half as much from labor and monopoly together as a healthy civilization would give him, with considerable less labor and a far more enjoyable life than today. The poor fellows don't see it, of course. Let us pray for them.

Please, reformers of all kinds, study the natural action of those two governmental functions above outlined. If your reform ideas are somewhat deep, if you are not afraid that a deep reform may hurt you, if your love toward your God and humanity is sufficiently intense, you will then find that those two social functions, when properly applied in all their basic simplicity, could not fail to abolish the whole monopoly fund in less than 15 years, and possibly in less than 10 years. For the details of that operation some other little article may be given later on.

In the meanwhile all that is necessary to grasp the problem, with its few precise elements, is to dwell on the naturalness of that double governmental process, on their conformity to all natural rights, individual and social. That alone is a guarantee that the monopoly fund, with the capital it implies, could not fail to be rapidly transferred to the workers of the nation, because nature takes no cognizance whatever of monopoly and gives all wealth to the honest, useful workers. Nature repudiates in toto every monopolist, loafer or schemer. They can only be evolved by human laws of privilege in defiance of all natural rights and all divine enactments.

Suppose for a moment that the specified double process was not enough. It would at least facilitate anything else needed for a complete social reconstruction. Can that be disproved?

JOSE GROS.

When you need printing remember The Sun.

TIRED MOTHERS find help in Hood's Sarsaparilla, which gives them pure blood, a good appetite and new and needed STRENGTH.

THE CONTRACT SYSTEM.

Investigation Shows the Soundness of Labor's Demand For Its Abolition.

The last issue of the bulletin of the department of labor presents the results of a remarkably thorough investigation of the hours and wages of men employed directly by the public as compared with those of men doing similar work under private contractors. In New York, in Philadelphia, in Boston and in Baltimore this investigation was prosecuted, and the returns have been summarized by Ethelbert Stewart in a way that commands attention. In all of these cities the public has recognized its obligations as an employer and everywhere pays the highest rate of wages given for similar work by the best private firms. In Baltimore, for example, the carpenters employed by the public receive from 28 to 23 cents an hour, while contractors are paying from 18 to 31 cents. As a rule the public pays about 20 per cent more per hour than private contractors. Its labor, however, only costs it about 10 per cent more per day, because the public has everywhere recognized that the short hour day is better for the quality of the work as well as for the health and vigor of the workmen. As regards the direct employees of the public, Mr. Stewart's resume indicates that the public conscience is everywhere alert. This conscience, however, has not yet made itself felt in the treatment of the men employed by private contractors to do public work. Nowhere are these contractors obliged to pay any more than the lowest rate of wages men can be induced to accept. Here is a point upon which the friends of a living wage should direct their energies. There is no reason why our cities should not follow the example of the more progressive municipalities in England and stipulate that contractors for public work should pay as high wages as any private firms pay for similar work.

This is the reform demanded where contract work is necessary. But a still greater reform is the displacement of contract work by public work. On this subject the report before us throws a flood of light. The public, it shows, can pay higher wages than private contractors and yet save large sums of money by doing its work itself. As one example the recent experience of Boston is cited. In 1894 that city sprinkled its streets by contract; in 1895 a public department took charge of the work. The result was as follows:

"The cost for watering in the Back Bay with fresh water in 1894 under contract was $575 per mile, while this year the same service was more efficiently rendered at $424 per mile.

"The expense in the south end last year for watering was $460 per mile for fresh water, $630 per mile for salt water, while this year the watering was done under day work at an expense of $277 per mile."

There was a saving of one-third in spite of the higher wages paid by the city department. What the city saved was not alone the profits of the contractors, but the cost of supervising the contractors and seeing that they did their work.—New York Journal.

STRIKES DID IT.

When All Else Failed, Labor's Last Resort Conquered the Sweaters.

The conditions under which ready made clothing was manufactured in all the great cities, but particularly in New York, prior to the series of strikes inaugurated three or four years ago was atrocious. The workshops were merely tenement rooms, insufficiently ventilated, badly lighted; terribly crowded. Dirty beyond description and entirely without any decent sanitary arrangements, men, women and children worked, ate and slept in them.

Time and again the public was harrowed by the story. The United States senate appointed a committee of its members to investigate. It did so and reported itself duly horrified, but no improvement resulted. The legislature of New York did likewise, and the sweatshop system continued to flourish. Antisweatshop leagues, composed of philanthropic and influential people, were organized. Apparently no one dreamed that the workers themselves might solve the vexing problem by the very simple method of refusing to work under such conditions.

Ignorant of the language and customs of the country, most of them Russian Hebrew emigrants, they seemed helpless indeed. Gradually the leaven of discontent worked among the New York sweatshop toilers. The immigrant aspired to the level of the native worker. Leaders sprang up among their ranks. Three years ago they inaugurated a series of strikes. First they struck against the "task" system, which was at the basis of the terribly long hours. They had been required to finish a certain number of garments as a day's work instead of working a stipulated number of hours. They were willing to work ten hours a day, they declared. Public sentiment was with them, and they won their strike.

Emboldened by success and by the fact that a law had been passed regulating the manufacture of clothing in tenement houses and giving special powers over the sweatshops to the factory inspectors, they struck again. They demanded that the wholesale dealer give the cut garments only to contractors who would have them made up in shops conforming to the factory laws. Their demands were granted, with the result that the sweatshop system, if not entirely wiped out, has received a very severe blow. The workers themselves, by their own united efforts, and by using that much abused weapon, the strike, have accomplished what apparently far more influential outsiders were unable to do. The garment workers all over the country followed the example of their New York brethren of the National Garment Workers' union and in most cases succeeded in materially improving conditions.—M. E. J. Kelley in North American Review.

Organized Labor.

The Utica Advocate declares that organized labor is not only growing in numbers and strength, but also in conservative reason and sense. Once abused, misrepresented and vilified, says that journal, it now demands the respect and regard of all who have acquainted themselves with its aims and purposes.

THE "SUN" HOW COLUMN

DO YOU LIKE A GOOD CUP OF TEA?

How Easily It May be Made With a Little Care—How Lemons Will Benefit the Lungs—How to Choose Floor Coverings.

Have good tea to begin with; then be sure that you have freshly drawn, pure and filtered water of which to make the beverage. The water must not have been standing for hours exposed to the weather nor simmering on the range. It must be fresh, and then, if you have a brisk fire or the hot flame of an alcohol lamp, bring it quickly to the boil. A flat bottomed kettle is to be preferred, as it has a broad surface to expose to the heat, and the boiling is soon accomplished. Water is boiling when it bubbles and the steam comes in white puffs from the spout of the kettle. It does not boil when it begins to simmer and to sing. That is only the sign that it is near to boiling. You must make your tea when the water has just boiled. A kettle which has been standing on the back of a stove all day, filled up now and then by a dipper or two more of water, will not make good tea. You must boil the water on purpose.

An earthen pot is better for tea than a metal one. Pour a little boiling water in the pot to heat it, and after a minute or two pour it out. Now put a teaspoonful of tea for every cup of hot water—an even, not a heaping, spoonful—and add an extra one for the pot. Pour on as much water as will fill the number of cups you wish to make. Let it stand two minutes; then, with a long handled spoon, stir the leaves once through the water and instantly cover the pot again. Three minutes more, and your tea is done. Never let tea steep or boil or stand a long time. It is a quick, neat, nice process from beginning to end.

How Lemons Will Benefit the Lungs.

Lemons are an excellent remedy in pulmonary diseases. When used for lung trouble from 6 to 9 a day should be used. More juice is obtained from lemons by boiling them. Put the lemons in cold water and bring slowly to a boil. Boil slowly until they begin to soften. Remove from the water, and when cold enough to handle squeeze until the juice is extracted, strain and add enough loaf or crushed sugar to make it palatable, being careful not to make it too sweet. Add about twice as much water as there is juice. This preparation may be made every morning, or enough may be prepared one day to last three or four days; but it must be kept in a cool place.

How to Choose Floor Coverings.

For housewives of moderate means, with one servant, living in a small house or apartment, rooms can be kept clean with less labor if the floors or margins of them are stained and the center covered with a rug, which can be lifted every few weeks and taken to the yard or roof and shaken and thoroughly brushed. A good Smyrna rug will stand hard wear for ten years, longer than the best carpet will present a respectable appearance.

For bedrooms, whether for city or country, it has long been conceded that matting is the best, cheapest and most sanitary and artistic substitute. Good matting will give satisfaction for three years if turned once during that time and wiped once a month with a cloth wrung out of warm water containing a little soda.

It is more than possible, however, that matting, which has so long held the field, will be superseded by a comparatively new material called "floor fiber." It is as flexible as the best Chinese matting, is neat and unobtrusive in design, comes in many soft colors, and can be sewed together and bound like carpet. It forms one of the best backgrounds for rugs, and, it is said, will be largely used for dadoes as well as for ceilings. For hammock and floor and piazza cushions it is cool, durable and unrivaled from any point of view.

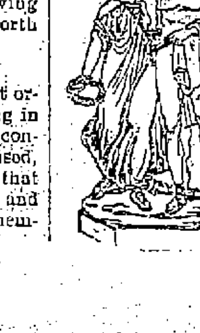
How to Prevent Black and Blue Marks.

Immediately after the accident mix an equal quantity of capsicum annuum with mucilage made of gum arabic. To this add a few drops of glycerin. The bruised surface should be carefully cleansed and dried, then painted all over with the capsicum preparation. Use a camel's hair brush and allow it to dry. Then put on the second or third coat as soon as the first is entirely absorbed. A medical journal is authority for the statement that if this course is pursued immediately after the injury, discoloration of the bruised tissue will be wholly prevented. It is also said that this remedy is unequaled as a cure for rheumatism or stiffness of the neck.

How to Mix Good Mustard.

Four tablespoonfuls best English mustard, 2 teaspoonfuls salt, 2 teaspoonfuls white sugar, 3 teaspoonfuls salad oil, vinegar to make smooth paste. Rub the oil into the mustard with a wooden or silver spoon until absorbed. Wet with vinegar to a stiff paste. Add the other ingredients, rubbing together thoroughly and adding more and more vinegar until consistency of cake dough. Beat five minutes and bottle. This will be mellowed enough for use in two days.

The advantage of having a state convict farm was made evident in the biennial report of the superintendent of the Texas penitentiaries, in which it is stated that there are 2,200 acres of land under high cultivation in connection with the Harlem penitentiary which are paying the state large sums annually.



"Complete Manhood and How to Attain it." A Wonderful New Medical Book, written for Men. Only, One copy may be had free on application. ERIE MEDICAL CO.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

The anniversary of the birth of Robert Burns was celebrated by a concert and ball at Haverhill, Mass.

The Potsdam, N. Y., national bank, with a capital of $250,000, has been closed by a national bank examiner.

Jack Everhardt of New Orleans and Mat Matthews of Brooklyn fought a 15-round draw at New York last night.

A chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution has been formed at Brockton, Mass., with 21 members.

Charles Murphy, the bicycle racer, will ride again this year. Murphy has now been racing since 1886 without a break, the longest record of any rider in this country.

Before the National Sporting club of London there was a 20-round fight between "Pedlar" Palmer and Ernie Stanton, for a purse of £1100. Palmer won in the 15th round, knocking out his adversary.

The creditors of the Winnipesaukee Gas and Electric Lighting company of Laconia, N. H., met yesterday and presented their claims, which were afterwards approved. Edmund Tetley of Laconia was appointed assignee.

James F. Dolan of New York, one of the largest granite cutters in the country, has purchased the stone quarry of Henry Hosmer of Mason, N. H. Mr. Dolan will begin operations in April, giving employment to a large number of men.

The poultry and pigeon exhibition at Chicago given by the National Fanciers' asssociation opened with entries of 2000 poultry and 1000 pigeons. The various classes of pigeons which won abroad are shown for the first time in this country.

Agitation Over Tree Exercises.

Cambridge, Mass., Jan. 26.—Public sentiment has been so strong against the proposed abolishment of the tree exercises by Harvard corporation that that body may give in and the old custom be preserved. The class day committee has received a reply to their suggested reforms of tree exercises from President Eliot, in which he says that he feels no doubt that an adjustment of the present difficulties can be reached. He asks that the class day committee put their suggestions of lowering the flowers, wearing ordinary clothes and providing against combinations of students in the scrimmage, into definite form for presentation to the corporation. This seems to point to a final satisfactory settlement and to a continuance in a modified form of the scrimmage around the tree.

National Board of Trade Meeting.

Washington, Jan. 26.—The 27th annual meeting of the national board of trade will begin here today. The organization is composed of delegates from 41 associations of bankers and merchants from the principal cities of the United States. An official program of recommendations and resolutions, proposed by members of the board, to be considered at this meeting, has been prepared and covers 98 subjects. They relate to every variety of laws concerning the business interests of the country.

Cost of Lighting Reduced.

Lynn, Mass., Jan. 26.—The Lynn Gas and Electric company, at its annual meeting yesterday, reduced the price of gas from $1.10 to $1 per 1000 feet, and reduced the price of electricity 2 cents on 2000 meters. This is a significant reduction, and is undoubtedly brought about by the recent municipal campaign, in which a lower price for gas was an issue. The candidate for mayor on the Republican ticket is a director of the gas company.

CURRENT EVENTS.

The theft of a $2.50 wagon sent recently cost Midland county, Mich., $150.

During the recent holidays every single girl in the town of Brookstown, Ky., was married.

A St. Paul judge has awarded a citizen $5 damages because a motorman refused to stop a car for him.

The different labor organizations of Louisville which compose the Central Labor union are trying to have the car fare in that city reduced to 2 cents.

The Ohio State Archæological and Historical society has purchased 108 acres in Warren county, being the remainder of Fort Ancient, the best specimen of the work of the mound builders.

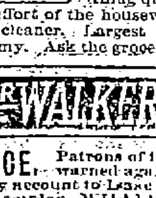
An Omaha old book dealer bought a Bible from a tramp, who said he found it "on the road" between Portland, Or., and Omaha. The Bible was printed in 1600 and has manuscript notes, made in Plymouth, Mass., in 1659. The bookseller has refused $175 for the volume.

For many years the weather station at Marquette, Mich., had the distinction of reporting the greatest snowfall in the United States. Snow lines on old weather maps showed Marquette as the radiating point. Last winter the deepest snow fell at Sault Ste. Marie, and the map was changed. Now the copper country is the place of deepest snow, Marquette seeming to be almost on the edge of the belt.

After the Performance.

Papa—Did you like the sword swallower, Johnny?

Johnny—Yes, indeed. I wonder how he doesn't do it.—New York Sunday World.



GOLD DUST WASHING POWDER

Dirt of any kind on any thing quickly yields to the easy effort of the housewife who uses this great cleaner. Largest package—greatest economy. Ask the grocer for it.

DR. WALKER DENTIST.

NOTICE. Patrons of the undersigned are warned against paying money on any account to Isaac Williams, formerly in my employ. WILLIAM COGGER, Wood Dealer, 24 Concord street.

About Your Watch

Does It Keep Good Time?

Not very good since I have brought it to Mr. —— Don't go there any more.

The Only Place to Have it Repaired in good shape by a first class horologist IS AT

Legault & Co.'s

THE ONE PRICE JEWELERS,

70 Central St., Cor. Prescott St.

"SLEEPING LIKE A TOP."

USE

Cottolene

It is sweet, pure, and wholesome. No lard in it.

Genuine Cottolene is sold everywhere with trade marks—"Cottolene" and steer's head in cotton-plant wreath—on every tin.

A handsomely illustrated Kitchen Calendar of unique design, for 1897, containing Three Hundred and Sixty-five Selected Recipes by the best known teachers of and writers on cookery. Will be sent on receipt of this advertisement and six cents in stamps.

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

Assurance is one Thing, Conviction Another

We are positive in our talks about Ranges and Heaters—because long ago we became convinced of the unrivaled excellence of the Glenwood product. Not more convinced, however, than you will be—after you try one.

Cookin Bros., 66 Prescott St.

—MERCHANTS—

Now is the time to Paint, Kalsomine or Decorate Your Store or Office.

A. L. KITTREDGE & CO.

208 CENTRAL STREET.

RIDE

For the comfort of it in the best carriage you can buy.

You will have the more pleasure—in the long run the less expense.

THE SAWYER CARRIAGES are of the best high-grade carriages made.

ORDERS SOLICITED.

THE Sawyer Carriage Co.

Kitson Building, Worthen St.

DR. KELLEY, SURGEON DENTIST, 161 CENTRAL ST.

THE LOWELL Gas Light Company

OFFICE:

22 Shattuck Street, Corner Middle

SEWALL G. MACK, President; JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; D. E. BARTLETT, Clerk.

Directors: Sewall G. Mack, Levi Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cumnock, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tucke, James Francis.

PRICE OF GAS

With the Discount Off for Prompt Payment, is

$1.00 One Thousand Feet

First Class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. COKE, broken, screened and delivered, at $4.50 per chaldron; $2.25 per half chaldron, cash.

No charge made for the use of meters.

No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar.

Orders when left at office promptly attended to

the ghastly terror of consumption stares a man in the face who neglects a cold.

HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR

It's so simple to get rid of a cough or throat trouble by Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar. Acts like magic. Sold by druggists.

Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

LOWELL TRUNK MANUFACTORY

At 70 and 72 Middlesex street, Old Wooden Building, is the place to call and select a Trunk OR ANY KIND OF Traveling Outfit.

We make a specialty of repairing Trunks. Do not wait until you are going on your vacation to have your Trunk repaired. Remember the place, 70 to 72 Middlesex street. Old Wooden Building. P. F. Devine, Prop.

HOUSE LOTS ON THE EMERY LAND

Only 5000 feet from City Hall, over and near the new Moody Street bridge. 78 houses built in this section last year. 18 houses are being built at the present time, and several cellars are being made. Lots are being resold at a big profit. Now is the time for you to buy. New electric road in the spring. Gas, sewers, city water, &c. This is no land scheme, but a bona fide chance for you to secure a good home or investment in one of the best sections of the city, at a low price and on very easy terms. Call for plans, terms, etc. Office on the land, open every afternoon.

A. J. RYAN, Agent

Room 20A Hildreth Building (Old Post Office)

BICYCLES TO LET.

Medium grade and 2nd hand wheels, going cheap to close.

Geo. H. Bachelder,

21, 23, 25, P. O. Ave., beside new P. O.

The Sunlight Incandescent Gas Lamp

Sold at 37 Shattuck St. Gas Fitting and Jobbing. Lowell.

O. J. McKIERNAN, Agent.

The SUNLIGHT is superior to any Incandescent Gas Light in the market. 1—The Sunlight Burner (patent applied for) will distribute the gas much better, allowing a large volume of oxygen to unite with the gas, and gives considerably more light by the use of a less amount of gas.

LOWELL RENDERING CO.

Highest cash prices paid for Hides, Tallow, Skins, etc. Dead animals removed.

Factory and Office, So. Lowell

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Paper Ruling, Book and Pamphlet Binding. Blank Books a Specialty.

42 CHURCH STREET

When You Want to get some kind of An Article and you think that nobody in the city keeps it, just CALL AT C. B. COBURN & CO.'S and it is ten to one that you will get what you want. Just try it.

63 AND 67 MARKET STREET.

You Have Struck the Right Place When you have found PETER WATSON'S Celebrated Bakeries

For if you are looking for the best quality of bakers' supplies, you are always sure to get the best when trading at either of his stores, which are located at

52 to 60 Charles Street, and 465 Lawrence Street.

If you desire he will supply your wants by calling at your home. Parties and weddings a specialty.

R. J. MOWER, PRACTICAL WATCHMAKER and OPTICIAN

285 Central Street.

Special Cash Sale for Ten Days. Suits to Order $20.00.

DAVIS & NICKERSON TAILORS,

No. 9 Central Street, Lowell, Mass.

MR. BRYAN'S BOOK

Graphic Story of the Late Campaign.

MRS. BRYAN DESCRIBES HER HUSBAND'S PURPOSE.

Says His Life is One of Self Sacrifice.

Chicago, Jan. 26.—The last pages of "The First Battle," Hon. W. J. Bryan's book, have gone to press. The book embodies a story of the campaign of 1896. Its important events and issues, and includes the most noteworthy incidents of Mr. Bryan's famous tour. It also contains the principal address and documents relating to the silver movement and some of Mr. Bryan's speeches. Considerable space is given to his connection with the silver agitation while in congress and prior to the Chicago convention, and to a discussion of the election returns and an analysis of the political situation.

One of the interesting features of the book is the biographical sketch written by Mrs. Bryan, who thus describes their first meeting:

"My personal knowledge of Mr. Bryan dates from September, 1879. He was then entering upon his junior year. I saw him first in the parlors of the young ladies' school which I attended in Jacksonville. He entered the room with several other students; was taller than the rest, and attracted my attention at once. His face was pale and thin, a pair of keen dark eyes looked out from beneath heavy brows; his nose was prominent—too large to look well, I thought; a broad, thin-lipped mouth and a square chin completed the contour of his face. He was neatly and fastidiously dressed,

HON. W. J. BRYAN.

and stood firmly and with dignity. I noted particularly his hair and his smile. The former, black in color, fine in quality and parted distressingly straight; the latter expansive and expressive. In later years this smile has been the subject of considerable comment; but the well rounded cheeks of Mr. Bryan now check its onward march, and no one has seen the real breadth of the smile who did not see it in the early days. Upon one occasion, a *heartless* observer was heard to remark: 'That man whispers in his own ear,' but that was a cruel exaggeration."

As to the criticism that Mr. Bryan had not distinguished himself as a lawyer, she says:

"Those who thus complain should consider that he entered the practice at 23 and left it at 30, and during that period began twice and twice became more than self-supporting. At the time of his election to congress his practice was in a thriving condition, and fully equal to that of any man in the city."

She concludes the sketch thus:

"To give an estimate of his character or of mental endowments which he may possess would be beyond the scope of this article. I may be justified, however, in saying that his life has been one of earnest purpose, with that sort of genius which has been called 'a capacity for hard work.'"

"The First Battle" is dedicated to Hon. Richard P. Bland of Missouri, General James B. Weaver of Iowa and Hon. Henry M. Teller of Colorado, whom the author considers the "foremost champions of bimetallism in their respective parties."

The early chapters are devoted to an account of Mr. Bryan's conection with the silver movement and the development of silver sentiment. Then follow

MRS. WILLIAM J. BRYAN.

chapters devoted to the Republican and Democratic national conventions, including the memorable contest over the Chicago platform.

A chapter is devoted to the silver party convention, and another to the Populist convention. In one, entitled "The Triple Demand for Financial Independence," bimetallism is thus defined: "In a speech made in Ohio, I think in 1895, Senator Sherman used language something like this—I quote from memory: 'The parity between gold and silver can only be maintained by the use of gold as a standard, with silver coined in the limited quantities as a limited legal tender. This can properly be called bimetallism.'

"This definition of bimetallism has, within the last four years, become quite common among those who favor the gold standard, but are not willing to be known as monometallists. Bimetallism means two-metallism, just as certainly as the word biped means an animal with two feet. It means the use of two metals as standard money, and, to be standard money, they must be treated alike. If, then, to use gold as a standard, with silver coin in limited quantities as a legal tender, is bimetallism, then England now has bimetallism. If that system can properly be called bimetallism, the use of copper, in limited quantities as a legal tender, along with such a system, would constitute bimetallism."

Many interesting incidents of the tour east and west are given, and also quite a number of anecdotes.

In a chapter devoted to "The Bolting Democrats," Mr. Bryan says:

"The only criticism which I desire to record here, is that the gold Democrats sought to use the party name for purposes of deception. The party name belongs to the majority of the party, and the minority cannot fairly, honestly or honorably use that name in such a way as to mislead the voters."

As to the statement in Mr. McKinley's letter of acceptance, that "the mills should be opened, instead of the mints," Mr. Bryan says:

"This was an epigrammatic sentence, and did considerable service in turning public attention from the money question to the tariff question."

He says this about trusts:

"Our country has, in my judgment, much to fear from the political influence exerted by large corporations. The business of the country is falling more and more into the hands of corporations, and, since a lawyer receives both his reputation and his experience from his practice, the attorneys of great corporations come to be considered the leading attorneys at their respective bars. In appointments to public office, corporation attorneys have not only the advantage which their professional prominence gives them, but they also have the advantage of friendly relations with the prominent officials of other corporations. Thus it may happen, without the intention of the appointing power (and it may happen more easily with the intention of the appointing power) that officials appointed to inforce the law will be biased against the law which is to be inforced. It may even happen that judges upon the bench will retain, after appointment, the bias acquired in corporation practice."

Regarding the civil service, he says:

"I do not believe that life tenure is, as a rule, a wise thing in a government like ours. The fact that the people make frequent changes in their public officials in the case of elective offices is conclusive proof that life tenure is not popular."

Ayer's HAIR VIGOR PRESERVES THE Natural Color of the Hair

Cramps, Colic, Colds, Croup, Coughs, Toothache, DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, and all BOWEL COMPLAINTS. A Sure, Safe, Quick Cure for these troubles is

Pain Killer.

(PERRY DAVIS'.)

Used Internally and Externally.

Two Sizes, 25c. and 50c. bottles.

HEROD OF HAVANA

The Title Now Given to Gen. Weyler.

DOINGS OF CONGRESS AND THE SPEECHES.

Eulogies of Late Speaker Crisp.

Washington, Jan. 26.—In the senate yesterday Mr. Turpie of Indiana characterized Captain General Weyler as the Herod of Havana, the murderer of women and children and as an "indescribably diminutive reptile." These bitter words were incident to Mr. Turpie's speech of two hours on the Cameron Cuban resolutions. The speech did not develop the criticism of the secretary of state which had been foreshadowed by Mr. Turpie's remarks last week, as the senator confined himself largely to a careful analysis of the constitutional rights of congress, his conclusion being that congress, as representing the people, had primary and paramount authority over recognizing new governments.

Senator Chandler introduced a bill providing that no person shall be tried in the courts of the United States for any acts whatever in aid of the republic of Cuba, or of the body, by whatever name known, now engaged in military conflict in the island of Cuba against the government of Spain, which would not be unlawful according to the laws of war.

After 3 o'clock the day was devoted to eulogies on the late ex-Speaker Charles F. Crisp. Early in the day memorials were presented from the presidential electors of Delaware, asking for a congressional investigation of alleged frauds and political irregularities in that state.

After consuming most of the time in disposing of District of Columbia business, the house took up the Indian appropriation bill, and made fair progress with it before the hour for adjournment was reached. The bill carries $7,525,791, $366,294 more than the current law, and $246,265 more than the estimates. Twenty of the 70 pages of the bill were disposed of.

The conference report on the immigration bill was presented and Mr. Danford of Ohio, who has charge of it, gave notice that he would call up the report tomorrow. A bill was passed calling on the war department for an estimate of the cost of a water route from Galveston to Houston.

Arbitration Treaty.

Washington, Jan. 26.—The United States senate will not consent to submission of the Monroe doctrine to arbitration. It will not consent to arbitrate claims growing out of our customs or immigration laws. It may not consent to the service of King Oscar of Sweden as chooser of the final umpire. These facts were plainly indicated at yesterday's meeting of the foreign relations committee.

Manufacturers' Convention.

Philadelphia, Jan. 26.—The second annual convention of the National Association of Manufacturers, which opens in this city today, promises to be one of more than ordinary interest. A number of important matters will come before the convention, among which will be the report of the committee on Mexican affairs, the report of the transportation committee hearing on the interstate commerce law, and also a report of the investigations conducted by Robert P. Porter on the commerce and industries of Japan. An interchange of ideas on the subject of tariff and commercial relations with other countries is also looked for. The report of the committee appointed to bring about such legislation as will create a new cabinet portfolio, to be known as the secretary of manufactures, also promises to be interesting. This report, it is said, will show that while the total agricultural output of the United States up to the last census was a little over $3,000,000,000, the manufactured products for the same time amounted to nearly $11,000,000,000. On this will be based the appeal to the federal government to create the new office.

Fire at Syracuse.

Syracuse, Jan. 26.—Fire last night destroyed the Dillaye block and part of the Butler block on South Salina street, and damaged the Keeler block on Clinton street. The following stores were burned out: W. W. Kimball company, pianos and organs; New York cloak house, Palmer's millinery store. The total loss is about $100,000; mostly insured. The intense cold and a heavy gale of wind made fire fighting the hardest kind of work.

Nevada Bids For Fights.

Carson, Nev., Jan. 26.—A bill has been introduced in the assembly to permit glove contests by payment of a license of $250. The bill was read a second time and referred to the committee on public morals. There is a strong sentiment in favor of passing the bill. Several prominent citizens are interested in the matter, and if it becomes a law, will endeavor to induce Dan Stuart to bring off the Corbett-Fitzsimmons match here in March.

Weyler to Fight Duel.

New York, Jan. 26.—A Key West special to The World this morning says: A duel between General Weyler and Admiral Navarro is expected in Havana. According to rumor, there has been friction between them on account of the navy's poor work. When they met last a personal collision is said to have been averted only by the interference of officers present.

Maher Will Challenge Winner.

Pittsburg, Jan. 26.—John Quinn, Peter Maher's backer, announces that Maher, with his representative, will be at the ringside on the occasion of the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight, to challenge the winner of the championship of the world. Should Sharkey claim the championship, Maher will fight him first, and later on challenge the winner of the big fight.

National Women's Suffrage Convention.

Des Moines, Jan. 26.—The 29th annual convention of the National Woman's Suffrage society opened yesterday with a preliminary business meeting and consultation of officers. The real work of the convention will begin today, when President Susan B. Anthony will deliver her annual address, and the program of addresses will be commenced.

Opposing Convict Labor.

Lynn, Mass., Jan. 26.—The Lynn board of trade, at its meeting last night, passed a resolution condemning the proposed extension of the boot and shoe industry in the state institutions. The board will also send a petition to the senators and representatives of this district, asking them to oppose any measure which calls for an outlay to promote convict labor.

HANNA'S AMBITION.

His First Desire Is to Harmonize Republicans Throughout Country.

Cleveland, Jan. 26.—The intensely cold weather prevailing yesterday had no appreciable effect in diminishing the usual number of callers at the office of National Committeeman M. A. Hanna. Among the more prominent visitors was National Committeeman Payne of Wisconsin, who had an extended conference with Mr. Hanna.

Mr. Payne declared that he came to confer with Mr. Hanna on matters connected with the national committee, and beyond this his coming had no political significance. Mr. Hanna said that he greatly enjoyed the legislative reunion and banquet at Columbus, which he attended Friday evening. He declined to express an opinion as to whether an extra session of the state legislature would be called to elect a senator to take the place of John Sherman, or to discuss his own candidacy for the senate.

"My one ambition," said Mr. Hanna, "is to harmonize the party as far as possible, not only in Ohio, but throughout the country as well, to the end that the incoming administration will find no obstructions in the inauguration of a policy which will bring prosperity to the people."

It is stated on excellent authority that the report given general circulation to the effect that Lyman J. Gage of Chicago had been tendered the treasury portfolio is without foundation. It portfolio was without foundation. It was also stated that the reported tender of the navy portfolio to General Stewart L. Woodford is erroneous. This information comes from a gentleman who stands close to Major McKinley, whose name cannot be stated for various reasons.

Bram Argument Ended.

Boston, Jan. 26.—After nearly five days of argument and discussion, the motion for a new trial in the case of Thomas M. Bram reached the judges who presided at the former trial shortly before 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The case had been argued at length, the witnesses and the jurymen had been described by one side and the other as saints and sinners, according as the predilections of the counsel on the one side or the other inclined him. The proceedings were wholly devoted to the argument of Bram's senior counsel, Mr. James E. Cotter. His Colleague, Mr. Asa P. French, as well as the district attorney on the part of the government, had previously addressed the court. Mr. Cotter did not affect any eloquence before the court. His argument was a matter-of-fact, straightforward presentation of the issues on which Bram's counsel relied for a second trial. He claimed the evidence presented was not sufficient to convict, and that the methods of jurymen before and during the trial were irregular and vitiated the verdict rendered.

Transportation on Bikes.

Montreal, Jan. 26.—The Grand Trunk R. R. has put in force a new regulation regarding bicycle fares. In future, wheelmen will be charged a tariff for the transportation of their wheels, varying according to distance, in proportion to be rate paid for the passenger's ticket Where the cost of the ticket exceeds $30 the fee for carrying the wheel will be 6 per cent of the ticket rate. For less distances, the rate will be larger, no fee being less than 25 cents. Bicycles will be carried on passenger trains only when passengers accompany them. The Canadian Pacific railway has adopted the same schedule of bicycle rates as the Grand Trunk railway.

Injunction Against Goode.

New York, Jan. 26.—Justice Beekman in the supreme court, has granted an injunction to David H. McAlpin, restraining the John Goode Cordage and Machine company "from issuing, conveying transferring or selling any of the bonds referred to in the mortgage made by the defendant to the Kings County Trust company and recorded on Jan. 9 last, given to secure the bonds thereafter to be issued." Justice Beekman also granted an attachment to Peale, Peacock & Kerr, a Pennsylvania corporation, against the John Goode Cordage company for $597.94, for goods sold and delivered.

For Uniform Laws.

Trenton, N. J., Jan. 26.—The New Jersey commissioners appointed to bring about uniformity of legislation in the United States have made their report, to the senate, at the same time submitting a draft of a bill reating to negotiable instruments. The bill had been agreed upon at Saratoga by the commissioners representing 27 states, and is based to a large extent upon the British instruments act of 1882, and which is now enforced in every English-speaking country but our own. It does not change materially the present laws of the state. A similar bill will be introduced in New York, Massachusetts, Connecticut and other states. It was drawn up by John J. Crawford of New York, and was approved by M. D. Chalmers, now in India, who drew up the English measure.

Report on Interstate Commerce.

Chicago, Jan. 26.—The interstate commerce commission has issued its report on the income account of the railways of the United States for the year ending June 30, 1896. The total gross earnings of the roads of the country were $1,123,-646,562. This was at the rate of $6519 per mile, and was a better showing than in 1895 or 1894, although it falls below the record for the two years preceding 1894. Operating expenses were $754,791,515, or $4380 per mile. Of the amount of gross earnings, $329,468,891 was by the passenger department, $772,071,374 by freight, $250,129 other earnings from operation, and the balance unclassified earnings. Dividends paid were $54,983,732, against $54,332,356 the preceding year. The net earnings of the roads were not in any degree confined to any particular section of the country, but were fairly well distributed all over the United States. East-bound shipments last week were 71,497 tons, against 69,130 tons for the preceding week, and 77,734 tons for the corresponding week of last year. The roads carried tonnage as follows: Michigan Central, 9285; Wabash, 4486; Lake Shore, 9325; Fort Wayne, 10,944; Panhandle, 8972; Baltimore and Ohio, 3809; Grand Trunk, 8706; Nickel Plate, 8379; Erie, 4218; Big Four, 2774. Shipments were made up of the following articles in tons: Flour, 5120; grain and mill stuffs, 39,759; cured meats, lard, etc., 10,249; dressed beef, 8291; butter, 1709; hides, 937; lumber, 3112; miscellaneous, 2320.

Well Known to Politicians.

New York, Jan. 26.—John C. Reid, who for the past five years has been in charge of the Republican state headquarters at the Fifth Avenue hotel, died at his home here yesterday. He had been ailing for several days from heart trouble. Mr. Reid was well known as a newspaper man, and at one time he was connected with the mechanical department of the Chicago Times. He was brought from there to this city by the elder Jones, and became managing editor of the New York Times, and remained in that position for many years. Subsequently he joined the staff of the New York Herald and was managing editor of the London edition of that paper during its existence. Since then he has been actively engaged in politics, and devoted his entire time to the business of the Republican state headquarters.

Barnard Celebration at Hartford.

Hartford, Jan. 26.—The 86th birthday of Hon. Henry Barnard was celebrated here yesterday. Literary exercises were held in the afternoon and a banquet in the evening. The participants were men of all creeds and sects, who gathered to do honor to the famous educator.

Desires Deputy Pension Commissionership.

Albany, Jan. 26.—The name of Harvey G. Ellis of Vermont will soon be presented to President McKinley as a candidate for deputy commissioner of pensions. Mr. Ellis for several years has been a special examiner for the pension bureau in northern New York.

Population of Worcester.

Worcester, Mass., Jan. 26.—According to the names in the Worcester directory for 1897, the population is 109,000. There are 46,025 names, as against 44,464 in 1896.

Cutting Ice on Hudson.

Catskill, N. Y., Jan. 26.—The Hudson river ice harvesting began yesterday with favorable prospects. Ice is nearly a foot in thickness and of fine quality. Nearly all the houses are empty, and 4,000,000 tons will be required to fill them, affording much-needed employment to thousands of men and hundreds of horses. The expenses of a full harvest is $600,000 to $700,000; and the distribution of this money is eagerly awaited by the merchants of the river towns.

Attempted to Kill Sheriff.

Bridgeport, Conn., Jan. 26.—Nicholas Gabler, the Fairfield man who shot at his wife last November and afterwards tried to kill Sheriff Wallace M. Bulkley when the latter went to arrest him, has been captured by the police in Newark, N. J., and is held to await the action of the authorities of this state.

For Coughs and Colds

Ask any druggist for this famous remedy. It will stop the worst cold quickly, thereby *preventing pneumonia* or chronic lung or bronchial trouble. Keep it on hand and save sickness.

MASTA'S PULMONIC BALSAM

will not derange the stomach.

Sold by all druggists.

Human Ingenuity.

Certainly, for the mechanic, human ingenuity has never produced a better liniment than Salvation Oil, which now stands unexcelled for curing his sprains and bruises caused by a fall; or cuts and wounds, the result of an accident with his tool or saw. Salvation Oil always kills pain. "Recently, I fell about twenty feet and was very much bruised on my leg and side, but after bathing them with Salvation Oil the bruises soon disappeared. I think Salvation Oil is just the thing for sores and bruises." A. Jacob Rice, 520 Church St., Easton, Pa. Salvation Oil may be bought anywhere for 25 cents. Substitutes offered by dealers may cost less; hence, do less. Salvation Oil, however, never disappoints the user.

FROM OUR 5 O'CLOCK EDITION Of Yesterday.

FLED FROM DEATH

In Their Night Clothes to Freeze.

IN TEMPERATURE 8 BELOW ZERO

Several Deaths From the Cold.

By Associated Press to the Sun.

Chicago, Jan. 25.—The four story residence of Charles Barnes was destroyed by fire this morning. The family fled in their night dresses with the thermometer 12 degrees below zero. The finest library of rare books in the United States was destroyed. The loss will be two hundred thousand dollars.

Frozen to Death.

By Associated Press to the Sun.

Chicago, Jan. 25.—Fifty-three persons were overcome by the cold yesterday. Fifteen hundred were sheltered at the police stations last night. Mayor Swift has called on the police force to aid the work of gathering information concerning the needs of thousands of suffering poor people.

MORE "CONFIDENCE"

Big Reduction of Wages at Pawtucket, R. I., Mills.

By Associated Press to the Sun.

Pawtucket, R. I., Jan. 25.—A reduction of from ten to twenty per cent. in wages went into effect today in the Centerville Manufacturing company mill at Manville. They make plush goods and the reduction is due to dullness of trade.

Tack Company's Affairs.

By Associated Press to the Sun.

Boston, Jan. 25—The affairs of the Atlas Tack corporation are still far from a settlement. Receiver Lothrop says claims are not available before May 1. Stockholders oppose the proposition of creditors to run the business.

RESCUED TWO CREWS.

Ward Line Steamer Arrives at New York With Ship Wrecked Mariners.

By Associated Press to the Sun.

New York, Jan. 25.—The Ward line steamer Seguranca arrived this morning and brought nine ship wrecked sailors. Six are from the bark Allandin and three from the American tug Elsa.

A Solicitor Suicides.

By Associated Press to the Sun.

San Francisco, Jan. 24.—A. H. Griesbach, solicitor for Appleton & Co., publishers, suicided by shooting himself in the head.

Another Filibuster.

By Associated Press to the Sun.

Bridgeton, Pa., Jan. 25.—It is alleged that the sloop Acosta, missing from Port Norris, has sailed to Cuba with arms and ammunition.

To License Boxing.

By Associated Press to the Sun.

Reno, Nevada, Jan. 25.—A petition is being circulated in the state praying the legislature to license prize fighting. Dan Stuart is said to be at the back of the movement.

Great Number of Deaths.

By Associated Press to the Sun.

Bombay, Jan. 23.—Since the outbreak of the Bubonic plague there have been 9835 deaths due to it.

Nephew of the Czar.

By Associated Press to the Sun.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 25.—Grand Dutchess Xenia, sister of the czar, and wife of Grand Duke Alexander Michaelovitch, gave birth to a son today.

Two Cold Spots.

By Associated Press to the Sun.

Northfield, Vt., Jan. 25.—The thermometer is at 19 degrees below zero.

Winnipeg, Man., Jan. 25.—The weather here is terribly cold, the mercury stopping at 25 degrees below.

Fined for Discrimination.

By Associated Press to the Sun.

Salem, Jan. 25.—James Saul, a barber, was fined $10 for refusing to shave George Maharaian, an Armenian. The latter brought suit.

Descended From Puritans.

By Associated Press to the Sun.

Sayhoop Junction, Jan. 25.—Edward Lynde, a station agent, died today, aged 68 years. He is a direct descendent of Nathaniel Lynde, one of the Puritans who landed in Salem in 1635.

Honoring Sir Isaac.

There was no afternoon session at the Isaac Pitman school of shorthand, 31 Hildreth building, on account of the death of Sir Isaac Pitman for whom the school was named, and who died in London, England, on Friday last, Jan. 22, 1897.

Kinsela Remembered.

The friends of John F. Kinsella, the popular proprietor of the Hub, presented him with a costly sleigh, fur robe and whip at his home Saturday afternoon, Thomas H. King of Boyle's square making the presentation speech.

INFANT'S BODY FOUND

On the Ice on the Concord River This Afternoon.

The body of an infant covered with a cloth was found on the ice of the Concord river under the railroad bridge near Church street this afternoon. It was evidently thrown there last night. The police sent Undertaker Brooks after the body.

NO FIRE

But Plenty of Smoke in Cumming's Block This Noon.

People saw smoke issuing from the cellar of Cumming's block in Watson avenue this noon and pulled in an alarm from box 182. When the firemen arrived there was no trace of fire, and nobody could account for the smoke in the cellar.

HOT FROM THE WIRE.

The trial of William Kennedy charged with an attempt to poison Albert L. Learoyd of Danvers, began at Salem today.

The Bram case started its second week's proceedings today. Counsel for the defence has until Thursday to file exceptions and District Attorney Hoar has a week for his answer.

CONTRACTS BEING MADE.

Purchasing Agent Barnard Gives Out Numerous Contracts for City Supplies.

Purchasing Agent Barnard is going to have a counter placed in his office. Then he proposes to place a large board on one of the walls and here will be placed all calls for bids on contracts not amounting to over a few hundred dollars. Large contracts will be advertised in the papers.

Today, requisition was made on the agent for one car of oats for the health department, 35 chests of tea and some clothing for the city farm, one car of oats, and one car of straw for the street department.

Tomorrow, the contract will be given out for 150 barrels of flour.

SERIOUS CHARGE.

An Engineer Charged with Attempt to Burn Wife and Child.

By Associated Press to the Sun.

St. Johns, N. B., Jan. 25.—Alfred J. Smith, a locomotive engineer, is under arrest on suspicion of having set fire to the house of his father-in-law, on Friday morning. It is claimed he hoped to burn up his wife and child.

Fire In Brattleboro.

By Associated Press to the Sun.

Brattleboro, Vt., Jan. 25.—The Welcome Ramsdell building at West Brattleboro, was burned this morning. It was occupied by a store, market and tenement. Leroy Amidon, a student, was accidentally burned to death. The loss will be ten thousand dollars.

Mrs. Dupont Discharged.

By Associated Press to the Sun.

Boston, Jan. 25.—Mrs. Annie M. Dupont, arrested on a charge of being a fugitive from justice from New York, was discharged in the municipal court this morning, so the Supreme court will not be hampered in considering the validity of the extradition papers signed by Gov. Wolcott and in disposing of the case. It is claimed to be a case of persecution.

Civil Service Examination.

The highest rank, 93.13, in the recent civil service examination, was attained by Miss Emma C. Fillmore.

The other lucky individuals are as follows: Antoinette Montferrand, Mary C. Brennan, Geo. E. Caisse, Wm. Campbell, Henry C. Boulger, Mary Crane, Charles A. Dobson, Elizabeth M. Rafter, Alexis C. Bertrand, Joseph A. Malone, Wm. H. Fitzgerald, John T. Burnes, Joseph A. Morin, Geo. W. Harwell, Wm. H. Donahoe, Burton A. Hodge, C. R. Carpenter, Edmund B. Roche, Lewis N. Gilman, Eleanor M. Churchill, Charles R. Daoust.

Juvenile Store Breakers.

Burglars, evidently boys, broke into P. F. Riley's variety store on Broadway, near Suffolk street, last night, and took away a quantity of cigarettes and other small articles and two money drawers, which they afterwards left in a neighboring back yard.

May Go to Nashua.

It is rumored that Starter Florence O'Donoghue of the street railroad is to take charge of the Nashua road very soon and that Mr. Bagley, formerly of the road, is to superintend the local road.

5c. CIGAR 5c.

is marching into Popular Favor. Have you tried something you do not like—then get the

ARMS OF CUBA CIGARS

no other will suit. Union made. Hand work. Hunt is the maker, every live dealer the seller.

CALDERWOOD & ROBBINS, Wholesale Distributors, Lowell, Mass.

Good Always

And in all ways good. In material, style, and workmanship, Tim has no equal among five-cent cigars. Try one and *you* will say so.

Timothy Gay & Co., Boston.

ORDER YOUR FALL SUIT OR OVERCOAT AT BERTRAND'S 24 Middle Street.

WAS IN CONSTANT MISERY.

A Carpenter's Life Saved by the Puritana Treatment.

MR. George H. Denny is a carpenter who has always worked in the vicinity of South Northfield, Vt. He is about 35, bright, energetic and favorably known. He lives near the headquarters of Dog River, on the high land that divides the waters of the Connecticut and Winooski rivers.

Here is his statement:

"About a year ago I was taken with kidney trouble in one of the worst forms. I was passing from four to six quarts of water every 24 hours, and my trouble finally ran into diabetes. I had had kidney trouble before, and had somewhat recovered when the second attack came last fall. I employed a doctor all last winter, with no favorable results. I worked all the time, but was in constant misery, and if I had kept on I would not now have been alive. The disease reduced my weight from 180 to 145 pounds, and during all the time I got no relief until I began to use Puritana. I commenced the Puritana treatment last April, and used three or four bottles. The first results were felt in my stomach, which improved rapidly, so that I could eat and digest my food comfortably. The next result was that my bladder was restored to its normal condition. I have been well all summer, although I left off using Puritana in June. I think Puritana is the best remedy that I have ever known, and unhesitatingly recommend it to others, for whose good I publish this letter.

(Signed) "George H. Denny."

This is only one example of what Puritana can do and is doing every day for suffering men and women. Puritana is the prize formula of Prof. Dixi Crosby of Dartmouth College, and by its action on the stomach it cures troubles of the blood, nerves, heart, liver, kidneys and other vital organs.

SAVOY THEATRE Kendal Weston, Mgr.

Week Beginning Monday, Jan. 25

Special Engagement of

MISS ROSE STAHL

Supported by the entire Savoy company in a magnificent production of

"THE LADY OF LYONS,"

MISS STAHL as "PAULINE,"
MR. WESTON as "CLAUDE."

Telephone 603-5. Tickets reserved must positively be called for 15 minutes before time of performance, as they will be held no longer.

Tickets now on sale.

Next Week—Last appearance of MISS STAHL. The first four days in "Led Astray," the last two days as "Camille."

Music Hall

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, January 25, 26, 27, with Wednesday Matinee.

FRED. RIDER'S

New Night Owls Burlesquers

IN

A PACK OF CARDS

The Jolliest, the Happiest, the Merriest of them all.

Bottled Sunbeams. Unquestionable in merit unique in design, unapproachable in cast of characters, unprecedented in musical chorus, unparalleled in scenic splendor, uncommon in funny comedians, unalterable in beautiful girls, utopian in fanciful ideas, 30 brilliant artists.

Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Jan. 28, 29, 30, and Saturday Matinee.

SAM. T. JACK'S

NEW CREOLES

Beautiful Southern Belles and a Harem of Seductive Eastern Odalisques. First, Foremost and always the Best, the Premiere Attraction. New Scenery, new Costumes, new Faces. Hot Singing, hot Dancing, hot Specialties, hot Show.

GRAND

Literary and Musical Entertainment

At Associate Hall

Wednesday, January, 27th, 1897.

Rev. George C. Lorimer, D. D.

will give an oration; subject:

"ROBERT BURNS, the Poet of the People,"

by special request. Dr. Lorimer will also read selections from the works of Ian MacLaren.

Peter H. Savage

Undertaker and Funeral Director

169 WORTHEN ST.

TELEPHONE CONNECTION 614-4.

Calls, night or day, promptly attended to. Carriages furnished for weddings and christenings.

IF YOU WANT A CASE

Of the Leading Brands of

LAGER, JONES' ALE, Or PORTER

TELEPHONE.

J. H. RILEY,

Bottler, Nos. 96 and 102 Lakeview Avenue

Telephone Number 474-4.

$4.95 FLOUR AT RETAIL $4.95

At less than wholesale prices. We will sell 500 barrels of Best Haxall Flour at $4.95 per barrel. We mean just what we say. We have got the Flour and are going to sell it.

F. M. BARNEY & CO.

Grocers, Bakers, Meat and Provision Dealers,

415 MIDDLESEX STREET,
28 THORNDIKE STREET,
Tel 144-4. Wamesit Bank Block.

VARIETY STORES use old papers for wrapping purposes. We sell them at this office for 5 cents a hundred.

WANT COLUMN.

WANTED—By a young man who is well educated in English and French languages, would like a position of any kind. Address J. E. P., 33 King street.

TO LET—A tenement of five rooms conveniently located. Apply at John McKeown's, 4, rear of 81 Chapel street.

LOST—In this city, a coupon receipt book belonging to the Singer Mfg. Co. The finder will be rewarded by leaving the same at 187 Middlesex street.

LADIES TO WRITE for us at home, No canvassing. Reply, enclosing stamp, Silver Fern Co., Aurora, Indiana.

TO LET—Sunny five room tenement on Moody street. Enquire at 821 Merrimack street.

TO LET—Very pleasant and sunny rooms newly furnished at 404 Bridge street.

GOOD INVESTMENT.—500 shares stock in active company for sale at $4 per share, must be sold to settle estate. Address post office box 1804, Boston.

FOR SALE—In Centralville, five minutes walk from mills, good cottage house of seven rooms, in good repair. If you are looking for a home this will suit you. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

FOR SALE—On Wilder street, twostory, two tenement house. This is a bargain. Price $3000. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

WANTED—Your child to have Rosy Cheeks, Pure Blood, to rest well. Get a box of the Athan Worm and Scrofula Tablets at all druggists. Price 25c., prepaid, by the Lowell Chemistry Co.

FOR SALE—On Middlesex street, lot of land of 7300 feet, corner of streets. Price 10 cents per foot. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

LADIES—Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the Best. Safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c. stamps, for particulars. "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

DR. CATON'S TANSY PILLS for Ladies never fail. Get the genuine and avoid disappointment. $1, all druggists or direct. DR. R. F. CATON, Boston, Mass.

FOR SALE—In Pawtucketville, good 7 room cottage house, large lot of land near new bridge. Call and look over it at once. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

ALL LADIES having a few hours leisure each day should write me at once, regarding pleasant home work which easily pays $18 weekly. This is no deception and will certainly pay you to investigate. Reply with stamped envelop, Mrs. S. A. Stebbins, Lawrence, Mich.

WANTED—500 young and old men to bring their old clothes to Fred P. Lew's Dye house and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 477 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

FOR SALE—On Nashua road, a good farm of 20 acres, lots of fruit, good two tenement house, good barn. This is a good chance if you want to get you a home. Price $2000. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

LADIES, my monthly regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. I have never had a single failure; no other doctor can say this. Longest cases relieved in 2 to 5 days without fail; no pain, no danger, no interference with work; price $2; by mail or at office; consultation free; all letters truthfully answered. DR. TOLMAN, 170 Tremont street, Boston.

Toys All Kinds.

Skates 5000 Pairs

Sleds 25c. and Up

BARTLETT & DOW

216 CENTRAL STREET.

COLD WEATHER COMFORTS

We're going to need them very soon if what the weather prophets say is true. Seal Skin Gloves, Heavy Weight Underwear, new and handsome designs in Silk Mufflers, and Heavy Caps and Gloves are dividing attention with our superb line of gentlemen's furnishings at this time.

ARTHUR J. CUMMISKEY,

69 Merrimack Street.

CHARLES B. COSGROVE, Room 16, Hildreth Building. Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

J. M. KINGSBURY, No. 373 Bridge Street. Meats and Provisions. (Successor to Strout & Kingsbury.)

PHILIP J. FARLEY, Room 11, Barristers' Hall. Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

JOSEPH W. LEACH, Room 12, Shedd's Block. Pianist and Teacher of Singing.

JOHN W. McEVOY, 137 Central St., Opp. American House. Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

COURTNEY & COURTNEY, Mansur Block. Counsellors-at-Law. William F. Courtney. Henry S. Courtney.

SMOKE OLD 64 CIGAR H. BOOT, Manufacturer.

LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM, 182 Merrimack Street, Photographers. Crayons, Pastels and Water Colors a specialty All work guaranteed

W. A. LEW, 49 John Street. Clothing Cleansed, Dyed and Pressed. Orders received for cleaning, dying and pressing, promptly and neatly executed.

Did you know that BERTRAND, THE TAILOR 24 Middle Street, Makes clothing for the best dressed people in town? Try him with an order for a Fall Suit or Overcoat.

PETER J. BRADY, GROCER 448 Gorham Street. Choice Teas, Coffees and Spices Try our "BIG TWELVE" brand of flour the best in the city.

THE WEATHER

Sun rises—7:02; sets, 4:51.
Length of day—9h. 48m.
Moon rises—1:14 a. m.
Full sea—5 a. m., 5:30 p. m.

Forecast for New England: Generally fair; probably local snows in extreme northern portion; continued cold and brisk to high westerly winds.

LOCAL NEWS.

Always wins, Old Hundred.

T. C. Lee, fire insurance. Donovan bl'd.

It is stated that there are many vacant tenements throughout the city.

A reissue of pension has been awarded Lucretia B. Manuel, of this city.

There are 2000 pupils attending St. Joseph's college and parochial schools.

Peter H. Donohoe is presenting his friends with Lamb club paper weights.

Elegant rubber tired hacks at O'Donnell's, Jefferson street. Telephone 439-9.

The cold weather interfered somewhat with the evening school attendance last night.

Nearly everyone who ventured out yesterday and last night traveled on the electric cars.

It was cold enough yesterday to keep people indoors. The merchants catch it in this kind of weather.

The entries for the pool tournament to be opened in the Bijou theatre tomorrow night include all the local players of prominence.

Dress suits, silk lined, to order, $35, reduced from $50. Dress suits to let. Cavanaugh & Dissault, tailors. Telephone 255-5.

The cold weather has occasioned a great demand for aid on the pauper department and the several charitable organizations.

The annual report of the school committee for 1896 is now in the hands of the printer and will be ready for distribution in about one week.

The committee on teachers of the school board will not meet till Thursday night to pass on the rank required for admission to the training school.

The Jewish congregation has outgrown its accommodations in the present synagogue. It is said there are about 400 worshippers of that faith in this city.

Dr. Stephenson has examined the eyes of 457 school children and reports some very bad cases. One child he says could not read a large letter at a distance of four feet.

If Patten, the florist was living in New York he would catch a big order at the Bradley-Martin party judging from the swell party work he is doing in this city. He is an artist in the floral business and when you want the correct thing in the floral designs on house decorating call on Patten, Shedd's block, 203 Central street, or telephone.

Scotland's Poet.

Dr. Lorimer of Boston is to be the orator at the Burns celebration by the Caledonian club at Associate hall Wednesday evening.

The doctor is thoroughly at home on the subject. He is also to read selections from Ian Maclaren's works. Mrs. J. W. Sherburne, Mrs. W. H. Pepin and the Amphion quartet will give some of the gems of Scottish song, both in converted and solo numbers.

MUNICIPAL OWNERSHIP.

Benjamin Staveley Talks on Gas and Electric Light Plants.

Editor of the Sun: I am glad to see that the people of Lowell are to have a meeting in Jackson hall, Wednesday night, to see if the city shall purchase or construct electric and gas light plants. It is a move in the right direction and I hope that Jackson hall will be crowded for it is time that the people get a move on. There has been a lot of talk about economy and reducing the taxes but when we are told that since the city of Glasgow took hold of gas and electric lighting, it has no use for tax assessors or tax collector, and that these two plants with the street car plant have made the city free from taxes. What a city Lowell will be if the people can follow in the same footsteps; and there is nothing to prevent them from doing so, if they will only put aside all prejudice and regardless of party or nationality pull together for the good of the city. Industries will flock to our city, rents and all necessaries that help to make home happy will be cheapened. They may call it socialism, but as Hon. George Fred Williams said in Faneuil hall several weeks ago, "it is good socialism where there is a deep feeling among the masses that there is something wrong." They see on the one side millions upon millions of wealth and on the other the people who have helped to accumulate it, are turned into the streets to starve.

We hear of storehouses filled with provisions and clothing and thousands starving and half naked. The mill agents talk of running on half time and there are thousands willing to work for the above necessaries, but there is something between the two that prevents them. We see banks breaking, business failures, murders, robberies, suicides, prisons crowded, and all this in a country of churches and schools, and where the people are called free. But the people are beginning to see where the trouble is. It does not rest with them, for they are as willing to work for honest wages as they ever were. But when we are told by the millionaires that if they cannot have things their own way and carry on the same robbery; that if fifty of them put their heads together that they can stop every wheel in the country in twenty-four hours. We think their heads have been too much together and we say that instead of this being a government of trusts and monopolies, it shall be a government, for, of and by the people.

We need not look as far as Glasgow, for Gov. Pingree tells us that since the city of Detroit took hold of the city monopolies, they are saving about $80,000 a year on the electric light plant, and that they ride on electric cars a distance of 16 miles for three cents. I resided in a city where the people controlled the above plants and I have delivered hundreds of chaldrons of coke for 75c. per ton. It costs about seven times as much here, and my gas costs four times as much.

In a few years we shall look back and think what big fools we have been to let the monopolists "milk us," as Gov. Pingree told them in Boston.

I remain, yours truly,
BENJAMIN STAVELEY,
Lee Avenue.

Les Miserables bowling alleys and billiard hall now open. East Merrimack street.

Sugar. Sugar. Sugar.

22 pounds of the best granulated sugar for $1. Delivered free to our tea and coffee customers. Dickson Bros., the big tea dealers, 69 Merrimack Street.

Dr. COBURN DENTIST 31 MERK ST.

BOXING GOSSIP.

Geo. V. Tuohey, formerly of the Police News and Boston Post and one of the best informed sporting writers in the country, has taken the management of the old Sporting Review, once of wide repute and intends to conduct a first-class sporting journal. He is located in the Globe building, Boston.

Mr. Tuohey it was who brought out Luke Burke, placing him before the public in a manner which has proved greatly to his advantage. He also managed Martin Flaherty very successfully for a time. In a letter to the Sun, Mr. Tuohey says in relation to the coming Flaherty-Erne match: "Let them fight on neutral grounds and with a fair referee and it is a toss of the hat which will win, but to get a decisive winner it will be a long fight. Erne can fight, there is no doubt about that, but so can Martin and there you are. Erne has more snap and vim to his work, but snap and vim wear one out in a long contest and long contests are Martin's long suites. If the contest were a finish one I would have no hesitation in picking my old pet, Martin, as the winner, but in a limited round go it is a question if Martin will not be disqualified if the referee is anything but the squarest kind of a man. To fight Erne in his own town and where he is a decidedly popular townsman might make a difference."

FATAL ACCIDENT.

To a Young Couple Who Were Engaged to be Married.

Shamokin, Pa., Jan. 26.—While Frederick Graeber and Miss Maud Gothie were driving along the road near this place, the earth caved in and they were precipitated into an abandoned mine. The young lady jumped from the carriage, but was unable to reach solid ground. She fell into the opening and was buried beneath the earth. Mr. Graeber remained in the carriage and sustained a compound fracture of one leg. Both horses were crushed to death. The accident occurred about 6 o'clock Sunday night, and the searching parties were unable to locate the couple until 4 o'clock yesterday morning. Miss Gothie's body was horribly bruised and death must have been instantaneous. Both of Mr. Graeber's feet were frozen, and he was almost dead from exposure. It is feared that he cannot recover. The cave-in is 30 feet deep. The couple were engaged to be married.

MELROSE HIGH SCHOOL

Burned Down Last Evening—The Loss is $25,000.

Melrose, Mass., Jan. 26.—The Melrose high school, a large wooden building was burned last evening, with a total loss to the town of $25,000. Fortunately no one was in the building. The fire department was unable to cope with the flames, and help was summoned from Malden. The severe cold hampered the firemen. The town will have to find other quarters for 200 pupils. The building was fully insured. It is thought the fire started from an overheated chimney.

Massachusetts Republican Clubs.

Boston, Jan. 26.—The Massachusetts Republican club held its annual meeting and banquet here last night. The following officers were elected: President, William D. Sohier of Beverly; secretary, Elihu B. Hayes of Lynn; treasurer, A. Lithgow Devens of Hamilton; vice presidents (one from each congressional district, in order), Dana Malone of Greenfield, Albert D. Nason of Springfield, Josiah M. Lasell of Whitinsville, James Phillips, Jr., of Fitchburg, Edward D. Hayden of Woburn, George von L. Meyer of Hamilton, Stephen O'Meara of Boston, John Read of Cambridge, Orlando E. Lewis of Winthrop, Edward Everett Hale of Boston, George A. Draper of Hopedale, William H. Bent of Taunton, Leontine Lincoln of Fall River.

Hub Horse Show.

Boston, Jan. 26.—The directors of the coming horse show have announced their selection of judges for the various classes. The men named are not only widely known, but have substantial reputations for judgment at exhibitions. Among them are Horace Theobald, James T. Hyde, Charles Kerner, David Benner, Albert Hall, F. T. Underhill, Frederick Bronson, Frank S. Sturgis, Winthrop Rutherford, all of New York; Dr. Andrew T. Smith of Toronto, James F. Ormond, F. R. Sears and W. H. Goodwin of Boston, H. K. Bloodgood of New Marlboro, C. C. Quintin, Newton, N. J.; F. C. Choate, Readville; R. M. Appleton, Ipswich; L. D. Rumsey, Buffalo and Captain J. W. Martin, U. S. A., Genesse, N. Y.

Historical Inn Changes Hands.

Boston, Jan. 26.—Edw. R. Lennon of Malden has secured possession of the Wayside inn at Sudbury, which was made famous by Henry W. Longfellow. Early in 1892, the property passed into the possession of Homer Rogers and S. Herbert Howe, formerly mayor of the city of Marlboro. Large sums were expended upon the place by the new owners to keep it in thorough repair. Formerly the place was known as Howe's tavern, and it was owned by several generations of the family by that name. It was built about the beginning of the 18th century. The old tavern will be preserved and will contain many articles of historic value.

Tuberculosis In New Hampshire.

Concord, N. H., Jan. 26.—The report of the state cattle commissioners, covering a period of two years, which is just made public, is devoted mainly to the prevalence of tuberculosis. In the time covered by the report, 517 herds of cattle have been inspected and 562 animals killed, of which 559 were found, on post mortem examination, to have been infected with tuberculosis. Eight cases of glanders in horses were detected, and the animals killed. The board's expenses have been $15,922.91. The board recommends a more thorough observance of the present regulations.

Reception to Bishop Neeley and Wife.

Portland, Me., Jan. 26.—Last evening a reception was tendered Bishop and Mrs. Neeley, which was attended by hundreds of citizens. The affair was one of the most brilliant and notable events in the history of the Episcopal church of Maine, and clergymen and prominent laymen were present from all over the state. Telegrams of congratulation poured in during the day from all quarters.

Where Famous Men Are Buried.

Hartford, Jan. 26.—The Ruth Wyllys chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution has presented a resolution to the common council, which contemplates the improvement and proper preservation of Hartford's ancient and historic burying ground, in the rear of the Center church, Main street, wherein are buried some of the most famous persons in Connecticut's early history. Favorable action is anticipated.

No Comparison.

No printing establishment in this city compares with The Sun Job Print in its mechanical equipment and the excellence of its work. Did you ever try it?

That Spot...

First size of a dime; next size of a dollar; then big as the palm of your hand. The end: entire baldness. Stop it.

Ayer's Hair Vigor Makes Hair Grow

THE QUEEN OF HAWAII

CALLS UPON CLEVELAND AT WASHINGTON, D. C.

To Lay Her Grievance Before Him—What She Desires In Regard to Her Throne.

Washington, Jan. 26.—President Cleveland received a visit yesterday from ex-Queen Liliuokalani at the White House. The reception was arranged for early in the day. Mr. Palmer, accompanied by Joseph Heleluhe, the secretary and agent of her majesty, Liliuokalani, as his card states, called to see Private Secretary Thurber, and presented a note from the ex-queen, directed to the president, requesting the privilege of making an unofficial and informal visit. The president assented, and named 3 o'clock as the most convenient hour. Accordingly, at the hour named, a carriage drove up to the White House, and from it alighted the ex-queen, Mr. Palmer, Joseph Heleluhe and Miss Kia Naholena, the latter being lady compalon to Her Majesty Liliuokalani. The ex-queen was assisted from her carriage to the doorway by Mr. Palmer, but at this point her attendants dropped in the rear, and she led the way alone across the lobby and through the doors, which were thrown open by ushers, to the blue room, where the president soon joined her. The president greeted the ex-queen in the most kindly fashion, expressing pleasure at her call, and stating that he should have felt disappointed had she refrained from making him a visit while she was in Washington. He caused her to be seated, and, while the others stood in the background, he and Liliuokalani chatted with evident interest on both sides for 20 minutes. The ex-queen asked for Mrs. Cleveland, and the president responded that she would be glad to see his visitor, but a messenger sent to Mrs. Cleveland to summon her to the blue room returned with the news that Mrs. Cleveland had gone out walking.

EX-QUEEN LILIUOKALANI.

In all of the talk there was no reference to politics, save a brief expression of thanks by Liliuokalani, in behalf of the Hawaiian race, for his action in withdrawing the annexation treaty, which was pending before the senate when the president assumed his office four years ago. Not one word was said about "restoration," either past, present or future. The ex-queen referred in feeling terms to the death of Mr. Willis, and the president responded by a eulogy upon the late minister. With a little further talk of this kind, the interview terminated, and Liliuokalani returned to her hotel with her attendants and Mr. Palmer, greatly pleased at her reception.

ANTI TRUST BILLS.

No Less Than Six Introduced in the Legislature.

Boston, Jan. 26.—No less than six anti-trust bills were introduced into the legislature yesterday, and with the one filed on Friday, makes it evident that the consideration of legislation against trusts will occupy a large share of attention at the state house this winter. The bills are all nearly of the same character, differing only in minor provisions, except in Senator Gallivan's bill, which exempts agricultural products and live stock while in the possession of the producers or raisers. The question of convict labor came up in the house on the appropriation of $15,000 for prison labor as well as through numerous petitions from shoe manufacturers. The appropriation bill was referred to the committee on manufactures. A bill for the establishment of a board of probate examiners was introduced in the senate. The bill provides that the board shall make a yearly examination of personal securities in all trust estates.

REDMOND DENOUNCED

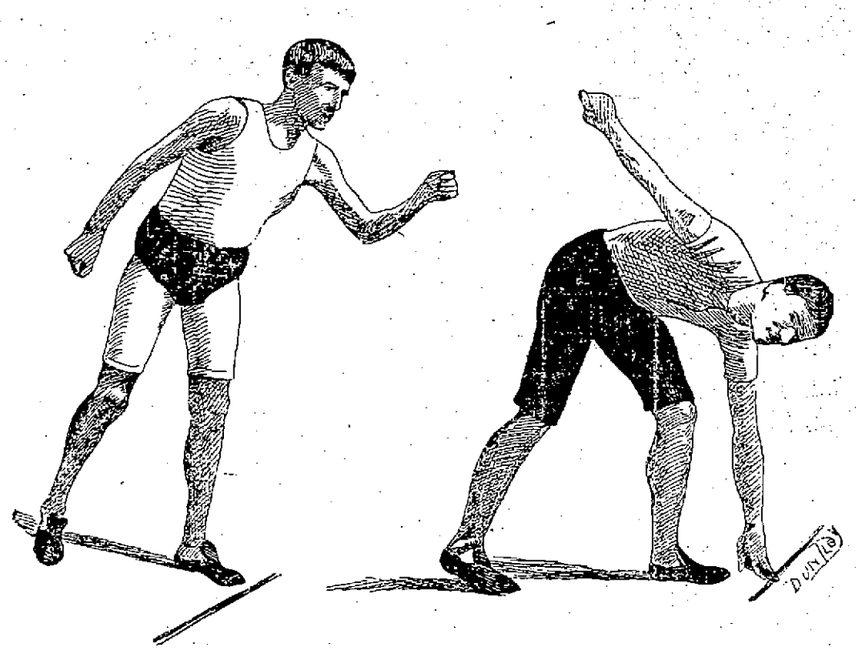
For Lecturing on Sunday Evening in Baltimore, Md.

Baltimore, Jan. 26.—John E. Redmond, the Irish member of parliament, lectured at Ford's opera house here Sunday night, under the auspices of the United Irish societies. The ministerial union of Baltimore, which includes in its membership all the Protestant denominations of the city, at a meeting yesterday unanimously adopted a resolution calling upon the police to arrest and punish Redmond and all who were concerned in the lecture, which, it claimed, was held in violation of the laws of Maryland, which prohibit the holding of entertainments of a non-religious character on Sunday.

Much in Little

Is especially true of Hood's Pills, for no medicine ever contained so great curative power in so small space. They are a whole medicine chest, always ready, always efficient, always satisfactory; prevent a cold or fever, cure all liver ills, sick headache, jaundice, constipation, etc. 25c. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills



TOM KELLY AND BILLY LUBY, LOWELL'S TWO FAST RUNNERS.

AMONG THE SWIFT RUNNERS

GOSSIP OF THE CINDER PATH DEVOTEES.

Tom Kelly and Billy Luby Each Champion of Lowell in His Class—Probable Match Between Them.

Since the manly art of self-defence has received a blow upon which it was defenceless it is probable that other branches of sport will be revived in this state and already some of the larger athletic clubs of the state are preparing for big meets both indoor and outdoor where running, jumping and the like are to be in evidence.

Time was when running and jumping were enjoyed by thousands in this city and many first class athletes flourished while much money was won and lost on the results. Two of the best known of Lowell athletes are those given below Tom Kelly, the mile runner, and Billy Luby, the 100 yards sprinter. For the past season efforts have been made to get the pair together in a race notwithstanding the different distances which they travel as racers and from what is talked among the lovers of the sport it is probable that they will come together in a half mile race as soon as the weather is favorable for cinder path running.

Tom Kelly is an ex-amateur and a former member of the L. C. A. A. He has a record as long as your arm and numerous trophies of his fleetness of foot. Kelly runs any distance from a half mile to five and is considered a very fast man. He has defeated all the mile runners in this city was with Billy Salmon, also of this city, for a mile winning easily. Kelly can run a short distance race though he has never made a practice of it.

Billy Luby, the champion 100 yards runner of Lowell, is a professional, belonging to the Saugus club and is known all over New England as a 10 1-4 second man, having been in handicaps and taken prizes against "Piper" Donovan, Johnson Mack and other noted professionals. Luby generally gets some end of the prize when he runs and often gets first money. All professional handicaps putting him down near the scratch whenever he enters. His last Lowell race was with Andy Rourke of the Emerald base ball team whom he beat out in 100 yards.

This year's sporting almanacs in their pedestrian records honor Lowell with a mention as the scene of a great record if they note the time, 11 seconds made of 100 yards by B. J. Wefers at the Fair Grounds on Aug. 29, 1896.

BASE BALL.

The meeting of the Urban and Suburban league will be held at this office on Thursday evening of this week as Wednesday will be inconvenient to many of the managers. The first business will be the election of officers after which committees will be appointed to revise the constitution and other necessary preliminary work will be attended to and new clubs probably admitted.

Nothing new has been heard of McDermott and his new England team and it is supposed he has abandoned the idea of fighting the local league which is bound to pay.

There is said to be some opposition to the new team known as the Athletes composed of South End players and that should the team be allowed in the league it would have the South Ends in a bad box while it is the belief of base ball men that Manager Kane of the South Ends has the prior claim upon these men owing to the fact that he has had them on his team for the past three or four years and they have not yet signified their intention of leaving him. It is said that several of them are not particular about which team they play in but are working both ends to be sure of getting into the league.

It is rumored on good authority that Billy Conners, the crack pitcher of the Emeralds will wear an Eastern league uniform this summer as it is said Denny Long has recommended him highly. Conners is strong enough for the Eastern league and is steady and reliable. The Emeralds will have hard work finding his equal if he leaves them, yet they will be pleased to see him in a bigger league as a good salary. In the event of Connors leaving, the Emeralds will probably sign Scott one of the most promising pitchers in this city.

It is said that Hoyle of the Unions will play in the New England league this season.

SEVERAL THOUSAND IDLE.

Young Men Who Are Unable to Find Work.

It is hard when you are ready and willing to work and can't find employment to be classed as a "bum," said a big employer of labor yesterday.

"I have never had so many applications for work, as I am receiving now. It is surprising how many young men, are walking the streets because they can find no one who desires their services. The other day I had one call on me and beg for one day's work. I believe there are several thousand idle young men in the city," he said.

First class job printing at this office.

CRISP GOSSIP.

The following bit of remarkable English belongs to a Lawrence newspaper:

"Matthews grappled with the watchman and during the scuffle dropped dead. The law, however, not satisfied with this, had Matthews arrested, but no indictment was found against him by the grand jury, and he was discharged by Judge Stone.

This is the night when the happy Hogan heavenward holds his hands.

The question is now being asked, "Can a schoolboy with no knowledge of the mill whatever, learn a mill trade by a course in the Textile school?"

The following interesting love letter was picked up on the street recently and it is printed as a tip to sentimental lovers in the art of writing a letter in such a manner that the recipient will throw it away, for lost love letters are better far than existing ones, in times of war and breach of promise cases. The lay of lovesick youth runneth thus:

"Your silence has become unbearable to me, and I feel that I cannot wait any longer for you to answer my last letter. I wrote you some time ago and I begged you for a reply if ever so brief. As yet you have answered me not. I have told you many times of the love I hold for you and my earnest desire was to win yours."

But what's the use of repeating that which was intended only for one pair of fair but unappreciative ears. The owner of the epistle may have it along with my sympathy by proving property.

That esteemed citizen, Daniel Gage, is holding forth on the ice these days and they do say he can cut more of it than Tommy Boyle, though of a different kind.

"Irish opera" is often mentioned in jest, but it is now a reality and one of the finest operas that has been produced in recent years is "Brian Boru," which is now playing in Boston."

Mr. and Mrs. Clement Gaguon of Saint Valentin, P. Q., are visiting L. V. Poulin of Pawtucketville.

Mr. and Mrs. William P. Sweeney and Miss Emma Burke of Claremont, N. H., who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Martin Courtney of Ames street, returned home yesterday.

Mr. Patrick O'Hearn has erected a fine home in Pawtucketville and will take up his residence there.

Mayor Houghton of North Adams has followed in the footsteps of our license commissioners. Hereafter the posters of shows intending to show there must be submitted to him for approval before they can be posted.

There are a few men cutting ice today. The Lowell ice company started to harvest its annual crop yesterday.

Down in Boston the young ladies have a habit of carrying pet kittens in their hand-bags.

OUR EVENING SCHOOLS

Lawrence Officials Say They are the Best in the State.

J. C. Crombie, chairman of the evening school committee of Lawrence, called on Truant Commissioner Williams at city hall yesterday afternoon and made inquiries into the evening school system here.

Mr. Crombie said that our evening schools have the reputation of being the best in the state, and the Lawrence committee wants to visit the Lowell schools to receive suggestions to improve the evening schools in Lawrence.

The visit will probably be made some evening next week.

TIME WASTED

And Delay Occasioned in the Purchase of Supplies.

Several departments complain of the delay in receiving supplies after requisition is made on the purchasing agent.

This delay occasions inconvenience at times, which might be easily overcome were the heads of departments allowed some leeway in making purchases. It is no fault of Mr. Barnard that there is this delay. He is undoubtedly hampered and retarded in his work by being obliged to give his time and attention to the purchase of small supplies of little value.

Christian Endeavor.

The Lowell Christian Endeavor union held its annual meeting in the Y. M. C. A. rooms last evening. The following officers were elected: President, Rev. Bowley Green; vice President, Henry W. Hyde; corresponding secretary, Miss Clara Allen; recording secretary, Miss Mary Popplewell; treasurer, J. A. Osgood.

Beecham's pills for constipation 10¢ and 25¢. Get the book at your druggist's and go by it.

Annual sales more than 6,000,000 boxes

A PRETTY WEDDING.

Well Known Labor Man Weds a Beautiful Young Lady.

An event looked forward to with much pleasant anticipation was the marriage of Mr. Geo. O'Brien, the popular labor union man and political leader of the Ward three democracy, to Miss Carrie Grant, a prominent young lady of St. Patrick's parish.

The ceremony was performed by Rev. Fr. Leonard last night at St. Patrick's parochial residence on Suffolk street.

Mr. Thos. O'Brien, a brother of the groom, acted as best man and the bride was attended by her sister, Miss Belle Grant, Miss Grace Gormley, a cousin of the bride, was maid of honor.

The bride was attired in a charming gown of cream silk with chiffon trimming and carried a bouquet of lilies of the valley, the bridal veil being held in place by a wreath of roses. The bridesmaid was gowned in white silk with roses. The maid of honor wore blue silk.

After the ceremony the happy couple retired to the home of the bride, 34 Willie street, where a large number of friends and relatives had gathered to tender the congratulations and best wishes.

A reception was held from 5 until 9 o'clock, Page & Co., doing the catering. The gifts were numerous and costly, one of them being an upright piano, a gift of the O'Brien family, and a silver service and sideboard, a gift of the Grant family.

The bride was assisted in receiving by her sister, Miss Kittie Grant, and Mrs. Peter Sheehan, her cousin.

The ushers were: Messrs Joseph Gormley, John Dwyer, Ed. O'Brien and P. Hayes.

At 9.15 the newly married pair started for the northern depot amidst a shower of rice and old shoes, where they took the train for Boston, thence to New York, Philadelphia and Washington. On their return they will reside at No. 16 Walnut street.

On leaving the house the bride threw her bouquet over her head and it was caught by Miss Etta Gormley, her cousin.

DELICIOUS DESSERTS can be made from NONE SUCH Mince Meat.
Plum Pudding, Mince Pie, Fruit Cake.
Recipe on every package. Your grocer sells it.
MERRELL-SOULE CO., Syracuse, N.Y.

CHALIFOUX'S CLEAN SWEEP IN SHOES

73c. For Ladies' Kid and Button Polish Boots odd sizes, worth $2.50, $3 and $4.

69c. For Ladies' Colored Satin Slippers, marked down from $2, $2.50 and $3.

38c. For Ladies' Kid Sandals, marked down from 75c.

50c. For Ladies' Kid Opera Slippers, marked down from $1.75 and $2.

$1.49 For Ladies' Kid Button and Polish Boots marked down from $2.

$2.50 For Ladies' Box Calf Polish Boots, marked down from $3.

75c. For Ladies' Storm Rubbers.

19c. For Ladies' Rubbers.

18c. For Misses' Rubbers.

15c. For Children's Rubbers.

38c. For Children's Kid Button Shoes, sizes 5 to 8.

25c. For Children's Kid Button Shoes, sizes 2 to 5.

33c. For Men's Rubbers, former price, 50c.

73c. For Men's Arctics, worth $1.

95c. For Men's Lace and Congress Shoes, heavy and light, all widths, narrow and wide toes.

Quality for quality you cannot match same goods in any other store in the city for much more money.

J. L. CHALIFOUX,
49 to 59 Central Street.

A GOOD COLLECTOR WANTED AT DONOVAN & MANSUR'S
Room 1, Swan Building, 26 Central street, Lowell, Mass. Telephone 466-4.

$20 A very good Square Piano for beginners. Call now. GEORGE A. GARDNER, 20 Prescott St.

ROYAL
The absolutely pure
BAKING POWDER

ROYAL—the most celebrated of all the baking powders in the world—celebrated for its great leavening strength and purity. It makes your cakes, biscuit, bread, etc., healthful, it assures you against alum and all forms of adulteration that go with the cheap brands.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

LETTER CARRIERS

Elect Officers and Enjoy a Musical Entertainment.

Branch 25 of the Letter Carrier's Association met last evening in Pilgrim hall and installed its newly elected officers. Ex-President John F. Ronne officiated and those installed were: president, Joseph J. Ward; vice president, George S. Howard; financial secretary, James Healey; recording secretary, Charles A. Carey; treasurer, Edwin A. Howe; sergeant at arms, John F. Lynch.

An excellent entertainment followed the conclusion of the installing ceremonies. It included songs by Patrick McHugh, Charles A. Carey, Peter Cluin, John McMann, Mr. Hamilton, John Maguire, John F. Ronne and James Mulligan; trio selections by James Toomey, Peter Cluin and John Hamilton; quartette selections by Messrs. McMann, Toomey, Hamilton and Murphy; David P. Martin, David McHugh, John F. Ronne and George Andrews, and the B. T. I. quartette; piano selections by Richard Taylor and Dr. Joseph Mulcahy and readings by Denis Donohue.

St. Peter's Church.

A solemn high mass of requiem will be sung at St. Peters church tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock for the repose of the soul of Mrs. Peter Watson it being the first anniversary of her death.

For pin worms, eczema, hives—in fact any of the various torturing, itchy diseases of the skin—Doan's Ointment is an instant and positive remedy. Get it from your dealer.

LOST CHILD.

Came Here on the Cars From Salem and Was Sent Home.

Officer Atkinson found a lost child wandering on Dutton street, last evening. She gave her name as Annie Dumas, aged 7 years, and said that she and another little girl had come here from Salem in the cars. When they reached here they became separated. The officer took her to the Day Nursery.

From Salem it was ascertained that the little girl had run away from there and her parents had been searching the city and neighboring places for her. She was sent to Salem today.

Protection lodge American Benefit society will visit the lodges in Lawrence tonight.

A. G. POLLARD & CO.
MERRIMACK, PALMER AND MIDDLE STREETS.

4 Good Bargains in
BLEACHED COTTONS

6 cases of Bleached "Dwight Anchor," 4-4 wide, one of the best grades of cotton in the market, worth 9c. at regular price. Remnants 1 1-2 to 6 yards, 5¾c.

4 cases "W. S." 4-4 whole pieces of a very fine and firm cotton, equal in quality to Langdon "G. B.," but with a small cut on selvage, worth regularly 10c. a yard, price 6½c. a yd.

2 cases "Dwight Anchor" 42 and 45 inch Pillow Casing in remnants from 1 to 6 yards, suitable for pillow cases an excellent quality of cotton, worth 12 1-2c. and 15c. a yard, price 8c. a yd.

5 cases of seamless 9-4 Sheeting, whole pieces of a fair quality of cotton and all perfect—only it is not quite full measure—75 inches is the width and will make very nice sheets worth about 20c. a yd., at only 11¾c. yd.

We always sell lots of Cottons at this time of the year, but these are the best values we ever gave.

BARGAIN DEPARTMENT

A. G. Pollard & Co.

COMPARE THEM

Take any paper in the city, printed at the same time and compare it with THE SUN and note the difference. In local and general news THE SUN is often 3 hours or a day ahead.

THE LOWELL SUN

20TH YEAR. LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY, JANUARY 26, 1897. ONE CENT.

WE PRINT NEWS.

Many items published in yesterday's SUN are being reprinted today by some of its rivals as fresh news. We don't steal news, we buy it and print it while it is news.

SECOND EDITION

The Sun is the only evening penny paper in Lowell printing Telegraphic News.

TEXTILE SCHOOL TRUSTEES

HELD THEIR ANNUAL OUTING IN BOSTON.

Arrangements and Program Announced For the Opening Exercises on Next Saturday—Condition of Affairs at the School.

The trustees of the Lowell Textile school met in Boston yesterday and re-elected A. G. Cumnock, president; James T. Smith, clerk; and A. G. Pollard, treasurer.

Reports were read and accepted. It was reported that the following have accepted invitations to attend the opening exercises:

His Excellency Gov. Wolcott with Private Secretary Perkins, President Lawrence of the senate, Speaker Bates of the House, the legislative committee on education, the acting president of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology; President Leeson, Boston Merchants' association; the presidents and secretaries of the National Association of Wool Manufacturers; New England Cotton Manufacturers and Arkwright club, publishers of textile journals, representatives of the great textile machinery corporations and other invited guests will come by special cars attached to the 1 p. m. train from Boston. They will go directly to the Merrimack house where a lunch will be provided.

The programme for opening day is as follows:

His Honor, Mayor Courtney, will with Mayor Junkins of Lawrence, receive the guests at city hall at 2.30 p. m.

Afterwards the party will proceed to the Parker block when the school will be inspected.

At 4 p. m. the opening exercises will be at Huntington hall. Guests and holders of tickets will proceed to the platform.

President A. G. Cumnock will preside and will present interesting facts relative to the early development of the textile industry at Lowell.

His Honor Mayor Courtney, will welcome the guests to the city.

His Excellency Gov. Wolcott will speak for the state followed by other representatives of the legislative branch.

The address will be delivered by S. N. D. North, Esq., secretary of the National Association of Wool Manufacturers who is fully equipped to deal with industrial education, its progress and practical importance.

At the close of the exercises the guests and ticket holders will leave by the west platform entrance for Mechanics hall where under the auspices of the Lowell board of trade a banquet will be served.

The program for the banquet has not been completed.

Enjoyable Musicale.

A neighborhood musical entertainment and sociable was held at the Oaklands last night at the residence of A. F. Swanton. Among the talent were: Mrs. Pepin, soprano; Miss Reid, contralto; Mr. Reid, baritone; Miss Maud Hopkins, cornet; Master Harry Hopkins, violin solo; Miss Holgate, reader.

The Oakland male quartet, consisting of Bert Harrington, Harry Stocks, Dr. C. R. Chapman and C. A. Eveleth, made its first appearance.

Runaway Yesterday.

Yesterday one of Joseph Albert's drivers left a hack standing on Lakeview avenue, near Aiken street, neglecting to tie the horses. One of the horses struck an iron trolley pole head on and was knocked down as if shot by the force of the blow, while the air was filled with bits of harness, buckles and pieces of the hack. The latter was badly wrecked in front, but the horses were not seriously hurt.

Last Day.

Saturday, Jan. 30, to get the large dollar bottle of Zyno for 25 cents. Zyno, the great Mexican Blood Tonic, is a guaranteed cure for all blood diseases, such as rheumatism, neuralgia, catarrh, malaria, dyspepsia and of liver and kidney complaints. If you are ailing you should give it a trial while the company is here advertising at 32 Central street.

J. F. O'DONNELL
UNDERTAKER,
Market, Corner Worthen Street.
Telephone.

PATTEN & CO.
LOWELL'S LARGEST LEADING FLORISTS AND DECORATORS
263 Central Street, Telephone.

MISS ROSE STAHL

The Talented and Versatile Actress Whose Return to the Savoy Theatre as Leading Lady is a Cause of Universal Pleasure.

JOHN BRUNETTE

Ex-Councilman Died Suddenly This Morning.

WAS IN GOOD HEALTH YESTERDAY AS USUAL.

His Death a Sad Shock to His Wife.

John Brunette, an ex-councilman of this city, died suddenly this morning at his home, 9 Ames street.

Though Mr. Brunette has been complaining of late of not enjoying good health, still he was able to be about and was with his friends yesterday afternoon and last night.

Early this morning he was seized with a bad spell and lingered only a short time. Mr. Brunette was a prominent French resident and a good straight democrat.

He served two years in the common council being elected from old Ward one and during his career he never once deviated from the straight path of democracy. He was a well known Forester being a charter member of Court Merrimack, F. of A., also a past chief ranger and deputy ranger. He was also connected with the insurance branch of the order.

The news of his death caused a shock among his friends who had seen him on the street and conversed with him yesterday. He leaves a wife to mourn his loss.

Yesterday Mr. Brunette called at the Sun office and was apparently in good health. Heart disease is supposed to be the cause of death. The funeral will take place from St. Peter's church at 9.30 Thursday morning.

CHESS AND CHECKERS

A Tournament to be Played Tonight in Barriste hall

The first tournament of the Lowell Checker and Chess club will open tonight in Barriste hall and will continue on Tuesday and Thursday nights until completed. Each player will play four games with every other player. This evening's games will be as follows: Jacob Saunders and T. Delaney Jr.; George W. Dearborn and Alfred Davis; John Sayers and Chas. Delaney; T. J. Reynolds and Walter Allen; John Joy and Neil McKillon; Alex. Munson and A. J. Richardson; M. J. Dowd and J Saunders; W. P. Foye and J. Callaghan; Martin Farrell and John Cawley; James Sullivan, M. D. and Daniel McKinnon.

Lester's Academy of Dancing.

Reduction in prices. All class lessons 25 cents. Private 50 cents. No tickets sold. Lessons paid for as taken. This rate is for the rest of season only. For particulars call at Swan building, 26 Central street.

LATEST

A $3,000,000 FIRE

Visited Philadelphia This Morning.

WANNAMAKER'S GREAT STORE DAMAGED.

A Whole Block of Buildings Destroyed.

By Associated Press to the Sun.

Philadelphia, Pa., Jan 26.—A big fire is burning here this forenoon, and already, the loss is estimated at $1,000,000.

The fire is not under control. An entire block between Market and Filbert streets, and 13th and Juniper streets is burned.

John Wanamaker's mammoth building is now in flames, and the firemen are fighting to save it.

Later Account.

At 10.30 o'clock the fire was under control.

The loss is now estimated at $3,000,000. From 15 to 20 buildings were gutted. Two firemen were injured by falling walls. Wanamaker's store was saved, though badly damaged.

The water froze on touching the building. Dennett's big restaurant, Blum Bros. five story cloak factory, Marshall's restaurant, the Hat factory of B. Wells, wholesale grocery of Showell & Friar and an eight story umbrella factory of Hirsch Bros., the largest in the world, an immense printing establishment of Dunlop Bros., seven stories, with many small buildings, all burned like tinder.

At 8.15 the immense tower of John Wannamaker's store caught. It contained the cloak and chinese department and taking in the entire Market street front. The high wind blowing, city hall was exposed terribly to the heat and caught fire but was put out after hard work. During the time of fighting the big fire, six other alarms of fire were rung in, making it doubly hard to concentrate on the principal fire. Wannamaker employes 4200 hands.

The majority assisted in putting out the fire in his building. Hirsch Bros. lost $400,000 on stock. The building was owned by Henry Gibson and valued at $500,000. It is a total loss. Blum Bros. lost $150,000 on stock. Hanscom Bros., $125,000. Wannamaker, $100,000. Dunlop Bros., $200,000. Many others $10,000 to $75,000. Mostly covered by insurance. The fire was under control at 12 o'clock. Thirty buildings were burned and twenty firemen injured.

The excitement incident to the fire was intense and the total damage can only be roughly estimated. It is set down over three million dollars.

BOWLING NEWS.

The Firemen lost yesterday afternoon to the Young Fellows defeating them 2483 to 2384.

In the Vesper club tournament, Team Two defeated Team Five, 2037 to 2032.

On the Olympic alleys the B. B.-C's. won from the O. S. C's. 2250 to 2194.

Mr. Roy Entertained.

Mr. Joseph Roy of this city, spent his last night of bachelorhood with his fellow members of Le Cercle Canadien as their rooms last evening. A delightful evening was passed. The choir Rossini was in attendance and rendered several acceptable musical selections.

The Consumers' Brewing Co.'s
EXPORT BEER
Bottled and Steamed at the Brewery.
An Excellent Tonic
For Sale by All Local Dealers.

A NOBLE SOCIETY

St. Vincent De Paul of St. Patrick's.

HAS SPENT $21,000 IN HELPING THE POOR.

Treasurer Johnson Makes an Interesting Report.

The reporter of The Sun called upon Mr. Henry J. Johnson, treasurer of St. Vincent De Paul conference of St. Patrick's parish, to inquire into the workings of the conference. The reporter found in Mr. Johnson a young man of an unassuming nature, and while admitting that great good is being done by the conference, the treasurer evinced no desire to claim any credit for the good showing made, although

REV. MICHAEL O'BRIEN,

Spiritual Director.

he is looked upon by the members of the conference as being of invaluable assistance, owing to the interest he takes in the works of charity.

He stated that "the St. Vincent De Paul conference does its work among the poor as quietly as possible, making but little show, being satisfied with the thought that good was being accomplished."

"But," added Mr. Johnson, "I see no reason why I could not give you an idea of the work we do, and a report of what has been accomplished by the conference."

While our conference has been in existence but a few years," said Mr. Johnson, "yet we have accomplished great good. We organized the conference at the request of the pastor of our church, who is also spiritual director of the conference, the Rev. Michael O'Brien, who stated that there was great suffering among the poor, and while he and other priests of his parish were doing everything possible under the circumstances to assist the worthy poor, yet he felt that with a St.

REV. RICHARD S. BURKE,

President.

Vincent De Paul conference the wants of all the worthy poor could be attended to, as it was his greatest desire to help the suffering at all times. Last year," said Mr. Johnson, "the conference and the Ladies' Sewing Circle distributed among the poor of our parish in clothing, food, fuel and caring for orphans $2074.85. The number of families assisted was 330. The

HENRY J. JOHNSON,

Treasurer.

number of persons was 1360, and during the existence of the St. Vincent De Paul conference and the Ladies' Sewing Circle, they have given out over $21,000 worth among the poor of the parish, and they have looked after and found homes for 128 children."

The reporter inquired of Mr. Johnson, what method the conference had for giving aid to the poor. He said, "The class of poor with which we deal are those who appeal to the priests of our parish for aid, and they while on their daily visits among the poor, have an opportunity of investigating the different cases and when we receive an order to assist a family we know that the case is a worthy one. The great work of the conference, such as visiting the poor, etc., is done by our priests, and while in the past we were somewhat embarassed by having a layman as president we did very well considering that a great part of our work is, attending to the spiritual wants of the poor, but we expect to be able to do much better work for the future, as Rev. Richard S. Burke has been appointed president of our conference. Being always among the poor he will aid the conference very well in supplying the needs of distressed families.

The success of our conference is due mainly to Rev. Michael O'Brien, our spiritual director, and too much credit cannot be given him for the interest he takes in the wellfare of the poor of his parish and the success of our conference. You see we get our funds through entertainments, donations of money, etc., from people thoughout the city who take an interest in assisting the works of charity. At times our funds ran rather low, but that fact did not deter us from our work as I have often heard our spiritual director, Rev. Michael O'Brien say, assist every good, deserving case, which is reported to you by the priests of the parish, as it is my desire to have the worthy people of my parish looked after, in order that they will not suffer for the want of food or clothing; and he would add, when your funds are running short come to me and I will find a way out of the difficulty."

"Surely," said Mr. Johnson, "that was great encouragement to the members of the conference and with such advice and assistance, we could not do, otherwise than accomplish great good among the poor. The Ladies' Sewing circle, which is composed of young ladies of our parish, does a great amount of good work in the way of sewing and distributing clothing and shoes among the poor children of our parish. I wish you would say, said Mr. Johnson that in behalf of the members of our conference and the worthy poor of our parish I thank all who have in any way assisted us in our works of charity."

LOCAL NOTES.

The name of Overseer McKinley's bride was Dorman, not Donovan as reported by the papers.

The committee appointed to revise the rules of the city council will meet Thursday evening.

John Lonergan, of the Eagle shoe store, is making poor people happy by giving them the best bargains in the city in boots and shoes. Read his ad. in this paper and see what he has to say about box calf.

Bartlett & Dow have sold thousands of pairs of skates this season, and have got thousands more left. They are extensive dealers and you can always get a bargain in skates at their store. Go and look their stock over when you want anything in their line.

Wamesit lodge, Knights of Pythias, installed its officers last night, the following officers from Middlesex lodge officiating: D. G. C. Frank C. Nichols, G. V. C. F. E. Johnson; G. P.; H. H. Pressey; G. P. R. and S., Herman Dane; G. M. at A. R., W. Byam. The first rank was worked on one candidate, after which a light supper was served. F. B. Wright, who was recently elected to the position of keeper of records and seals, has seen twenty-one years of continuous service in that office.

DEATHS.

MERRILL—Mary J. Merrill, widow of the late Francis Merrill, died at her late home, 414 School street yesterday, aged 80 years.

JUDGE—Bridget Judge, aged 30 years, wife of James Judge, died this morning at her home, 174 High street. She leaves one child, a brother and a sister. Funeral Thursday morning from St. Peter's church.

Nearly Frozen.

An officer found Theodore Cardinal half frozen and twice as drunk, hanging over a fence yesterday. Cardinal was arrested and released this morning, having been thoroughly thawed out.

A Recount.

The recount of the votes cast in the recent democratic city committee caucus in Ward six was held last evening and showed no change from the original count. James Minahan who asked for the recount fell six votes behind Mr. Donahue.

O'SULLIVAN BROS.'
Opportunity Sale
MEANS
HIGH GRADE FOOTWEAR
At Half Price or Less.
NOT cheap trash that is not worth the trouble of carrying.
We Mention Particularly

LADIES'	MEN'S
$3 Tan Onio Oxfords Red Goat Oxfords and Tan Russia Strap Slippers at $1.	$4 Calf Congress Graham or wide cap toe, $2.
$5 Patent Vamp Dress Button Boots (Burt's), also plain toe kid, button dress Boots, $3.	$5 Genin Wauknephast congress, calf lined. Also Calf Wauknephast Hathaway, Soule, and Harrington's make, $3.
$5 Burt Kid Button patent tips, new stylish toe, $3.	$2 Dongola Congress $1.50.
$3 Box Calf Lace and Button Boots, double sole, new coin cap toe, $2.	$5 Patent Dress Congress, $3.
$2 Misses' Dongola Boot, button and lace, wide toe, $1.	$10 Herth's French Congress, cork sole, sizes 8 and 9, width 4 and 5, $5. Men's and Boys' Button Boots at half price.

O'SULLIVAN BROS.
Opposite City Hall.

LONGER COURSE

For the Kindergarten Training School.

VOTED BY THE SCHOOL BOARD LAST NIGHT.

Supt. Whitcomb's Remarks to the Board.

It took the school committee about half an hour to transact the regular business last night.

There was nothing of any great importance done and but one committee report was received.

Every member was present.

The report of the secretary for the last meeting was read and accepted.

The committee on teachers reported in favor of extending the course for kindergarten pupil teachers to one and one half years, instead of one year as at present. This was done at the suggestion of Miss Anna Devereaux, supervisor of kindergarten schools. The report was accepted and adopted.

Mr. Stearns wanted to know if the committee considered making the course two years.

Chairman Swapp said it had, but he did not think such a jump should be taken, though he believes that eventually the course will be made two years.

Mr. Thompson presented a list of pupils of the High school who had failed to reach the standard of the school and therefore were placed on the probation list.

Supt. Whitcomb referred to the test of the eyesights of school children now being made. He said that Dr. Stephenson reported 47 per cent. of the children examined had some defect in vision. In one case a boy afflicted with long-sightedness was found wearing glasses for short-sightedness. Word was sent to his parents who took him to an oculist in Boston for treatment. The latter said that the boy's vision was being destroyed and it was fortunate the test was made.

Supt. Whitcomb also called the attention of the board to the ringing of the storm signal on stormy days. He wanted the board to discuss the matter informally and say whether he ordered the signal rung too frequently or not as often as it should be. He said he should have ordered it rung last Thursday but the storm deceived him.

Messrs. Everett and Swapp believed the superintendent used good judgment in the matter.

Mr. Thompson said there are two sides to the question. He never heard any criticism for not ringing the bell but he had heard complaint because it was rung. However he believed the superintendent exercised good judgment.

The resignation of Miss Katherine McOwen as a teacher in the Chapel street school was accepted, and the thanks of the board extended for efficient service.

Mr. Schoolcraft asked the privilege of omitting the recess at the Edson school on stormy days and dismissing the classes 15 minutes earlier.

Supt. Whitcomb suggested that it would be better for the committee if it so desires, to shorten the session in all the schools of the city on stormy days. He opposed omitting recess and shortening the session because it would be a bribe to teachers and pupils to omit the recess and shorten the session. No action was taken on Mr. Schoolcraft request and the board then adjourned.

THEATRICAL NEWS.

Savoy Theatre.

A large and fashionable audience saw the initial performance of Lord Lytton's great five act play "The Lady of Lyons," at the Savoy theatre last evening. The production was characteristic of the previous efforts of Mr. Weston's company of talented players, for it showed careful study, clever delineation and beautiful staging. The costumes were most elaborate but that is not all. Miss Rose Stahl who holds a warm place in the hearts of Lowell's "playgoers" was greeted with prolonged applause which must have been very gratifying to that accomplished actress. Her presence was charming, her acting superb and her conception of the role of Pauline was perfect. Mr. Kendal Weston as Claude Melnotte, simply repeated or rather added another to his long list of brilliant successes. In both the frivolous scenes and the emotional parts he was equally effective. Mr. Stephen Wright as the designing, rejected lover, was especially good and deserves great credit for his work. Mr. William Burress, who by the way is one of the cleverest character impersonators, was most excellent as the father, especially in the last act. Mr. Alden and Mr. Fleming were seen to good advantage and Carl Scranton as the inn keeper was refreshing in his happy role. Miss Georgie Dickson and Miss Mary Annable as the elder ladies were good. In short the whole cast hardly admits of particularization. A large theatre party was present in full dress. The brilliant costumes of the ladies gave a charming effect to the gathering, and the derisive giggles of some of the scions of fashion were very annoying to that portion of the audience which could appreciate the pathetic parts of the play and the earnest work of Mr. Weston and his company. The ladies of the company were each presented with beautiful bouquets of narcissus and curtain calls were numerous and justified. We congratulate the management of the Savoy.

Music Hall.

A large audience attended the opening performance of Fred Rider's Night Owls' company in Music Hall, last evening when a very enjoyable performance was given. The principal entertainer was Lew H. Carroll who gave as clever a monologue time as one would wish for. May Adams in negro songs made a decided hit as did Fitzgerald and Kelly in the song, dance and boxing act. Blanche Walworth, Sam Collins and other clever specialty people entertained all appearing in a three act burlesque entitled "A Pack of Cards," which was elaborately staged and finely presented. The performance is breezy and decidedly entertaining and will undoubtedly draw large audiences tonight and twice tomorrow.

The regular monthly meeting of the overseers of the poor will be held Thursday afternoon.

THE SUN EXTRA

5 O'CLOCK

THREE INDICTED

For Procuring Indecent Exposure at Sherry's.

OUTCOME OF THE SEELEY DINNEN ESCAPADE.

Seeley, Phipps and Rich Will be Tried.

By Associated Press to the Sun.

New York, Jan. 29.—The notorious Seeley dinner trial has come to an end at last with serious consequences for its alleged projectors.

This morning the grand jury indicted Herbert Barnum Seeley, James H. Phipps and Theodore Rich in connection with the recent dinner.

They are charged with conspiracy to procure an indecent exposure of two women at a dinner.

OVER TWENTY ARE INJURED

IN THE OVERTURNING OF A SLEIGHING PARTY.

With Broken Bones They Lay on the Snow With Temperature Below Zero.

By Associated Press to the Sun.

Altoona, Pa., Jan. 26.—A sleighing party of 40 persons was precipitated over an embankment of feet last night. There were 20 injured.

Boys and girls with arms and legs broken lay in snowdrifts for several hours with the mercury three below.

BURNED TO DEATH.

An Aged Lady the Fourth Victim in Six Weeks.

By Associated Press to the Sun.

Newport, R. I., Jan. 26.—Mrs. Nathan Brown, an aged lady, was burned to death at her home this morning.

The heat was so intense that the firemen could not get near enough to fight the flames, but could hear her screams.

She is the fourth lady of advanced years to be burned to death under similar circumstances within six weeks.

A LAWRENCE POLICEMAN

Commits Suicide by Shooting While on Duty This Morning. He was Despondent.

By Associated Press to the Sun.

Lawrence, Mass., Jan. 26.—Patrolman Timothy J. Kelliher committed suicide by shooting himself in the head in the yard of a house on his beat this morning. He was despondent over the death of his father. He was forty-four years of age and leaves six children.

DEMOCRATS REFUSE.

To Support a Silver Senator in Iowa.

By Associated Press to the Sun.

Boise, Iowa, Jan. 26.—Sixteen out of eighteen democratic members of the legislature have telegraphed a protest to national chairman Jones against his request to support Senator Dubois (silver rep.) for re-election.

BIG STORM COMING.

Signals Displayed Along the New England Coast by Weather Bureau.

By Associated Press to the Sun.

Washington, Jan. 26.—The weather bureau has ordered storm signals along the coast from New York to Eastport.

A $75,000 Fire.

By Associated Press to the Sun.

New York, Jan. 26—The building at 29 Pearl was damaged by fire this morning to the extent of seventy thousand dollars. Waldon and Camp, liquors, and the occupants of number 27 adjoining are the principal losers.

Foundry Defaulted.

By Associated Press to the Sun.

Louisville, Ky., Jan. 26—The Pittsburg Forge and Iron company has asked that a receiver be appointed for the M. A. Sweeney foundry company of Jeffersonville, Ind. The company is said to have defaulted on the interest on $80,000.

Broke His Neck.

By Associated Press to the Sun.

Denver, Col. Jan. 26.—Sir Robert Stewart is dying here from a broken neck, caused by a fall on Sunday. His home is in Edinburgh.

Business District Burned.

By Associated Press to the Sun.

Omaha, Neb., Jan. 26.—A message from Plattsmouth, Neb., says that the whole business portion of Pacific Junction, Iowa, was burned early this morning. Twenty-two buildings were destroyed. The loss will be heavy.

Chicago's Fire Day.

By Associated Press to the Sun.

Chicago, Ill., Jan. 26—Over one hundred fires occurred within twenty four hours yesterday. It was the high water mark. The grain elavator of the Purcell malting company was destroyed today. The loss was three hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

Alderman Cosgrove addressed the Hebrew club last night.

As to cold weather and warm clothes.
ALL WOOL FRIEZE ULSTERS for $6.00 ought to help out.
Our FRIEZE ULSTERS that were $15.00 are down to $10.00.
Our FRIEZE ULSTERS that were $20.00 are down to $15.00.
Our ROGERS, PEET ULSTERS that were $25.00 are down to $20.00.
BOYS' CAPE COATS $1.50.
CHILDREN'S BLUE CHINCHILLA Reefers were $2.00 down to $1.50.
PUTNAM & SON.
166 Central Street.

BIG FIRE AT CHELMSFORD

THE BARN OF MR. BARTLETT BURNED THIS MORNING.

Lowell Companies Started For The Fire, Were Ordered Back.

A barn belonging to Mr. Bartlett of the firm of Bartlett & Dow, and located in Chelmsford was completely destroyed by fire which started at 6.15 this morning. A man holding a lighted lantern was walking through the hay loft when the lantern exploded and set fire to the hay. The flames spread to the sides of the barn and soon the whole barn was enveloped in fire. Three horses that were in the barn were gotten out in safety but the building was a total loss.

Some one who saw the blaze pulled in an alarm from box 18 and the Lowell apparatus started out. When Chief Hosmer had covered the distance and saw the location of the fire, he ordered the companies back.

Police Court—Hadley, J.

T'was a 15 minute session this morning.

There were but three drunks two of whom were released.

Della Conners while "under the influence," stole some cloth from Cook & Taylor's. She was fined $15 for the larceny and $1 for drunkenness.

Pierre Lablausse is a little boy who works in the Tremont & Suffolk. Recently he made a little box at home and to complete his job needed two hinges. He saw two nice hinges on a spinning frame in the mill so with his little jack knife he cut off the guide board containing the hinges and went home with them. He was arrested and he pleaded guilty but his sentence was deferred until he will have earned the price of a fine.

Iron Moulders.

The Iron and Brass Moulders union held an enjoyable smoke talk in Bay State hall last evening. During the business meeting two delegates to the regular monthly conference in Boston were chosen and eight suspended members reinstated.

Prof. Geo. Barton, teacher of geology in the Institute of Technology, lectured before the Middlesex Women's club yesterday afternoon on "A Summer in Greenland." The professor was a member of the Peary expedition, and gave a very interesting account of his northern trip.

Ringing
Noises in the ears, sometimes a roaring, buzzing sound, or snapping like the report of a pistol, are caused by catarrh, that exceedingly disagreeable and very common disease. Loss of smell or hearing also results from catarrh. Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier, is a successful remedy for this disease, which it cures by purifying the blood.
Suffered With Catarrh.
"For years I was a constant sufferer with catarrh and a dull headache. I had no strength or appetite. When I had taken a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla, I felt better and since taking six bottles, I am troubled very little with headache." MISS ELLA WEST, Watseka, Illinois.
Hood's Sarsaparilla
Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier.
Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner pills, cure headache. 25c.

MONEY
deposited in the savings department of the Traders National Bank before the close of business the third day of any month draws
INTEREST
at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum from the first day of the month in which the deposit is made. The interest on deposits made on or before Wednesday, February 3d, begins February 1st. Interest credited to the account or may be withdrawn on the first of July and January of each year.
Bank opened 8 a. m. to 4 p. m. Saturdays 8 a. m. to 1 p. m., 7 to 9 p. m. Corner of Middlesex street and Post Office avenue.

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Publisher.

SUN BUILDING,

Merrimack Square, Lowell, Mass.

Per Year, $3.00. Per Month, 25c.

THE SUN IS

A Member of the Associated Press

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON.

Winter Arrangement, Oct. 4, 1896.

Southern Division.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
6 45	6 59	6 00	§7 07
6 30	7 45	6 30	7 53
6 52	8 04	6 40	§8 20
§7 01	7 58	8 00	9 11
*§7 18	8 02	*8 30	§9 10
*§7 27	8 12	*9 00	§9 58
§7 33	8 50	9 15	§10 25
*7 45	8 35	10 00	11 15
*8 53	9 49	10 45	11 58
9 09	10 30	11 30	§12 07
9 49	10 40	12 00	§12 06
11 09	12 04	*1 00	§1 35
§11 42	12 25	2 00	3 04
§12 16	1 05	*3 00	§3 4?
1 49	2 50	3 35	4 48
3 00	4 15	4 15	§5 32
*§3 55	4 35	*5 00	5 40
4 25	5 30	5 25	6 22
§5 22	6 15	5 54	7 05
5 55	6 50	6 15	7 37
*§6 21	7 00	*7 30	§8 10
*§7 51	8 30	*8 00	§8 35
		10 15	11 24
		‖11 20	12 23

Sunday Trains.

§7 08	8 02	2 15	§3 05
§7 27	8 12	9 09	§10 07
8 45	9 50	1 00	§1 57
§9 19	10 10	5 00	§5 59
§4 25	5 32	7 30	§8 10
§5 58	7 00	8 00	§8 33
		9 00	10 03

Western Division.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
6 50	8 03	7 30	8 33
8 15	9 15	9 25	10 27
9 25	10 39	10 25	11 46
10 59	12 02	1 50	1 08
12 05	1 37	2 15	3 19
12 45	1 53	3 40	4 56
2 30	3 44	4 23	6 45
3 20	4 22	5 04	6 20
4 05	5 23	6 01	7 09
5 10	6 42	6 55	7 48
6 15	7 29	9 45	10 41
7 00	8 05	11 15 ‖	15
9 30	10 44		

Sunday Trains.

8 15	9 27	8 07	9 19
12 05	1 26	11 45	12 58
4 15	5 38	5 00	6 27
5 30	6 55	7 00	8 22
7 25	8 45		

Trains by this division leave Lowell from Middlesex street station.

Leave Boston from the new Union Station, Causeway street.

*Express.

§From Middlesex St. station only.

‖ Runs to Lowell Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

It seems that Lowell is not without her kleptomaniacs, as Judge Hadley can probably realize.

They do say that notwithstanding the *intense cold last night* the editor of the News was in a sweat all night long. The Sun has made it rather hot for 'im. Poor Dinny!

It is not to the credit of the fire department that while a building was burning *down on Keene street* the firemen were engaged digging up the street in search of a hydrant.

Lawrence is getting noted for its tragedies of late. It is really getting ahead of Lowell in some respects and closely copying *after us in others*—the municipal muddle for example.

The Lawrence Sun wisely says: A policeman has no right to kick a man, whether the latter is a prisoner or not. An officer guilty of such a piece of brutality should be proceeded against.

The operation by which Little Tommy Madden of New York was relieved of a campaign button which had lodged in his throat, is one of the triumphs of the X rays which showed its precise location.

The numerous fatalities from the deadly water gas in Boston will undoubtedly lead to greater precautions. It is claimed that air in the pipes has put out the gas in some places and that the return of the deadly fluid does the fatal work.

The News has now an opportunity to investigate the Sun's circulation if it is willing to allow a thorough investigation of its own. The News will realize in the end that a circulation challenge is no answer to a charge of calumniating the democratic party.

Truly, heartily and cheerfully can every lover of genius join with the lads and lassies of Bonny Scotland in honoring the memory of Bobby Burns, nature's own poet, the best lyric poet perhaps, the world has ever seen. Although a son of Scotland, *Burns was a gift to the world*, and his songs will live while the English language endures.

The Boston Herald speaks in high terms of praise of the textile school project and says that before this century closes there should be a dozen or more of them established in New England. Intending students who reside in Lowell should have a preference for we understand there will be many applicants from other places.

There would be *at least one very important* advantage of municipal ownership of a street lighting plant, namely, that the cost of manufacturing could be known and this knowledge could be utilized to prevent extortion. There would thus be a saving to the city and a restriction upon *unscrupulous manufacturers*. The agitation for municipal ownership is sweeping over the country with the wave of municipal reform.

Rev. Dr. Rainesford of New York has created a great furore in that city by denouncing the lavish expenditure connected with various social functions while thousands are starving or perishing of cold. It is generally supposed the allusion was to the Bradley-Martin bal masque to come off on February 10 which is to cost twice as much as a recent Vanderbilt ball that cost $250,000. *As might be expected* now that Dr. Rainesford has caused much comment a great many other ministers who like to be talked about have tackled the same topic. The bal masque is to be of a historic character, the costumes will be of the most costly kind and altogether the projectors claim it will put a lot of money in circulation that should percolate downward to the poor. But it will never reach the distressed.

Why Not?

If you are economizing why not look over your printing bills and see if you are not paying too much *for printing?* Call at this office and get prices on your work, and see if we cannot save money for you.

THE CHIEF DESIDERATUM

GROS PRESENTS MEASURES OF FUNDAMENTAL REFORM.

The Way to Evolve Social Righteousness Is to Abolish Systems Which Interfere With the Operation of Natural Laws. Prayers For the Ignorant.

[Special Correspondence.]

What is it that all real reformers want? The Frenchmen most picturesquely say, "Le nom ne fait rien a la chose," by which they mean names have nothing to do with objects. Over nine-tenths *of the troubles of the world* are at least partially due to the fact that men have generally quarreled about names as if they were part and parcel of facts when the latter exist independent of names. And the human mind is such a curious object that the same name often *conveys different impressions* to different minds. Why so? All because of an imperfect education through the whole march of historical development; all because we have never yet been taught how to go down into fundamentals along straight, direct lines of thought. The worship of names has been the object of education rather than the worship of solid truth. Owing to that, the quantity of real reformers is yet, no doubt, altogether insignificant to produce any common consensus among the rank and file of nations.

A real reformer! What can be the meaning of that? No real reform is possible but through the gradual suppression of the present industrial slavery, the ensemble of which presents greater abominations than the old servitude and chattel slavery. The two latter social forms, bad as they were, gave work and some bread to every willing worker. They did not evolute the tramp or city loafer in periods of peace, anyhow, and under good crops. The problem of the unemployed *did not exist as a* permanent fact. It was reserved to our so called grander and holier civilization to develop the loafer and the unemployed *in large numbers in the bosom* of peace and plenty, with all natural causes in favor of a healthy social expansion to produce the maximum comfort all around. *That is just what makes our* civilization far more sinful than any, because sin is nothing but a relation between men's potentialities for good and *the degree to which* they fail to realize them. There we have the truth forever ignored by our modern Pharisees, those who sing the glories of our industrial conditions.

Civilization must imply some intimate connections between man and society, which may be expressed approximately, as follows: *Men in society have* individual and social duties, and so individual and social rights; hence the need of government with two social or collective functions essentially basic—viz, first, government must collect for all public expenses the full annual land values evolved in any form, they being a collective creation; second, government must own and control for public good all the industrial activities which otherwise would have to rest on privileges to some, interfering with the equal rights of all. With those two governmental functions, we would protect the social rights of all without disturbing their individual rights. We would also see that the social duties of all be performed without interference with their individual duties. All equilibrium would then be preserved. Those two basic social functions would make all monopoly unprofitable. They would evolve social righteousness. Without them we can have nothing but governmental or organized social iniquity, by which we pitch the many into poverty and degradation that the few may pocket most of the wealth of nations, as is the case today more ever before.

What we may call the monopoly fund, apart from the labor fund, had never been quite as large as in our days under our popular republic. That monopoly fund is today not less than $3,000,000,000 per annum, against barely $6,000,000,000 retained by the real workers of the nation. Most of that monopoly fund is absorbed by 2 or 3 per cent of the population, and the balance by about 10 or 12 per cent, a combination of workers and monopolists, none of which earns half as much from labor and monopoly together as a healthy civilization would give him, with considerable less labor and a far more enjoyable life than today. The poor fellows don't see it, of course. Let us pray for them.

Please, reformers of all kinds, study the natural action of those two governmental functions above outlined. If your reform ideas are somewhat deep, if you are not afraid that a deep reform may hurt you, if your love toward your God and humanity is sufficiently *intense, you will then find that those* two social functions, when properly applied in all their basic simplicity, could not fail to abolish the whole monopoly fund in less than 15 *years, and possibly in* less than 10 years. For the details of that operation some other little article may be given later on.

In the meanwhile all that is necessary to grasp the problem, with its few precise elements, is to dwell on the naturalness of that double governmental process, on their conformity to all natural rights, individual and social. That alone is a guarantee that the monopoly fund, with the capital it implies, could not *fail to be rapidly transferred* to the workers of the nation, because nature takes no cognizance whatever of monopoly and gives all wealth to the honest, useful workers. Nature repudiates in toto every monopolist, loafer or schemer. They can only be evolved by human laws of privilege in defiance of all natural rights and all divine enactments.

Suppose for a moment that the specified double process was not enough. It would at least facilitate anything else needed for a complete social reconstruction. Can that be disproved?

JOSE GROS.

When you need printing remember The Sun.

TIRED MOTHERS find help in Hood's Sarsaparilla, which gives them pure blood, a good appetite and new and needed STRENGTH.

THE CONTRACT SYSTEM.

Investigation Shows the Soundness of Labor's Demand For Its Abolition.

The last issue of the bulletin of the department of labor presents the results of a remarkably thorough investigation of the hours and wages of men employed directly by the public as compared with those of men doing similar work under private contractors. In New York, in Philadelphia, in Boston and in Baltimore this investigation was prosecuted, and the returns have been summarized by Ethelbert Stewart in a way that commands attention. In all of these cities the public has recognized its obligations as an employer and everywhere pays the highest rate of wages given for similar work by the best private firms. In Baltimore, for example, the carpenters employed by the public receive from 28 to 33 cents an hour, while contractors are paying from 18 to 31 cents. As a rule the public pays about 20 per cent more per hour than private contractors. Its labor, however, only costs it about 10 per cent more per day, because the public has everywhere recognized that the short hour day is better for the quality of the work as well as for the health and vigor of the workmen. As regards the direct employees of the public, Mr. Stewart's resume indicates that the public conscience is everywhere alert. This conscience, however, has not yet made itself felt in the treatment of the men employed by private contractors to do public work. Nowhere are these contractors obliged to pay any more than the lowest rate of wages men can be induced to accept. Here is a point upon which the friends of a living wage should direct their energies. There is no reason why our cities should not follow the example of the more progressive municipalities in England and stipulate that contractors for public work should pay as high wages as any private firms pay for similar work.

This is the reform demanded where contract work is necessary. But a still greater reform is the displacement of contract work by public work. On this subject the report before us throws a flood of light. The public, it shows, can pay higher wages than private contractors and yet save large sums of money by doing its work itself. As one example the recent experience of Boston is cited. In 1894 that city sprinkled its *streets by contract*; in 1895 a public department took charge of the work. The result was as follows:

"The cost for watering in the Back Bay with fresh water in *1894 under contract* was $575 per mile, while this year the same service was more efficiently rendered at $434 per mile.

"The *expense* in the south end last year for watering was $460 per mile for fresh water, $630 per mile for salt water, while this year the watering was *done under day work at an expense of* $277 per mile."

There was a saving of one-third in spite of the higher wages paid by the city department. What the city saved was not alone the profits of the contractors, but the cost of supervising the contractors and seeing that they did their work.—New York Journal.

STRIKES DID IT.

When All Else Failed, Labor's Last Resort Conquered the Sweaters.

The conditions under which ready made clothing was manufactured in all the great cities, but particularly in New York, prior to the series of strikes inaugurated three *or* four years ago was atrocious. The workshops were merely tenement rooms, insufficiently ventilated, badly lighted, terribly crowded. Dirty beyond description and entirely without any decent sanitary arrangements, men, women and children worked, ate and slept in them.

Time and again the public was harrowed by the story. The United States *senate appointed* a committee of its members to investigate. It did so and reported itself duly horrified, but no improvement resulted. The legislature of *New York did likewise*, and the sweatshop system continued to flourish. Antisweatshop leagues, composed of philanthropic and influential people, were organized. *Apparently no one dreamed* that the workers themselves might solve the vexing problem by the very simple method of refusing to work under such *conditions.*

Ignorant of the language and customs of the country, most of them Russian Hebrew emigrants, they seemed helpless indeed. Gradually the leaven of discontent worked among the New York sweatshop toilers. The immigrant aspired to the level of the native worker. Leaders sprang up among their ranks. Three years ago they inaugurated a series of strikes. First they struck against the "task" system, which was at the basis of the terribly long hours. They had been required to finish a certain number of garments as a day's work instead of working a stipulated number of hours. They were willing to work ten hours a day, they declared. Public sentiment was with them, and they won their strike.

Emboldened by success and by the fact that a law had been passed regulating the manufacture of clothing in tenement houses and giving special powers over the sweatshops to the factory inspectors, they struck again. They demanded that the wholesale dealer give the cut garments only to contractors who would have them made up in shops conforming to the factory laws. Their demands were granted, with the result that the sweatshop system, if not entirely wiped out, has received a very severe blow. The workers themselves, by their own united efforts, and by using that much abused weapon, the strike, *have accomplished what apparently far more influential* outsiders were unable to do. The garment workers all over the country followed the example of their New York brethren of the National Garment Workers' union and in most cases succeeded in materially improving conditions.—M. E. J. Kelley in North American Review.

Organized Labor.

The Utica Advocate declares that organized labor is not only growing in numbers and strength, but also in conservative reason and sense. Once abused, misrepresented and vilified, says that *journal, it now demands the respect and* regard of all who have acquainted themselves with its aims and purposes.

THE "SUN" HOW COLUMN

DO YOU LIKE A GOOD CUP OF TEA?

How Easily it May be Made With a Little Care—How Lemons Will Benefit the Lungs—How to Choose Floor Coverings.

Have good tea to begin with; then be sure that you have freshly drawn, pure and filtered water of which to make the beverage. The water must not have been standing for hours exposed to the weather nor simmering on the range. It must be fresh, and then, if you have a brisk fire or the hot flame of an alcohol lamp, bring it quickly to the boil. A flat bottomed kettle is to be preferred, as it has a broad surface to expose to the heat, and the boiling is soon accomplished. Water is boiling when it bubbles and the steam comes in white puffs from the spout of the kettle. It does not boil when it begins to simmer and to sing. That is only the sign that it is near to boiling. You must make your tea when the water has just boiled. A kettle which has been standing on the back of a stove all day, filled up now and then by a dipper or two more of water, will not make good tea. You must boil the water on purpose.

An earthen pot is better for tea than a metal one. Pour a little boiling water in the pot to heat it, and after a minute or two pour it out. Now put a teaspoonful of tea for every cup of hot water—an even, not a heaping, spoonful—and add an extra one for the pot. Pour on as much water as will fill the number of cups you wish to make. Let it stand two minutes; then, with a long handled spoon, stir the leaves once through the water and instantly cover the pot again. Three minutes more, and your tea is done. Never let tea steep or boil or stand a long time. It is a quick, neat, nice process from beginning to end.

How Lemons Will Benefit the Lungs.

Lemons are an excellent remedy in pulmonary diseases. When used for lung trouble from 6 to 9 a day should be used. More juice is obtained from lemons by boiling them. Put the lemons in cold water and bring slowly to a boil. Boil slowly until they begin to soften. Remove from the water, and when cold enough to handle squeeze until the juice is extracted, strain and add enough loaf or crushed sugar to make it palatable, being careful not to make it too sweet. Add about twice as much water as there is juice. This preparation may be made every morning, or enough may be prepared one day to last three or four days; but it must be kept in a cool place.

How to Choose Floor Coverings.

For housewives of moderate means, with one servant, living in a small house or *apartment*, rooms can be kept clean with less labor if the floors or margins of them are stained and the center covered with a rug, which can be *lifted every few weeks and taken to the* yard or roof and shaken and thoroughly brushed. A good Smyrna rug will stand hard wear for ten years, longer than the best carpet will present a respectable appearance.

For bedrooms, whether for city or country, it has long been conceded that matting is the best, cheapest and most sanitary and artistic substitute. Good matting will give satisfaction for three years if turned once during that time and wiped once a month with a cloth wrung out of warm water containing a little soda.

It is more than possible, however, that matting, which has so long held the field, will be superseded by a comparatively new material called "floor fiber." It is as flexible as the best Chinese matting, is neat and unobtrusive in design, comes in many soft colors, and can be sewed together and bound like carpet. It forms one of the best backgrounds for rugs, and, it is said, will be largely used for dadoes as well as for ceilings. For hammock and floor and piazza cushions it is cool, durable and unrivaled from any point of view.

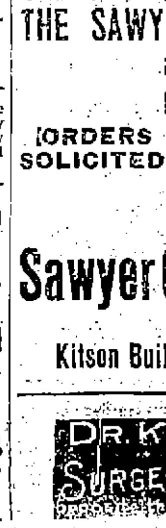
How to Prevent Black and Blue Marks.

Immediately after the accident mix an equal quantity of capsicum annuum with mucilage made of gum arabic. To this add a few drops of glycerin. The bruised surface should be carefully cleansed and dried, then painted all over with the capsicum preparation. Use a camel's hair brush and allow it to dry. Then put on the second or third coat as soon as the first is entirely absorbed. A medical journal is authority for the statement that if this course is pursued immediately after the injury, discoloration of the bruised tissue will be wholly prevented. It is also said that this remedy is unequaled as a cure for rheumatism or stiffness of the neck.

How to Mix Good Mustard.

Four tablespoonfuls best English mustard, 2 teaspoonfuls salt, 2 teaspoonfuls white sugar, 2 teaspoonfuls salad oil, vinegar to make smooth paste. Rub the oil into the mustard with a wooden or silver spoon until absorbed. Wet with vinegar to a stiff paste. Add the other ingredients, rubbing together thoroughly and adding more and more vinegar until consistency of cake dough. Beat five minutes and bottle. This will be mellowed enough for use in two days.

The advantage of having a state convict farm was made evident in the biennial report of the superintendent of the Texas penitentiaries, in which it is stated that there are 2,200 acres of land under high cultivation in connection with the Harlem penitentiary which are paying the state large sums annually.



A Wonderful New Medical Book, written for Men Only. One copy may be had free on application.

ERIE MEDICAL CO. BUFFALO, N. Y.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

The anniversary of the birth of Robert Burns was celebrated by a concert and ball at Haverhill, Mass.

The Potsdam, N. Y., national bank, with a capital of $250,000, has been closed by a national bank examiner.

Jack Everhardt of New Orleans and Mat Matthews of Brooklyn fought a 15-round draw at New York last night.

A chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution has been formed at Brockton, Mass., with 21 members.

Charles Murphy, the bicycle racer, will ride again this year. Murphy has now been racing since 1886 without a break, the longest record of any rider in this country.

Before the National Sporting club of London there was a 20-round fight between "Pedlar" Palmer and Ernie Stanton, for a purse of £1100. Palmer won in the 15th round, knocking out his adversary.

The creditors of the Winnipesaukee Gas and Electric Lighting company of Laconia, N. H., met yesterday and presented their claims, which were afterwards approved. Edmund Tetley of Laconia was appointed assignee.

James F. Dolan of New York, one of the largest granite cutters in the country, has purchased the stone quarry of Henry Hosmer of Mason, N. H. Mr. Dolan will begin operations in April, giving employment to a large number of men.

The poultry and pigeon exhibition at Chicago given by the National Fanciers' association opened with entries of 2000 poultry and 1000 pigeons. The various classes of pigeons which won abroad are shown for the first time in this country.

Agitation Over Tree Exercises.

Cambridge, Mass., Jan. 26.—Public sentiment has been so strong against the proposed abolishment of the tree exercises by Harvard corporation that that body may give in and the old custom be preserved. The class day committee has received a reply to their suggested reforms of tree exercises from President Eliot, in which he says that he feels no doubt that an adjustment of the present difficulties can be reached. He asks that the class day committee put their suggestions of lowering the flowers, wearing ordinary clothes and providing against combinations of students in the scrimmage, into definite form for presentation to the corporation. This seems to point to a final satisfactory settlement and to a continuance in a modified form of the scrimmage around the tree.

National Board of Trade Meeting.

Washington, Jan. 26.—The 27th annual meeting of the national board of trade will begin here today. The organization is composed of delegates from 41 associations of bankers and merchants from the principal cities of the United States. An official program of recommendations and resolutions, proposed by members of the board, to be considered at this meeting, has been prepared and covers 28 subjects. They relate to every variety of laws concerning the business interests of the country.

Cost of Lighting Reduced.

Lynn, Mass., Jan. 26.—The Lynn Gas and Electric company, at its annual meeting yesterday, reduced the price of gas from $1.10 to $1 per 1000 feet, and reduced the price of electricity 2 cents on 1000 meters. This is a significant reduction, and is undoubtedly brought about by the recent *municipal campaign*, in which a lower price for gas was an issue. The candidate for mayor on the Republican ticket is a director of the gas company.

CURRENT EVENTS.

The theft of a $2.50 wagon seat recently cost Midland county, Mich., $150.

During the recent holidays every single girl in the town of Brookstown, Ky., was married.

A St. Paul judge has awarded a citizen $5 damages because a motorman refused to stop a car for him.

The different labor organizations of Louisville which compose the Central Labor union are trying to have the car fare in that city reduced to 2 cents.

The Ohio State Archæological and Historical society has purchased 108 acres in Warren county, being the remainder of Fort Ancient, the best specimen of the work of the mound builders.

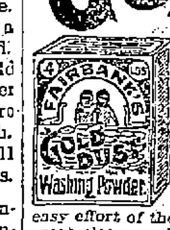
An Omaha old book dealer bought a Bible from a tramp, who said he found it "on the road" between Portland, Or., and Omaha. The Bible was printed in 1600 and has manuscript notes, made in Plymouth, Mass., in 1659. The bookseller has refused $175 for the volume.

For many years the weather station at Marquette, Mich., had the distinction of reporting the greatest snowfall in the United States. Snow lines on old weather maps showed Marquette as the radiating point. Last winter the deepest snow fell at Sault Ste. Marie, and the map was changed. Now the copper country is the place of deepest snow, Marquette seeming to be almost on the edge of the belt.

After the Performance.

Papa—Did you like the sword swallower, Johnny?

Johnny—Yes, indeed. I wonder how he doesn't do it.—New York Sunday World.



GOLD DUST WASHING POWDER

Dirt of any kind on any thing quickly yields to the easy effort of the housewife who uses this great cleaner. Largest package—greatest economy. Ask the grocer for it.

DR. WALKER, DENTIST.

NOTICE: Patrons of the undersigned are warned against paying money on any account to Isaac Williams, formerly in my employ. WILLIAM COGGER, Wood Dealer, 23 Concord street.

About Your Watch

Does It Keep Good Time?

Not very good since I have brought it to Mr. ——

Don't go there any more.

The Only Place to Have it Repaired

In good shape by a first class horologist

IS AT

Legault & Co.'s

THE ONE PRICE JEWELERS.

76 Central St. Cor. Prescott St.

"SLEEPING LIKE A TOP."

USE

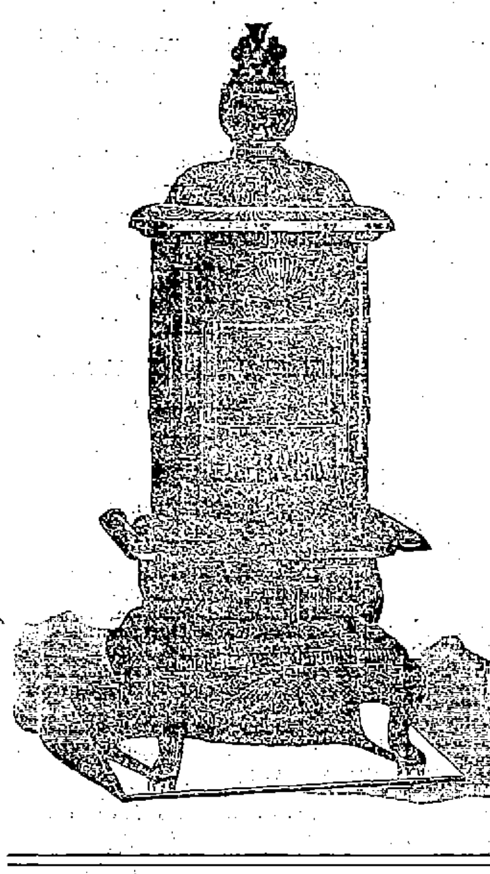
Cottolene

It is sweet, pure, and wholesome. No lard in it.

Genuine Cottolene is sold everywhere with trade marks—"*Cottolene*" and *steer's head in cotton-plant wreath*—on every tin.

A handsomely illustrated *Kitchen Calendar* of unique design, for 1897, containing Three Hundred and Sixty-five Selected Recipes by the best known teachers of and writers on cookery. Will be sent on receipt of this advertisement and six cents in stamps.

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.



Assurance Is one Thing, Conviction Another

We are positive in our talks about Ranges and Heaters—because long ago we became convinced of the unrivaled excellence of the Glenwood product. Not more convinced, however, than you will be—after you try one.

Gookin Bros., 66 Prescott St.

—MERCHANTS—

Now is the time to Paint, Kalsomine or Decorate Your Store or Office.

A. L. KITTREDGE & CO.

208 CENTRAL STREET.

RIDE

For the comfort of it in the best carriage you can buy.

You will have the more pleasure—in the long run the less expense.

THE SAWYER CARRIAGES are of the best high-grade carriages made.

ORDERS SOLICITED.

THE Sawyer Carriage Co.

Kitson Building, Worthen St.

DR. KELLEY. SURGEON DENTIST. 161 CENTRAL ST.

THE LOWELL

Gas Light Company

OFFICE:

22 Shattuck Street, Corner Middle

SEWALL G. MACK, President; JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; D. E. BARTLETT, Clerk.

Directors: Sewall G. Mack, Levi Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cumnock, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tucke, James Francis.

PRICE OF GAS

With the Discount Off for Prompt Payment, is

$1.00 One Thousand Feet

First Class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. COKE, broken, screened and delivered, at $4.50 per chaldron; $2.25 per half chaldron, cash.

No charge made for the use of meters.

No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar.

Orders when left at office promptly attended to

the ghastly terror of consumption stares a man in the face who neglects a cold.

HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR

It's so simple to get rid of a cough or throat trouble by Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar. Acts like magic. Sold by druggists.

Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

LOWELL TRUNK MANUFACTORY

At 70 and 72 Middlesex street, Old Wooden Building, is the place to call and select a Trunk OR ANY KIND OF Traveling Outfit.

We make a specialty of repairing Trunks. Do not wait until you are going on your vacation to have your Trunk repaired. Remember the place, 70 to 72 Middlesex street, Old Wooden Building. P. F. Devine, Prop.

HOUSE LOTS ON THE EMERY LAND

Only 5000 feet from City Hall, over and near the new Moody Street bridge. 76 houses built in this section last year. 18 houses are being built at the present time, and several cellars are being made. Lots are being resold at a big profit. Now is the time for you to buy. New electric road in the spring. Gas, sewers, city water, etc. This is no land scheme, but a bona fide chance for you to secure a good home or investment in one of the best sections of the city, at a low price and on very easy terms. Call for plans, terms, etc. Office on the land, open every afternoon.

A. J. RYAN, Agent

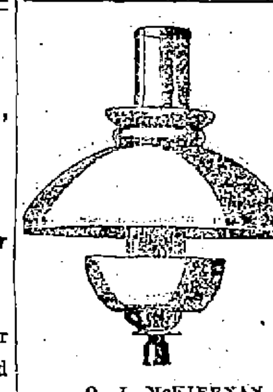
Room 20A Hildreth Building (Old Post Office)

BICYCLES TO LET.

Medium grade and 2nd hand wheels, going cheap to close.

Geo. H. Bachelder,

21, 23, 25, P. O. Ave., beside new P. O.



The Sunlight Incandescent Gas Lamp

Sold at 37 Shattuck St. Gas Fitting and Jobbing. Lowell.

O. J. McKIERNAN, Agent.

The SUNLIGHT is superior to any Incandescent Gas-Light in the market. 1—The Sunlight Burner (patent applied for) will distribute the gas much better, allowing a large volume of oxygen to unite with the gas, and gives considerably more light by the use of a less amount of gas.

LOWELL RENDERING CO.

Highest cash prices paid for Hides, Tallow, Skins, etc. Dead animals removed.

Factory and Office, So. Lowell

Telephone, 322-3. City Tel., 652-4

BACHELLER, DUMAS & CO.

Paper Ruling, Book and Pamphle Binding. Blank Books a Specialty.

42 CHURCH STREET

When You Want to get some kind of An Article and you think that nobody in the city keeps it, just CALL AT C. B. COBURN & CO.'S and it is ten to one that you will get what you want. Just try it.

63 AND 67 MARKET STREET.

You Have Struck the Right Place When you have found PETER WATSON'S Celebrated Bakeries

For if you are looking for the best quality of bakers' supplies, you are always sure to get the best when trading at either of his stores, which are located at

52 to 60 Charles Street, and 465 Lawrence Street.

If you desire he will supply your wants by calling at your home. Parties and weddings a specialty.

R. J. MOWER, PRACTICAL WATCHMAKER and OPTICIAN

285 Central Street.

Special Cash Sale for Ten Days.

Suits to Order $20.00.

DAVIS & NICKERSON, TAILORS,

No. 9 Central Street, Lowell, Mass.

5 O'CLOCK

SUFFERING FROM THE COLD

The Lowest Temperature for Years in the United States.

Appeal for Relief in Chicago—Zero Weather in New England and Texas—Destitution in New York—Trains Blocked.

Chicago, Jan. 26.—Mayor Swift has issued an appeal for aid, for the poor who are suffering from the cold, calling upon the big packers, coal dealers and merchants for contributions and supplies to relieve the suffering. In many instances the proclamation was forestalled, and heavy contributions are coming in constantly. On the floor of the board of trade a subscription paper was started, and several thousand dollars subscribed in a few minutes. The big department stores and dry goods merchants sent in checks for $500 and $1000.

The police department has been turned into a vast relief corps. Chief of Police Hadenoch has issued orders to every officer in the city to make a personal investigation of all cases of destitution on his beat and report the same at once. Help is sent immediately, and every patrol wagon and inspector's carriage is being used for the purpose. One pitiful case of suffering was reported to the Hyde Park station. At the home of Edwin Martin was a child that had died Saturday from starvation and lay unburied in the house. The family was without food, fuel or money, and had been for several days.

Another death was that of Fred A. Busch, 5 years old, who succumbed as the result of exposure. George Grant was found in a freight car near North street, almost dead, and with his feet badly frozen, so that they will have to be amputated.

The work of clearing the down town streets of snow was abandoned on account of the intensity of the cold.

Many of the men had no gloves or overcoats, and nearly 400 of them were more or less severely frostbitten.

Joseph Fey, a driver on a snow plow of the street cleaning department, had his body and limbs so badly frozen that he will probably die.

On some lines passengers on the street cars suffered badly. Miss Emma Smith, while riding from Thirty-fifth street to Madison on a Clark street car, became unconscious, and was only resuscitated after nearly an hour's hard work by physicians. The various police stations were crowded to their utmost capacity. The Harrison street station alone sheltered over 300 unfortunates. The Salvation Army barracks on West Madison street was kept open all night, and many were taken care of there.

Yesterday was the coldest day in the history of Chicago. The temperature averaged 20 degrees below zero all day.

Whistles of distress began to sound from the Sixty-eighth street crib yesterday afternoon, and a tug was sent out at once. The crib is about four miles out in the lake. The crib run out of coal. Six men were there at work and four of them were brought back to the city. They had a severe struggle to keep from freezing, but, by burning up everything that was not nailed down, they managed to get enough fire to generate the steam for the whistle. The weather is moderating very slowly.

In New York State.

New York, Jan. 26.—The threatening antics of the weather for some time past culminated yesterday in the most severe cold throughout the state of New York experienced this season. In New York city the mercury got down to the record point of the year, and in the upper part of the state it succeeded in disappearing almost entirely. Reports from Canada indicate an even more rigorous condition of affairs, but it was in the large cities of this state that the direful effects of the cold wave were the most painfully apparent. The poor of this city suffered terribly, for they had not alone to contend against the low temperature, but against a biting wind that opened up the crevices, and cut its way through the broken windows and under the doors. The weather forecaster here reported yesterday that the cold wave had spread over a great section of the country, and that not only in its extent, but in its severity as well, it was quite up to the record of previous years. Worse than this, he declares that for this section of the country, at least, there is no relief in sight. Fair weather is promised, and today, it is prophesied, will break another record.

In other parts of the state a terrific snow storm raged during the day. At Buffalo the wind blew at the rate of 44 miles an hour, bringing with it a drifting fall of snow. For the first time this winter Erie lake was frozen from shore to shore. Syracuse experienced the worst snow storm of the year.

Among those places which experienced the coldest weather of the day were: Montreal, 25 degrees below; Winnipeg, 23 below; Ottawa, 27 below; Malone, N. Y., 28 to 30 below; Saranac Lake, 32 below; Saratoga Springs, 10 below; Warrensburg, 20 below; North Creek, 23 below; Blue Mountain Lake, 30 below; Utica, 10 below; Middleton, 4 below.

The reports last night show that the storm is extending throughout the state, and that in some sections the thermometer is registering lower.

Throughout New England.

Boston, Jan. 26.—The stiff northwester which has been blowing over New England since Sunday, and which has dragged with it a moderate cold wave, continued unabated last night, but there was no further drop in the temperature after noon. The thermometer registered 14 above zero at 9 p. m. in this city. The high wind, however, has made the cold more severe, especially in exposed places, and along the coast, and all incoming vessels are well iced up. Along Cape Cod, especially off Chatham, the coasters have had a hard time all day, and a large fleet sought shelter inside Chatham bar. Nantucket reported a gale all day, with a minimum temperature of 16 above zero at 8 o'clock last night, and the harbor is blocked with ice. In northern New England, however, the temperature has been very low, averaging zero or a few degrees below, and the mercury shows signs of a still further drop. Farther to the south the cold as yet has not been exceptionally severe, and extreme temperatures are not anticipated by the weather bureau before tomorrow. The following thermometer and wind gauge readings at 9 p. m. were reported:

Portland, Me.—Temperature 10 degrees above, wind 10 miles an hour.

St. John, N. B.—Temperature 12 below zero, as during the entire day; wind front from 12 to 15 miles, blowing from the west.

Augusta, Me.—Temperature 3 below, no wind.

Bangor.—Temperature about zero, with downward tendency.

Manchester, N. H.—Temperature 2 degrees above zero, and rapidly falling.

Lawrence, Mass.—Temperature 9 above; high wind makes the cold more intense.

New Haven—Temperature 11 above.

Holyoke, Mass.—15 below zero; fierce wind all day.

Bridgeport, Conn.—Mercury 10 degrees above and falling.

Hartford—Temperature 5 above.

Worcester, Mass.—Thermometer 10 above; wind.

In the South and West.

Memphis, Jan. 26.—Reports from western Tennessee, northern Mississippi and Arkansas are to the effect that the coldest weather of the season is prevailing. There is no suffering reported, however, and the indications are that the temperature will rise considerably today. In Memphis and vicinity the thermometer registers 12 degrees above zero.

Bismarck, Jan. 26.—Sunday's storm was the most severe in recent years, the wind blowing 36 miles an hour, with the temperature at 30 below zero. It has abated somewhat, but the wind is still blowing 30 miles an hour, and the thermometer registers 22 below. Two inches of dry snow fell Saturday, and Sunday's wind piled this in great drifts, effectually blocking all trains. It will probably be three days before the Northern Pacific is again clear. Northern Pacific coast trains which left St. Paul Thursday and Friday last are in a snow drift at New Salem, 40 miles west of Mandan, and trains due at St. Paul Saturday night and Sunday night have been held at Jamestown, and the one due there last night is held at Dickinson. All westbound trains were held at Fargo. There is undoubtedly much suffering among farmers and others exposed to the storm's fury, and many have probably perished. The loss of cattle on the ranges will be frightfully large.

Austin, Jan. 25.—The cold wave that struck here has swept over the entire state. Reports from western ranges show that there is much suffering among cattle and sheep, with considerable loss of life. The blizzard following the heavy rain storm found the cattle wet, and they are freezing to death rapidly. Much suffering among the poor people is reported and the cold is increasing hourly.

Cleveland, Jan. 26.—The cold wave continues. At 7 o'clock last night the weather bureau thermometer registered 5 degrees below zero, which is 9 degrees lower than at the same hour Sunday night. The observer says the temperature will continue until morning, and he thinks it may go as low as it did Sunday night.

Washington, Jan. 26.—Reports from South Carolina and Georgia show that the cold wave had not reached either state at midnight yesterday. Truck farms will not be injured by a freeze, as the planting is only beginning.

Louisville, Jan. 26.—The coldest weather of the season prevails in this city. The maximum temperature yesterday was 11 degrees below zero. The indications are that the thermometer will fall lower than it did Sunday night, when it registered 3 below.

Toronto, Jan. 26.—The weather bureau reports the following low temperatures in Canada for the 24 hours ending 8 o'clock last night:

Calgary, N. W. T., 34 below zero; Quappelle, N. W. T., 24 below; Winnipeg, 28 below; Parry Sound, Ont., 22 below; Toronto, 7 below; Ottawa, 25 below; Montreal, 24 below, and Quebec, 24 below. The extreme cold in the northwestern territories is abating.

Winnipeg, Jan. 26.—The temperature went to the lowest point in this country recorded for years. Fifty below zero was generally reported from the Red river to Banff in the mountains. The weather is moderating.

Galvin Elected.

Boston, Jan. 26.—The board of aldermen, which is Republican, 7 to 5, after three weeks' hesitancy, yesterday concurred with the common council, which is strongly Democratic, in the election of J. W. Mitchell Galvin, a Democrat, as city clerk. The contest for this office has been a particularly bitter one, ever since the formation of the present board, and there was every appearance of a long deadlock between the two branches. Two Republicans joined the Democrats, and elected Galvin.

MR. BRYAN'S BOOK

Graphic Story of the Late Campaign.

MRS. BRYAN DESCRIBES HER HUSBAND'S PURPOSE.

Says His Life is One of Self Sacrifice.

Chicago, Jan. 26.—The last pages of "The First Battle," Hon. W. J. Bryan's book, have gone to press. The book embodies a story of the campaign of 1896, its important events and issues, and includes the most noteworthy incidents of Mr. Bryan's famous tour. It also contains the principal address and documents relating to the silver movement and some of Mr. Bryan's speeches. Considerable space is given to his connection with the silver agitation while in congress, and prior to the Chicago convention, and to a discussion of the election returns and an analysis of the political situation.

One of the interesting features of the book is the biographical sketch written by Mrs. Bryan, who thus describes their first meeting:

"My personal knowledge of Mr. Bryan dates from September, 1879. He was then entering upon his junior year. I saw him first in the parlors of the young ladies' school which I attended in Jacksonville. He entered the room with several other students; was taller than the rest, and attracted my attention at once. His face was pale and thin, a pair of keen dark eyes looked out from beneath heavy brows; his nose was prominent—too large to look well, I thought; a broad, thin-lipped mouth and a square chin completed the contour of his face. He was neatly and fastidiously dressed,

HON. W. J. BRYAN.

and stood firmly and with dignity. I noted particularly his hair and his smile. The former, black in color, fine in quality and parted distressingly straight; the latter expansive and expressive. In later years this smile has been the subject of considerable comment; but the well rounded cheeks of Mr. Bryan now check its onward march, and no one has seen the real breadth of the smile who did not see it in the early days. Upon one occasion, a heartless observer was heard to remark: 'That man whispers in his own ear,' but that was a cruel exaggeration."

As to the criticism that Mr. Bryan had not distinguished himself as a lawyer, she says:

"Those who thus complain should consider that he entered the practice at 23 and left it at 30, and during that period began twice and twice became more than self-supporting. At the time of his election to congress his practice was in a thriving condition, and fully equal to that of any man in the city."

She concludes the sketch thus:

"To give an estimate of his character or of mental endowments which he may possess would be beyond the scope of this article. I may be justified, however, in saying that his life has been one of earnest purpose, with that sort of genius which has been called 'a capacity for hard work.'"

"The First Battle" is dedicated to Hon. Richard P. Bland of Missouri, General James B. Weaver of Iowa and Hon. Henry M. Teller of Colorado, whom the author considers the "foremost champions of bimetallism in their respective parties."

The early chapters are devoted to an account of Mr. Bryan's conection with the silver movement and the development of silver sentiment. Then follow

MRS. WILLIAM J. BRYAN.

chapters devoted to the Republican and Democratic national conventions, including the memorable contest over the Chicago platform.

A chapter is devoted to the silver party convention, and another to the Populist convention. In one, entitled "The Triple Demand for Financial Independence," bimetallism is thus defined: "In a speech made in Ohio, I think in 1895, Senator Sherman used language something like this—I quote from memory: 'The parity between gold and silver can only be maintained by the use of gold as a standard, with silver coined in the limited quantities as a limited legal tender. This can properly be called bimetallism.'

"This definition of bimetallism has, within the last four years, become quite common among those who favor the gold standard, but are not willing to be known as monometallists. Bimetallism means two-metallism, just as certainly as the word biped means an animal with two feet. It means the use of two metals as standard money, and, to be standard money, they must be treated alike. If, then, to use gold as a standard, with silver coin in limited quantities as a legal tender, is bimetallism, then England now has bimetallism. If that system can properly be called bimetallism, the use of copper, in limited quantities as a legal tender, along with such a system, would constitute bimetallism."

Many interesting incidents of the tour east and west are given, and also quite a number of anecdotes.

In a chapter devoted to "The Bolting Democrats," Mr. Bryan says:

"The only criticism which I desire to record here, is that the gold Democrats sought to use the party name for purposes of deception. The party name belongs to the majority of the party, and the minority cannot fairly, honestly or honorably use that name in such a way as to mislead the voters."

As to the statement in Mr. McKinley's letter of acceptance, that "the mills should be opened, instead of the mints," Mr. Bryan says:

"This was an epigrammatic sentence, and did considerable service in turning public attention from the money question to the tariff question."

He says this about trusts:

"Our country has, in my judgment, much to fear from the political influence exerted by large corporations. The business of the country is falling more and more into the hands of corporations, and, since a lawyer receives both his reputation and his experience from his practice, the attorneys of great corporations come to be considered the leading attorneys at their respective bars. In appointments to public office, corporation attorneys have not only the advantage which their professional prominence gives them, but they also have the advantage of friendly relations with the prominent officials of other corporations. Thus it may happen, without the intention of the appointing power (and it may happen more easily with the intention of the appointing power) that officials appointed to enforce the law will be biased against the law which is to be enforced. It may even happen that judges upon the bench will retain, after appointment, the bias acquired in corporation practice."

Regarding the civil service, he says:

"I do not believe that life tenure is, as a rule, a wise thing in a government like ours. The fact that the people make frequent changes in their public officials in the case of elective offices is conclusive proof that life tenure is not popular."

Arbitration Treaty.

Washington, Jan. 26.—The United States senate will not consent to submission of the Monroe doctrine to arbitration. It will not consent to arbitrate claims growing out of our customs or immigration laws. It may not consent to the service of King Oscar of Sweden as chooser of the final umpire. These facts were plainly indicated at yesterday's meeting of the foreign relations committee.

Manufacturers' Convention.

Philadelphia, Jan. 26.—The second annual convention of the National Association of Manufacturers, which opens in this city today, promises to be one of more than ordinary interest. A number of important matters will come before the convention, among which will be the report of the committee on Mexican affairs, the report of the transportation committee bearing on the interstate commerce law, and also a report of the investigations conducted by Robert P. Porter on the commerce and industries of Japan. An interchange of ideas on the subject of tariff and commercial relations with other countries is also looked for. The report of the committee appointed to bring about such legislation as will create a new cabinet portfolio, to be known as the secretary of manufactures, also promises to be interesting. This report, it is said, will show that while the total agricultural output of the United States up to the last census was a little over $3,600,000,000, the manufactured products for the same time amounted to nearly $11,000,000,000. On this will be based the appeal to the federal government to create the new office.

Fire at Syracuse.

Syracuse, Jan. 26.—Fire last night destroyed the Dillaye block and part of the Butler block on South Salina street, and damaged the Keeler block on Clinton street. The following stores were burned out: W. W. Kimball company, pianos and organs; New York cloak house, Palmer's millinery store. The total loss is about $100,000; mostly insured. The intense cold and a heavy gale of wind made fire fighting the hardest kind of work.

Nevada Bids For Fights.

Carson, Nev., Jan. 26.—A bill has been introduced in the assembly to permit glove contests by payment of a license of $250. The bill was read a second time and referred to the committee on public morals. There is a strong sentiment in favor of passing the bill. Several prominent citizens are interested in the matter, and if it becomes a law, will endeavor to induce Dan Stuart to bring off the Corbett-Fitzsimmons match here in March.

Weyler to Fight Duel.

New York, Jan. 26.—A Key West special to The World this morning says: A duel between General Weyler and Admiral Navarro is expected in Havana. According to rumor, there has been friction between them on account of the navy's poor work. When they met last a personal collision is said to have been averted only by the interference of officers present.

Maher Will Challenge Winner.

Pittsburg, Jan. 26.—John Quinn, Peter Maher's backer, announces that Maher, with his representative, will be at the ringside on the occasion of the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight, to challenge the winner of the championship of the world. Should Sharkey claim the championship, Maher will fight him first, and later on challenge the winner of the big fight.

National Women's Suffrage Convention.

Des Moines, Jan. 26.—The 29th annual convention of the National Woman's Suffrage society opened yesterday with a preliminary business meeting and consultation of officers. The real work of the convention will begin today, when President Susan B. Anthony will deliver her annual address, and the program of addresses will be commenced.

Opposing Convict Labor.

Lynn, Mass., Jan. 26.—The Lynn board of trade, at its meeting last night, passed a resolution condemning the proposed extension of the boot and shoe industry in the state institutions. The board will also send a petition to the senators and representatives of this district, asking them to oppose any measure which calls for an outlay to promote convict labor.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR PRESERVES THE Natural Color of the Hair

Cramps, Colic, Colds, Cronp, Coughs, Toothache,
DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, and all BOWEL COMPLAINTS.
A Sure, Safe, Quick Cure for these troubles is
Pain Killer.
(PERRY DAVIS')
Used Internally and Externally.
Two Sizes, 25c. and 50c. bottles.

HEROD OF HAVANA

The Title Now Given to Gen. Weyler.

DOINGS OF CONGRESS AND THE SPEECHES.

Eulogies of Late Speaker Crisp.

Washington, Jan. 26.—In the senate yesterday Mr. Turpie of Indiana characterized Captain General Weyler as the Herod of Havana, the murderer of women and children and as an "indescribably diminutive reptile." These bitter words were incident to Mr. Turpie's speech of two hours on the Cameron Cuban resolutions. The speech did not develop the criticism of the secretary of state which had been foreshadowed by Mr. Turpie's remarks last week, as the senator confined himself largely to a careful analysis of the constitutional rights of congress, his conclusion being that congress, as representing the people, had primary and paramount authority over recognizing new governments.

Senator Chandler introduced a bill providing that no person shall be tried in the courts of the United States for any acts whatever in aid of the republic of Cuba, or of the body by whatever name known, now engaged in military conflict in the island of Cuba against the government of Spain, which would not be unlawful according to the laws of war.

After 3 o'clock the day was devoted to eulogies on the late ex-Speaker Charles F. Crisp. Early in the day memorials were presented from the presidential electors of Delaware, asking for a congressional investigation of alleged frauds and political irregularities in that state.

After consuming most of the time in disposing of District of Columbia business, the house took up the Indian appropriation bill, and made fair progress with it before the hour for adjournment was reached. The bill carries $7,525,791, $366,294 more than the current law, and $246,265 more than the estimates. Twenty of the 70 pages of the bill were disposed of.

The conference report on the immigration bill was presented and Mr. Danford of Ohio, who has charge of it, gave notice that he would call up the report tomorrow. A bill was passed calling on the war department for an estimate of the cost of a water route from Galveston to Houston.

Report on Interstate Commerce.

Chicago, Jan. 26.—The interstate commerce commission has issued its report on the income account of the railways of the United States for the year ending June 30, 1896. The total gross earnings of the roads of the country were $1,125,646,562. This was at the rate of $6519 per mile, and was a better showing than in 1895 or 1894, although it falls below the record for the two years preceding 1894. Operating expenses were $734,791,515, or $4380 per mile. Of the amount of gross earnings, $323,468,891 was by the passenger department, $772,071,374 by freight, $30,129 other earnings from operation, and the balance unclassified earnings. Dividends paid were $54,953,732, against $51,332,356 the preceding year. The net earnings of the roads were not in any degree confined to any particular section of the country, but were fairly well distributed all over the United States. East-bound shipments last week were 71,497 tons, against 69,130 tons for the preceding week, and 77,734 tons for the corresponding week of last year. The roads carried tonnage as follows: Michigan Central, 9285; Wabash, 4436; Lake Shore, 9225; Fort Wayne, 10,944; Panhandle, 8971; Baltimore and Ohio, 8809; Grand Trunk, 8706; Nickel Plate, 8379; Erie, 4118; Big Four, 2774. Shipments were made up of the following articles in tons: Flour, 5120; grain and mill stuffs, 39,759; cured meats, lard, etc., 10,949; dressed beef, 9291; butter, 1769; hides, 937; lumber, 3112; miscellaneous, 2320.

Well Known to Politicians.

New York, Jan. 26.—John C. Reid, who for the past five years has been in charge of the Republican state headquarters at the Fifth Avenue hotel, died at his home here yesterday. He had been ailing for several days from heart trouble. Mr. Reid was well known as a newspaper man, and at one time he was connected with the mechanical department of the Chicago Times. He was brought from there to this city by the elder Jones, and became managing editor of the New York Times, and remained in that position for many years. Subsequently he joined the staff of the New York Herald and was managing editor of the London edition of that paper during its existence. Since then he has been actively engaged in politics, and devoted his entire time to the business of the Republican state headquarters.

Barnard Celebration at Hartford.

Hartford, Jan. 26.—The 88th birthday of Hon. Henry Barnard was celebrated here yesterday. Literary exercises were held in the afternoon and a banquet in the evening. The participants were men of all creeds and sects, who gathered to do honor to the famous educator.

Desires Deputy Pension Commissionership.

Albany, Jan. 26.—The name of Harvey G. Ellis of Vermont will soon be presented to President McKinley as a candidate for deputy commissioner of pensions. Mr. Ellis for several years has been a special examiner for the pension bureau in northern New York.

Population of Worcester.

Worcester, Mass., Jan. 26.—According to the names in the Worcester directory for 1897, the population is 109,000. There are 46,025 names, as against 44,464 in 1896.

HANNA'S AMBITION.

His First Desire Is to Harmonize Republicans Throughout Country.

Cleveland, Jan. 26.—The intensely cold weather prevailing yesterday had no appreciable effect in diminishing the usual number of callers at the office of National Committeeman M. A. Hanna. Among the more prominent visitors was National Committeeman Payne of Wisconsin, who had an extended conference with Mr. Hanna.

Mr. Payne declared that he came to confer with Mr. Hanna on matters connected with the national committee, and beyond this his coming had no political significance. Mr. Hanna said that he greatly enjoyed the legislative reunion and banquet at Columbus, which he attended Friday evening. He declined to express an opinion as to whether an extra session of the state legislature would be called to elect a senator to take the place of John Sherman; or to discuss his own candidacy for the senate.

"My one ambition," said Mr. Hanna, "is to harmonize the party as far as possible; not only in Ohio, but throughout the country as well, to the end that the incoming administration will find no obstructions in the inauguration of a policy which will bring prosperity to the people."

It is stated on excellent authority that the report given general circulation to the effect that Lyman J. Gage of Chicago had been tendered the treasury portfolio is without foundation. It portfolio was without foundation. It was also stated that the reported tender of the navy portfolio to General Stewart L. Woodford is erroneous. This information comes from a gentleman who stands close to Major McKinley, whose name cannot be stated for various reasons.

Bram' Argument Ended.

Boston, Jan. 26.—After nearly five days of argument and discussion, the motion for a new trial in the case of Thomas M. Bram reached the judges who presided at the former trial shortly before 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The case had been argued at length, the witnesses and the jurymen had been described by one side and the other as saints and sinners, according as the predilections of the counsel on the one side or the other inclined him. The proceedings were wholly devoted to the argument of Bram's senior counsel, Mr. James E. Cotter. His Colleague, Mr. Asa P. French, as well as the district attorney on the part of the government, had previously addressed the court. Mr. Cotter did not affect any eloquence before the court. His argument was a matter-of-fact, straightforward presentation of the issues on which Bram's counsel relied for a second trial. He claimed the evidence presented was not sufficient to convict, and that the methods of jurymen before and during the trial were irregular and vitiated the verdict rendered.

Transportation on Bikes.

Montreal, Jan. 26.—The Grand Trunk R. R. has put in force a new regulation regarding bicycle fares. In future, wheelmen will be charged a tariff for the transportation of their wheels, varying according to distance, in proportion to the rate paid for the passenger's ticket. Where the cost of the ticket exceeds $30 the fee for carrying the wheel will be 1 per cent of the ticket rate. For less distances, the rate will be larger, no fee being less than 25 cents. Bicycles will be carried on passenger trains only when passengers accompany them. The Canadian Pacific railway has adopted the same schedule of bicycle rates as the Grand Trunk railway.

Injunction Against Goods.

New York, Jan. 26.—Justice Beekman in the supreme court, has granted an injunction to David H. McAlpin, restraining the John Goode Cordage and Machine company "from issuing, conveying, transferring or selling any of the bonds referred to in the mortgage made by the defendant to the Kings County Trust company and recorded on Jan. 9 last, given to secure the bonds thereafter to be issued." Justice Beekman also granted an attachment to Peale, Peacock & Kerr, a Pennsylvania corporation, against the John Goode Cordage company for $807.94, for goods sold and delivered.

For Uniform Laws.

Trenton, N. J., Jan. 26.—The New Jersey commissioners appointed to bring about uniformity of legislation in the United States have made their report, to the senate, at the same time submitting a draft of a bill relating to negotiable instruments. The bill had been agreed upon at Saratoga by the commissioners representing 27 states, and is based to a large extent upon the British instruments act of 1882, and which is now enforced in every English-speaking country but our own. It does not change materially the present laws of the state. A similar bill will be introduced in New York, Massachusetts, Connecticut and other states. It was drawn up by John J. Crawford of New York, and was approved by M. D. Chalmers, now in India, who drew up the English measure.

Cutting Ice on Hudson.

Catskill, N. Y., Jan. 26.—The Hudson river ice harvesting began yesterday with favorable prospects. Ice is nearly a foot in thickness and of fine quality. Nearly all the houses are empty, and 4,000,000 tons will be required to fill them, affording much-needed employment to thousands of men and hundreds of horses. The expenses of a full harvest is $600,000 to $700,000, and the distribution of this money is eagerly awaited by the merchants of the river towns.

Attempted to Kill Sheriff.

Bridgeport, Conn., Jan. 26.—Nicholas Gabler, the Fairfield man who shot at his wife last November and afterwards tried to kill Sheriff Wallace M. Bulkley when the latter went to arrest him, has been captured by the police in Newark, N. J., and is held to await the action of the authorities of this state.

For Coughs and Colds
Ask any druggist for this famous remedy. It will stop the worst cold quickly, thereby *preventing pneumonia* or chronic lung or bronchial trouble. Keep it on hand and save sickness.
MASTA'S PULMONIC BALSAM
will not derange the stomach.
Sold by all druggists.

Ivory In Ireland.

London, Jan. 26.—Edward J. Ivory of New York, recently acquitted at the central-criminal court of the charge of conspiring to cause a dynamite explosion, has not yet sailed for New York. He went to Dublin on Saturday, and will sail from Queenstown on Thursday next, with Mr. McIntyre of New York.

Maine Legislature.

Augusta, Me., Jan. 26.—There was a short session of the state legislature yesterday afternoon. No business of great importance was introduced. Mr. Briggs of Auburn introduced three bills in the interests of pure seeds and concentrated feed for cattle.

One Son Sick, the Other Dead.

Chicago, Jan. 26.—The condition of Rev. Thomas G. Hall, pastor of the Fourth Presbyterian church, who has been sick for several weeks, was reported as being slightly improved today, and hope is now entertained for his ultimate recovery. Rev. John Hall of New York, who has been attending his sick son, received a telegram announcing the death of his other son, Dr. Richard Hall, at Santa Barbara, Cal. His death was entirely unexpected, and Rev. Hall departed at once for New York city, as his wife was almost prostrated by the shock.

Lawmakers at Concord.

Concord, N. H., Jan. 26.—The session of the legislature yesterday was the last at which notices of bills could be given without unanimous consent, and, in consequence, 162 were read, which is believed to be the largest number ever presented in a single session.

SAVOY THEATRE
Kendal Weston, Mgr.
Week Beginning Monday, Jan. 25
Special Engagement of
MISS ROSE STAHL
Supported by the entire Savoy company in a magnificent production of
"THE LADY OF LYONS,"
MISS STAHL as "PAULINE."
MR. WESTON as "CLAUDE."
Telephone 608-5. Tickets reserved must positively be called for 15 minutes before time of performance, as they will be held no longer.
Tickets now on sale.
Next Week—Last appearance of MISS STAHL. The first four days in "Led Astray," the last two days as "Camille."

Music Hall
Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, January 25, 26, 27, with Wednesday Matinee.
FRED. RIDER'S
New Night Owls Burlesquers
IN
A PACK OF CARDS
The Jolliest, the Happiest, the Merriest of them all.
Bottled Sunbeams. Unquestionable in merit unique in design, unapproachable in cast of characters, unprecedented in musical chorus, unparalleled in scenic splendor, uncommon in funny comedians, unalterable in beautiful girls, utopian in fanciful ideas, 30 brilliant artists.
Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Jan. 28, 29, 30, and Saturday Matinee.
SAM. T. JACK'S
NEW CREOLES
Beautiful Southern Belles and a Harem of Seductive Eastern Odalisques. First, Foremost and always the Best, the Premiere Attraction. New Scenery, new Costumes, new Faces. Hot Singing, hot Dancing, hot Specialties, hot Show.

GRAND
Literary and Musical Entertainment
At Associate Hall
Wednesday, January, 27th, 1897.
Rev. George C. Lorimer, D. D.
will give an oration, subject:
"ROBERT BURNS, the Poet of the People,"
by special request. Dr. Lorimer will also read selections from the works of Ian Maclaren.

THE EAGLE SHOE STORE
In offering some great plums this month. Read this and think it over. Gent's Box Calf Shoes, square toe, lace or congress, well worth $4.50, our special price, $3.40, also Gent's Box Calf wide Paris toe, lace or congress, regular price $3, our price $2.98, and on our special bargain counter ladies' boots well worth $2, our special price $1, also hundreds of other big bargains. Remember the place,
EAGLE SHOE STORE
215 DUTTON STREET.
J. J. LONERGAN, Prop.

Peter H. Savage
Undertaker and Funeral Director
169 WORTHEN ST.
TELEPHONE CONNECTION 614-4.
Calls, night or day, promptly attended to. Carriages furnished for weddings and christenings.

IF YOU WANT A CASE
Of the Leading Brands of
LAGER, JONES' ALE, Or PORTER
TELEPHONE.
J. H. RILEY,
Bottler, Nos. 96 and 102 Lakeview Avenue
Telephone Number 474-4.

$4.95
FLOUR AT RETAIL
$4.95
At less than wholesale prices. We will sell 500 barrels of Best Haxall Flour at $4.95 per barrel. We mean just what we say. We have got the Flour and are going to sell it.
F. M. BARNEY & CO.
Grocers, Bakers, Meat and Provision Dealers,
415 MIDDLESEX STREET.
28 THORNDIKE STREET.
Tel 144-4. Wamesit Bank Block.

VARIETY STORES use old papers for wrapping purposes. We sell them at this office for 5 cents a hundred.

WANT COLUMN.

WANTED—By a young man who is well educated in English and French languages, would like a position of any kind. Address J. E. P., 33 Kline street.

TO LET—A tenement of five rooms conveniently located. Apply at John McKeown's, rear of 81 Chapel street.

LOST—In this city, a coupon receipt book belonging to the Singer Mfg. Co. The finder will be rewarded by leaving the same at 187 Middlesex street.

LADIES TO WRITE for us at home; No canvassing. Reply, enclosing stamp, Silver Fern Co., Aurora, Indiana.

TO LET—Sunny five room tenement on Moody street. Enquire at 821 Merrimack street.

TO LET—Very pleasant and sunny rooms newly furnished at 401 Bridge street.

GOOD INVESTMENT—500 shares stock in active company for sale at $4 per share, must be sold to settle estate. Address post office box 1804, Boston.

FOR SALE—In Centralville, five minutes walk from mills, good cottage house of seven rooms, in good repair. If you are looking for a home this will suit you. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

FOR SALE—On Willier street, brewery, two tenement house. This is a bargain. Price $2000. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

WANTED—Your child to have Rosy Cheeks, Pure Blood, to read well. Get a box of the Athan Worm and Scrofula Tablets at all druggists. Price 25c., prepaid, by the Lowell Chemistry Co.

FOR SALE—On Middlesex street, lot of land of 7300 feet, corner of streets. Price 10 cents per foot. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

LADIES—Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best. Safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c., stamps, for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

DR. OATON'S TANSY PILLS for ladies, never fail. Get the genuine and avoid disappointment. $1, all druggists or direct. DR. R. P. OATON, Boston, Mass.

FOR SALE—In Pawtucketville, good 7 room cottage house, large lot of land near new bridge. Call and look over it at once. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

ALL LADIES having a few hours leisure each day should write me at once, regarding pleasant home work which easily pays $15 weekly. This is no deception and will certainly pay you to investigate. Reply with stamped envelop. Mrs. S. A. Stebbins, Lawrence, Mich.

WANTED—500 young and old men to bring their old clothes to Fred P. Lew's Dye house and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 471 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

FOR SALE—On Nashua road a good farm of 20 acres, lots of fruit, good two tenement house, good barn. This is a good chance if you want to get you a home. Price $2000. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

LADIES, my monthly regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. I have never had a single failure; no other doctor can say this. Longest cases relieved in 2 to 6 days without fail; no pain, no danger, no interference with work; price $2; by mail or at office; consultation free; all letters truthfully answered. DR. TOLMAN, 110 Tremont street, Boston.

Toys
All Kinds.
Skates
5000 Pairs
Sleds
25c. and Up
BARTLETT & DOW
216 CENTRAL STREET.

COLD WEATHER COMFORTS
We're going to need them very soon if what the weather prophets say is true. Real Skin Gloves, Heavy Weight Underwear, new and handsome designs in Silk Mufflers, and Heavy Caps and Gloves are dividing attention with our superb line of gentlemen's furnishings at this time.
ARTHUR J. CUMMISKEY,
69 Merrimack Street.

CHARLES H. COSGROVE, Room 16, Hildreth Building. Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

J. M. KINGSBURY, No. 373 Bridge Street. Meats and Provisions. (Successor to Strout & Kingsbury.)

PHILIP J. FARLEY, Room 11, Barristers' Hall. Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

JOSEPH W. LEACH, Room 12, Shedd's Block. Pianist and Teacher of Singing.

JOHN W. McEVOY, 187 Central St., Opp. American House. Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

COURTNEY & COURTNEY, Masur Block. Counsellors-at-Law. William F. Courtney. Henry S. Courtney.

SMOKE OLD 64 CIGAR
H. HOOT, Manufacturer.

LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM, 182 Merrimack Street, Photographers. Crayons, Pastels and Water Colors a specialty. All work guaranteed.

W. A. LEW, 49 John Street. Clothing Cleansed, Dyed and Pressed. Orders received for cleaning, dying and pressing, promptly and neatly executed.

Did you know that BERTRAND, THE TAILOR, 24 Middle Street, Makes clothing for the best dressed people in town? Try him with an order for a Fall Suit or Overcoat.

PETER J. BRADY, GROCER, 448 Corham Street. Choice Teas, Coffees and Spices. Try our "BIG TWELVE" brand of flour, the best in the city.

THE WEATHER.

Sun rises—7:03; sets, 4:51.
Length of day—9h. 48m.
Moon rises—1:14 a. m.
Full sea—5 a. m., 5:30 p. m.
Forecast for New England: Generally fair; probably local snows in extreme northern portion; continued cold and brisk to high westerly winds.

LOCAL NEWS.

Always wins, Old Hundred.

T. C. Lee, fire insurance. Donovan bl'd.

It is stated that there are many vacant tenements throughout the city.

A reissue of pension has been awarded Lucretia B. Manuel, of this city.

There are 2000 pupils attending St. Joseph's college and parochial schools.

Peter H. Donohoe is presenting his friends with Lamb club paper weights.

Elegant rubber tired hacks at O'Donnell's, Jefferson street. Telephone 439-9.

The cold weather interfered somewhat with the evening school attendance last night.

Nearly everyone who ventured out yesterday and last night traveled on the electric cars.

It was cold enough yesterday to keep people indoors. The merchants catch it in this kind of weather.

The entries for the pool tournament to be opened in the Bijou theatre tomorrow night include all the local players of prominence.

Dress suits, silk lined, to order, $35, reduced from $50. Dress suits to let. Cavanaugh & Dissault, tailors. Telephone 256-5.

The cold weather has occasioned a great demand for aid on the pauper department and the several charitable organizations.

The annual report of the school committee for 1896 is now in the hands of the printer and will be ready for distribution in about one week.

The committee on teachers of the school board will not meet till Thursday night to pass on the rank required for admission to the training school.

The Jewish congregation has outgrown its accommodations in the present synagogue. It is said there are about 400 worshippers of that faith in this city.

Dr. Stephenson has examined the eyes of 437 school children and reports some very bad cases. One child he says could not read a large letter at a distance of four feet.

If Patten, the florist was living in New York he would catch a big order at the Bradley-Martin party judging from the swell party work he is doing in this city. He is an artist in the floral business and when you want the correct thing in the floral designs on house decorating call on Patten, Shedd's block, 263 Central street, or telephone.

Scotland's Poet.

Dr. Lorimer of Boston is to be the orator at the Burns celebration by the Caledonian club at Associate hall Wednesday evening.

The doctor is thoroughly at home on the subject. He is also to read selections from Ian Maclaren's works. Mrs. J. W. Sherburne, Mrs. W. H. Pepin and the Amphion quartet will give some of the gems of Scottish song, both in concerted and solo numbers.

MUNICIPAL OWNERSHIP.

Benjamin Staveley Talks on Gas and Electric Light Plants.

Editor of the Sun: I am glad to see that the people of Lowell are to have a meeting in Jackson hall, Wednesday night, to see if the city shall purchase or construct electric and gas light plants. It is a move in the right direction and I hope that Jackson hall will be crowded *for it is time that the people get a move* on. There has been a lot of talk about economy and reducing the taxes but when we are told that since the city of Glasgow took hold of gas and electric lighting, it has no use for tax assessors or tax collector, and that these two plants with the street car plant have made the city free from taxes. What a city Lowell will be if the people can follow in the same footsteps; and there is nothing to prevent them from doing so, if they will only put aside all prejudice and regardless of party or nationality pull together for the good of the city. Industries will flock to our city, rents and all necessaries that help to make home happy will be cheapened. They may call it socialism, but as Hon. George Fred Williams said in Faneuil hall several weeks ago, "It is good socialism where there is a deep feeling among the masses that there is something wrong." They see on the one side millions upon millions of wealth and on the other the people who have helped to accumulate it, are turned into the streets to starve.

We hear of storehouses filled with provisions and clothing and thousands starving and half naked. The mill agents talk of running on half time and there are thousands willing to work for the above necessaries, but there is something between the two that prevents them. We see banks breaking, business failures, murders, robberies, suicides, prisons crowded, and all this in a country of churches and schools, and where the people are called free. But the people are beginning to see where the trouble is. It does not rest with them, for they are as willing to work for honest wages as they ever were. But when we are told by the millionaires that if they cannot have things their own way and carry on the same robbery; that if fifty of them put their heads together that they can stop every wheel in the country in twenty-four hours. We think their heads have been too much together and we say that instead of this being a government of trusts and monopolies, it shall be a government, for, of and by the people.

We need not look as far as Glasgow, for Gov. Pingree tells us that since the city of Detroit took hold of the city monopolies, they are saving about $80,000 a year on the electric light plant, and that they ride on electric cars a distance of 16 miles for three cents. I resided in a city where the people controlled the above plants and I have delivered hundreds of chaldrons of coke for 75c. per ton. It costs about seven times as much here, and my gas costs four times as much.

In a few years we shall look back and think what big fools we have been to let the monopolists "milk us," as Gov. Pingree told them in Boston.

I remain, yours truly,
BENJAMIN STAVELEY,
Lee Avenue.

Les Miserables bowling alleys and billiard hall now open. East Merrimack street.

Sugar. Sugar. Sugar.
22 pounds of the best granulated sugar for $1. Delivered free to our tea and coffee customers. Dickson Bros., the big tea dealers, 63 Merrimack Street.

Dr. Coburn DENTIST 81 MERK ST.

BOXING GOSSIP.

Geo. V. Tuohey, formerly of the Police News and Boston Post and one of the best informed sporting writers in the country, has taken the management of the old *Sporting Review, once of* wide repute and intends to conduct a first-class sporting journal. He is located in the Globe building, Boston.

Mr. Tuohey it was who brought out Luke Burke, placing him before the public in a manner which has proved greatly to his advantage. He also managed Martin Flaherty very successfully for a time. In a letter to the Sun, Mr. Tuohey says in relation to the coming Flaherty-Erne match: "Let them fight on neutral grounds and with a fair referee and it is a toss of the hat which will win, but to get a decisive winner it will be a long fight. Erne can fight, there is no doubt about that, but so can Martin and there you are. Erne has more snap and vim to his work, but snap and vim wear one out in a long contest and long contests are Martin's long suites. If the contest were a finish one I would have no hesitation in picking *my old pet, Martin, as the winner*, but in a limited round go it is a question if Martin will not be disqualified if the referee is anything but the squarest kind of a man. To fight Erne in his own town and where he is a decidedly popular townsman might make a difference."

FATAL ACCIDENT.

To a Young Couple Who Were Engaged to be Married.

Shamokin, Pa., Jan. 26.—While Frederick Graeber and Miss Maud Gothle were driving along the road near this place, the earth caved in and they were precipitated into an abandoned mine. The young lady jumped from the carriage, but was unable to reach solid ground. She fell into the opening and was buried beneath the earth. Mr. Graeber remained in the carriage and sustained a compound fracture of one leg. Both horses were crushed to death. The accident occurred about 6 o'clock Sunday night, and the searching parties were unable to locate the couple until 4 o'clock yesterday morning. Miss Gothle's body was horribly bruised and death must have been instantaneous. Both of Mr. Graeber's feet were frozen, and he was almost dead from exposure. It is feared that he cannot recover. The cave-in is 30 feet deep. The couple were engaged to be married.

MELROSE HIGH SCHOOL

Burned Down Last Evening—The Loss is $25,000.

Melrose, Mass., Jan. 26.—The Melrose high school, a large wooden buildin was burned last evening, with a total loss to the town of $25,000. Fortunately no one was in the building. The local department was unable to cope with the flames, and help was summoned from Malden. The severe cold hampered the firemen. The town will have to find other quarters for 200 pupils. The building was fully insured. It is thought the fire started from an overheated chimney.

Massachusetts Republican Clubs.

Boston, Jan. 26.—The Massachusetts Republican club held its annual meeting and banquet here last night. The following officers were elected: President, William D. Sohier of Beverly; secretary, Elihu B. Hayes of Lynn; treasurer, A. Lithgow Devens of Hamilton; vice presidents (one from each congressional district, in order), Dana Malone of Greenfield, Albert D. Nason of Springfield, Josiah M. Lasell of Whitinsville, James Phillips, Jr., of Fitchburg, Edward D. Hayden of Woburn, George von L. Meyer of Hamilton, Stephen O'Meara of Boston, John Read of Cambridge, Orlando E. Lewis of Winthrop, Edward Everett Hale of Boston, George A. Draper of Hopedale, William H. Bent of Taunton, Leontine Lincoln of Fall River.

Hub Horse Show.

Boston, Jan. 26.—The directors of the coming horse show have announced their selection of judges for the various classes. The men named are not only widely known, but have substantial reputations for judgment at exhibitions. Among them are Horace Theobald, James T. Hyde, Charles Kerner, David Benner, Albert Hall, F. T. Underhill, Frederick Bronson, Frank S. Sturgis, Winthrop Rutherford, all of New York; Dr. Andrew T. Smith of Toronto, James F. Ormond, F. R. Sears and W. H. Goodwin of Boston, H. K. Bloodgood of New Marlboro, C. C. Quintin, Newton, N. J.; F. C. Choate, Readville; R. M. Appleton, Ipswich; L. D. Rumsey, Buffalo and Captain J. W. Martin, U. S. A., Genesse, N. Y.

Historical Inn Changes Hands.

Boston, Jan. 26.—Edw. R. Lennon of Malden has secured possession of the Wayside inn at Sudbury, which was made famous by Henry W. Longfellow. Early in 1893, the property passed into the possession of Homer Rogers and S. Herbert Howe, formerly mayor of the city of Marlboro. Large sums were expended upon the place by the new owners to eep it in thorough repair. Formerly the place was known as Howe's tavern, and it was owned by several generations of the family by that name. It was built about the beginning of the 18th century. The old tavern will be preserved and will contain many articles of historic value.

Tuberculosis In New Hampshire.

Concord, N. H, Jan. 26.—The report of the state cattle commissioners, covering a period of two years, which is just made public, is devoted mainly to the prevalence of tuberculosis. In the time covered by the report, 517 herds of cattle have been inspected and 662 animals killed, of which 559 were found, on post mortem examination, to have been infected with tuberculosis. Eight cases of glanders in horses were detected, and the animals killed. The board's expenses have been $15,922.91. The board recommends a more thorough observance of the present regulations.

Reception to Bishop Nealey and Wife.

Portland, Me., Jan. 26.—Last evening a reception was tendered Bishop and Mrs. Nealey, which was attended by hundreds of citizens. The affair was one of the most brilliant and notable events in the history of the Episcopal church of Maine, and clergymen and prominent laymen were present from all over the state. Telegrams of congratulation poured in during the day from all quarters.

Where Famous Men Are Buried.

Hartford, Jan. 26.—The Ruth Wyllys chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution has presented a resolution to the common council, which contemplates the improvement and proper preservation of Hartford's ancient and historic burying ground, in the rear of the Center church, Main street, wherein are buried some of the most famous persons in Connecticut's early history. Favorable action is anticipated.

No Comparison.

No printing establishment in this city compares with The Sun Job Print in its mechanical equipment and the excellence of its work. Did you ever try it?

That Spot...

First size of a dime; next size of a dollar; then big as the palm of your hand. The end: entire baldness. Stop it.

Ayer's Hair Vigor
Makes Hair Grow

THE QUEEN OF HAWAII

CALLS UPON CLEVELAND AT WASHINGTON, D. C.

To Lay Her Grievance Before Him—What She Desires in Regard to Her Throne.

Washington, Jan. 26.—President Cleveland received a visit yesterday from ex-Queen Liliuokalani at the White House. The reception was arranged for early in the day. Mr. Palmer, accompanied by Joseph Heleluhe, the secretary and agent of her majesty, Liliuokalani, as his card states, called to see Private Secretary Thurber, and presented a note from the ex-queen, directed to the president, requesting the privilege of making an unofficial and informal visit. The president assented, and named 3 o'clock as the most convenient hour. Accordingly, at the hour named, a carriage drove up to the White House, and from it alighted the ex-queen, Mr. Palmer, Joseph Heleluhe and Miss Kia Naholena, the latter being lady compalon to Her Majesty Liliuokalani. The ex-queen was assisted from her carriage to the doorway by Mr. Palmer, but at this point her attendants dropped in the rear, and she led the way alone across the lobby and through the doors, which were thrown open by ushers, to the blue room, where the president soon joined her. The president greeted the ex-queen in the most kindly fashion, expressng pleasure at her call, and stating that he should have felt disappointed had she refrained from making him a visit while she was in Washington. He caused her to be seated, and, while the others stood in the background, he and Liliuokalani chatted with evident interest on both sides for 20 minutes. The ex-queen asked for Mrs. Cleveland, and the president responded that she would be glad to see his visitor, but a messenger sent to Mrs. Cleveland to summon her to the blue room returned with the news that Mrs. Cleveland had gone out walking.

EX-QUEEN LILIUOKALANI.

In all of the talk there was no reference to politics, save a brief expression of thanks by Liliuokalani, in behalf of the Hawaiian race, for his action in withdrawing the annexation treaty, which was pending before the senate when the president assumed his office four years ago. Not one word was said about "restoration," either past, present or future. The ex-queen referred in feeling terms to the death of Mr. Willis, and the president responded by a eulogy upon the late minister. With a little further talk of this kind, the interview terminated, and Liliuokalani returned to her hotel with her attendants and Mr. Palmer, greatly pleased at her reception.

ANTI TRUST BILLS.

No Less Than Six Introduced in the Legislature.

Boston, Jan. 26.—No less than six anti-trust bills were introduced into the legislature yesterday, and with the one filed on Friday, makes it evident that the consideration of legislation against trusts will occupy a large share of attention at the state house this winter. The bills are all nearly of the same character, differing only in minor provisions, except in Senator Gallivan's bill, which exempts agricultural products and live stock while in the possession of the producers or raisers. The question of convict labor came up in the house on the appropriation of $15,000 for prison labor as well as through numerous petitions from shoe manufacturers. The appropriation bill was referred to the committee on manufactures. A bill for the establishment of a board of probate examiners was introduced in the senate. The bill provides that the board shall make a yearly examination of personal securities in all trust estates.

REDMOND DENOUNCED

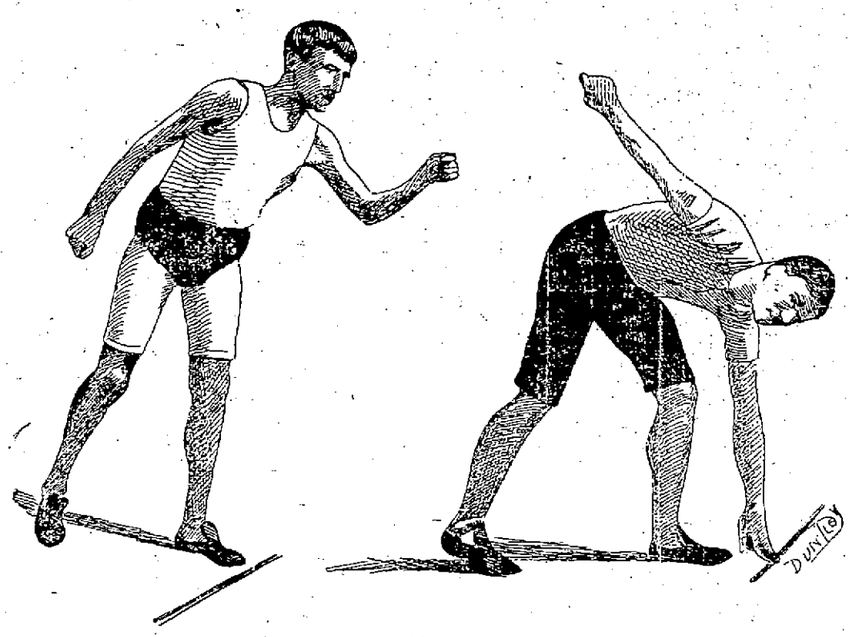
For Lecturing on Sunday Evening in Baltimore, Md.

Baltimore, Jan. 26.—John E. Redmond, the Irish member of parliament, lectured at Ford's opera house here Sunday night, under the auspices of the United Irish societies. The ministerial union of Baltimore, which includes in its membership all the Protestant denominations of the city, at a meeting yesterday unanimously adopted a resolution calling upon the police to arrest and punish Redmond and all who were concerned in the lecture, which, it claimed, was held in violation of the laws of Maryland, which prohibit the holding of entertainments of a non-religious character on Sunday.

Much in Little

Is especially true of Hood's Pills, for no medicine ever contained so great curative power in so small space. They are a whole medicine chest, always ready, always efficient, always satisfactory; prevent a cold or fever, cure all liver ills, sick headache, jaundice, constipation, etc. 25c. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills



TOM KELLY AND BILLY LUBY, LOWELL'S TWO [illegible]ST RUNNERS.

AMONG THE SWIFT RUNNERS

GOSSIP OF THE CINDER PATH DEVOTEES.

Tom Kelly and Billy Luby Each Champion of Lowell in His Class—Probable Match Between Them.

Since the manly art of self-defence has received a blow upon which it was defenceless it is probable that other branches of sport will be revived in this state and already some of the larger athletic clubs of the state are preparing for big meets both indoor and outdoor where running, jumping and the like are to be in evidence.

Time was when running and jumping were enjoyed by thousands in this city and many first class athletes flourished while much money was won and lost on the results. Two of the best known of Lowell athletes are those given below Tom Kelly, the mile runner, and Billy Luby, the 100 yards sprinter. For the past season efforts have been made to get the pair together in a race notwithstanding the different distances which they travel as racers and from what is talked among the lovers of the sport it is probable that they will come together in a half mile race as soon as the weather is favorable for cinder path running.

Tom Kelly is an ex-amateur and a former member of the L. C. A. A. He has a record as long as your arm and numerous trophies of his fleetness of foot. Kelly runs any distance from a half mile to five and is considered a very fast man. He has defeated all the mile runners in this city was with Billy Salmon, also of this city, for a mile winning easily. Kelly can run a short distance race though he has never made a practice of it.

Billy Luby, the champion 100 yards runner of Lowell, is a professional, belonging to the Saugus club and is known all over New England as a 10 1-4 second man, having been in handicaps and taken prizes against "Piper" Donovan, Johnson Mack and other noted professionals. Luby generally gets some end of the prize when he runs and often gets first money. All professional handicaps putting him down near the scratch whenever he enters. His last Lowell race was with Andy Rourke of the Emerald base ball team whom he beat out in 100 yards.

This year's sporting almanacs in their pedestrian records honor Lowell with a *mention as the scene of a great record* if they note the time, 11 seconds made of 100 yards by B. J. Wefers at the Fair Grounds on Aug. 29, 1896.

BASE BALL.

The meeting of the Urban and Suburban league will be held at this office on Thursday evening of this week as Wednesday will be inconvenient to many of the managers. The first business will be the election of officers after which committees will be appointed to revise the constitution and other necessary preliminary work will be attended to and new clubs probably admitted.

Nothing new has been heard of McDermott and his new England team and it is supposed he has abandoned the idea of fighting the local league which is bound to pay.

There is said to be some opposition to the new team known as the Athletics composed of South End players and that should the team be allowed in the league it would have the South Ends in a bad box while it is the belief of base ball men that Manager Kane of the South Ends has the prior claim upon these men owing to the fact that he has had them on his team for the past three or four years and they have not yet signified their intention of leaving him. It is said that several of them are not particular about which team they play in but are working both ends to be sure of getting into the league.

It is rumored on good authority that Billy Conners, the crack pitcher of the Emeralds will wear an Eastern league uniform this summer as it is said Denny Long has recommended him highly. Conners is strong enough for the Eastern league and is steady and reliable. The Emeralds will have hard work finding his equal if he leaves them, yet they will be pleased to see him in a bigger league at a good salary. In the event of Connors leaving, the Emeralds will probably sign Scott one of the most promising pitchers in this city.

It is said that Hoyle of the Unions will play in the New England league, this season.

SEVERAL THOUSAND IDLE.

Young Men Who Are Unable to Find Work.

It is hard when you are ready and willing to work and can't find employment to be classed as a "bum," said a big employer of labor yesterday.

"I have never had so many applications for work, as I am receiving now. It is surprising how many young men, are walking the streets because they can find no one who desires their services. The other day I had one call on me and beg for one day's work. I believe there are several thousand idle young men in the city," he said.

First class job printing at this office.

CRISP GOSSIP.

The following bit of remarkable English belongs to a Lawrence newspaper:

"Matthews grappled with the watchman and during the scuffle dropped dead. The law, however, not satisfied with this, had Matthews arrested, but no indictment was found against him by the grand jury, and he was discharged by Judge Stone.

This is the night when the happy Hogan beavenward holds his hands.

The question is now being asked, "Can a schoolboy with no knowledge of the mill whatever, learn a mill trade by a course in the Textile school?"

The following interesting love letter was picked up on the street recently and it is printed as a tip to sentimental lovers in the art of writing a letter in such a manner that the recipient will throw it away, for lost love letters are better far than existing ones, in times of war and breach of promise cases. The lay of lovesick youth runneth thus:

"Your silence has become unbearable to me, and I feel that I cannot wait any longer for you to answer my last letter. I wrote you some time ago and I begged you for a reply if ever so brief. As yet you have answered me not. I have told you many times of the love I hold for you and my earnest desire was to win yours."

But what's the use of repeating that which was intended only for one pair of fair but unappreciative ears. The owner of the epistle may have it along with my sympathy by proving property.

That esteemed citizen, Daniel Gage, is holding forth on the ice these days and they do say he can cut more of it than Tommy Hoyle, though of a different kind.

"Irish opera" is often mentioned in jest, but it is now a reality and one of the finest operas that has been produced in recent years is "Brian Boru," which is now playing in Boston."

Mr. and Mrs. Clement Gagnon of Saint Valentin, P. Q., are visiting L. V. Poulin of Pawtuckerville.

Mr. and Mrs. William P. Sweeney and Miss Emma Burke of Claremont, N. H., who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Martin Courtney of Ames street, returned home yesterday.

Mr. Patrick O'Hearn has erected a fine home in Pawtuckerville and will take up his residence there.

Mayor Houghton of North Adams has followed in the footsteps of our license commissioners. Hereafter the posters of shows intending to show there must be submitted to him for approval before they can be posted.

There are a few men cutting ice today. The Lowell Ice company started to harvest its annual crop yesterday.

Down in Boston the young ladies have a habit of carrying pet kittens in their hand-bags.

OUR EVENING SCHOOLS

Lawrence Officials Say They are the Best in the State.

J. C. Crombie, chairman of the evening school committee of Lawrence, called on Truant Commissioner Williams at city hall yesterday afternoon and made inquiries into the evening school system here.

Mr. Crombie said that our evening schools have the reputation of being the best in the state, and the Lawrence committee wants to visit the Lowell schools to receive suggestions to improve the evening schools in Lawrence.

The visit will probably be made some evening next week.

TIME WASTED

And Delay Occasioned in the Purchase of Supplies.

Several departments complain of the delay in receiving supplies after requisition is made on the purchasing agent.

This delay occasions inconvenience at times, which might be easily overcome were the heads of departments allowed some leeway in making purchases. It is no fault of Mr. Barnard that there is this *delay*. He is undoubtedly hampered and retarded in his work by being obliged to give his time and attention to the purchase of small supplies of little value.

Christian Endeavor.

The Lowell Christian Endeavor union held its annual meeting in the Y. M. C. A. rooms last evening. The following officers were elected: President, Rev. Bowley Green; vice President, Henry W. Hyde; corresponding secretary, Miss Clara Allen; recording secretary, Miss Mary Popplewell; treasurer, J. A. Osgood.

Beecham's pills for constipation 10¢ and 25¢. Get the book at your druggist's and go by it.

Annual sales more than 6,000,000 boxes.

A PRETTY WEDDING.

Well Known Labor Man Weds a Beautiful Young Lady.

An event looked forward to with much pleasant anticipation was the marriage of Mr. Geo. O'Brien, the popular labor union man and political leader of the Ward three democracy, to Miss Carrie Grant, a prominent young lady of St. Patrick's parish.

The ceremony was performed by Rev. Fr. Leonard last night at St. Patrick's parochial residence on Suffolk street.

Mr. Thos. O'Brien, a brother of the groom, acted as best man and the bride was attended by her sister, Miss Belle Grant, Miss Grace Gormley, a cousin of the bride, was maid of honor.

The bride was attired in a charming gown of cream silk with chiffon trimming and carried a bouquet of lilies of the valley, the bridal veil being held in place by a wreath of roses. The bridesmaid was gowned in white silk with roses. The maid of honor wore blue silk.

After the ceremony the happy couple retired to the home of the bride, 34 Willie street, where a large number of friends and relatives had gathered to tender the congratulations and best wishes.

A reception was held from 5 until 9 o'clock, Page & Co., doing the catering. The gifts were numerous and costly, one of them being an upright piano, a gift of the O'Brien family, and a silver service and sideboard, a gift of the Grant family.

The bride was assisted in receiving by her sister, Miss Kittie Grant, and Mrs. Peter Sheehan, her cousin.

The ushers were: Messrs Joseph Gormley, John Dwyer, Ed. O'Brien and P. Hayes.

At 9.15 the newly married pair started for the northern depot amidst a shower of rice and old shoes, where they took the train for Boston, thence to New York, Philadelphia and Washington. On their return they will reside at No. 16 Walnut street.

On leaving the house the bride threw her bouquet over her head and it was caught by Miss Etta Gormley, her cousin.

LOST CHILD.

Came Here on the Cars From Salem and Was Sent Home.

Officer Atkinson found a lost child wandering on Dutton street, last evening. She gave her name as Annie Dumas, aged 7 years, and said that she and another little girl had come here from Salem in the cars. When they reached here they became separated. The officer took her to the Day Nursery.

From Salem it was ascertained that the little girl had run away from there and her parents had been searching the city and neighboring places for her. She was sent to Salem today.

Protection lodge American Benefit society will visit the lodges in Lawrence tonight.

DELICIOUS DESSERTS can be made from NONE SUCH Mince Meat.
Plum Pudding, Mince Pie, Fruit Cake.
Recipe on every package. Your grocer sells it.
MERRELL-SOULE CO., Syracuse, N.Y.

CHALIFOUX'S
CLEAN SWEEP
IN
SHOES

73c. For Ladies' Kid and Button Polish Boots cut sizes, worth $2.50, $3 and $4.
69c. For Ladies' Colored Satin Slippers, marked down from $3, $2.50 and $3.
38c. For Ladies' Kid Sandals, marked down from 75c.
50c. For Ladies' Kid Opera Slippers, marked down from $1.75 and $2.
$1.49 For Ladies' Kid Button and Polish Boots marked down from $2.
$2.50 For Ladies' Box Calf Polish Boots, marked down from $3.
75c. For Ladies' Storm Rubbers.
19c. For Ladies' Rubbers.
18c. For Misses' Rubbers.
15c. For Children's Rubbers.
38c. For Children's Kid Button Shoes, sizes 5 to 8.
25c. For Children's Kid Button Shoes, sizes 2 to 6.
33c. For Men's Rubbers, former price, 50c.
73c. For Men's Arctics, worth $1.
95c. For Men's Lace and Congress Shoes, heavy and light, all widths, narrow and wide toes.
Quality for quality you cannot match same goods in any other store in the city for much more money.

J. L. CHALIFOUX,
49 to 59 Central Street.

A GOOD COLLECTOR WANTED
AT
DONOVAN & MANSUR'S
Room 1, Swan Building, 26 Central street, Lowell, Mass. Telephone 406-4.

$20 A very good Square Piano for beginners. Call now. GEORGE A. GARDNER, 20 Prescott St.

ROYAL
The absolutely pure
BAKING POWDER
ROYAL—the most celebrated of all the baking powders in the world—celebrated for its great leavening strength and purity. It makes your cakes, biscuit, bread, etc., healthful, it assures you against alum and all forms of adulteration that go with the cheap brands.
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

LETTER CARRIERS

Elect Officers and Enjoy a Musical Entertainment.

Branch 25 of the Letter Carrier's Association met last evening in Pilgrim hall and installed its newly elected officers. Ex-President John F. Roane officiated and those installed were: president, Joseph J. Ward; vice president, George S. Howard; financial secretary, James Healey; recording secretary, Charles A. Carey; treasurer, Edwin A. Howe; sergeant at arms, John F. Lynch.

An excellent entertainment followed the conclusion of the installing ceremonies. It included songs by Patrick McHugh, Charles A. Carey, Peter Cluin, John McMann. Mr. Hamilton, John Maguire, John F. Roane and James Mulligan; trio selections by James Toomey, Peter Cluin and John Hamilton; quartette selections by Messrs. McMann, Toomey, Hamilton and Murphy; David P. Martin, David McHugh, John F. Roane and George Andrews, and the B. T. I. quartette; piano selections by Richard Taylor and Dr. Joseph Mulcahy and readings by Denis Donohue.

St. Peter's Church.

A solemn high mass of requiem will be sung at St. Peters church tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock for the repose of the soul of Mrs. Peter Watson it being the first anniversary of her death.

For pin worms, eczema, hives—in fact any of the various torturing, itchy diseases of the skin—Doan's Ointment is an instant and positive remedy. Get it from your dealer.

A. G. POLLARD & CO.
MERRIMACK, PALMER AND MIDDLE STREETS.

4 Good Bargains in
BLEACHED COTTONS

6 cases of Bleached "Dwight Anchor," 4-4 wide, one of the best grades of cotton in the market, worth 9c. at regular price. Remnants 1 1-2 to 6 yards, 5¾c.

4 cases "W. S." 4-4 whole pieces of a very fine and firm cotton, equal in quality to Langdon "G. B.," but with a small cut on selvage, worth regularly 10c. a yard, price 6½c. a yd.

2 cases "Dwight Anchor" 42 and 45 inch Pillow Casing in remnants from 1 to 6 yards, suitable for pillow cases an excellent quality of cotton, worth 12 1-2c. and 15c. a yard, price 8c. a yd.

5 cases of seamless 9-4 Sheeting, whole pieces of a fair quality of cotton and all perfect—only it is not quite full measure—75 inches is the width and will make very nice sheets worth about 20c. a yd., at only 11¾c. yd.

We always sell lots of Cottons at this time of the year, but these are the best values we ever gave.

BARGAIN DEPARTMENT

A. G. Pollard & Co.